THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

AN INTERNATIONAL DAILY NEWSPAPER

COPYRIGHT 1932 BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

BOSTON, MONDAY, APRIL 4, 1932—VOL. XXIV, NO. 109

**ATLANTIC EDITION—FIVE CENTS A COPY

The MARCH of the NATIONS

by RUFUS STEELE

Youth Bids Geneva Disarm

Berlin Strikes Brown Shirts

Manchu State Is Hard Fought

Moscow Tries Conspirators

Mussolini Uses Four Tongues

GENEVA gets a rousing reminder that new blood is inexpressibly weary of old weapons. Young men representing European countries and the United States arrive in the city in a literal disarmament crusade. President Arthur Henderson of the Disarmament Conference gives the crusaders cordial reception as they voice specific pleas from youth the world over. Abolish at once aggressive weapons of war and conscription, they beg. Complete disarmament must come gradually, but, the spokesmen argue, steps can be taken to bring about 50 per cent reduction within five years. Through the fiery idealism voiced by the young delegates the statesmen get a clear impression—tomorrow's world leaders do not need yesterday's brutal methods to make the world move along.

¶ Germany sees the final week's campaign for the run-off election begin with closing by the police of the Berlin headquarters of the Hitler storm troops. The rooms are declared to be used for plotting and as a refuge for those who attacked supporters of the Republican Government. This is the most drastic action yet taken against the Fascists. President von Hindenburg's followers hope to wipe out the prestige of Hitlerism with something that might be more effective even than storm troops—with storms of ballots.

¶ Manchuria sees increasing revolt against the state of Manchukuo and President Henry Pu Yi. Insurgents again besiege Nungan, 35 miles north of Changchun, the capital. All over Kirin Province insurgents are fighting Japanese troops, many hastily called from Korea. Soviet Russia shows interest, with fighting going on within 100 miles of Vladivostok, where Moscow is said to have 30,000 troops. Washington learns that Tokyo is rushing more troops to Manchuria and that it may need 100,000—three times the present number on duty there. With Manchuria and Shanghai still in the balances, one thing becomes apparent—Japanese domination in Chinese territory is a far costlier goal than Tokyo could have foreseen.

¶ Moscow tries two youths for attempting to slay the counselor of the German Embassy. One youth had been excluded from the university and the trades union. The other's father had been deprived of his farm by the state. The attack, it is charged, was intended to embroil the Soviet Union with Germany and Poland. Diplomats crowd the court hearing. Communist prosecutors before a Communist judge ask the heaviest punishment for conspirators who seek to embroil governments by acts of desperation—Communist methods of operation in other countries, of course, never having set the two young men an example.

¶ Bulgaria witnesses expression of strong sentiments with relation to its neighbor countries. Press and citizens have been so outspoken in charging Yugoslavian officials with plots against Macedonian leaders that Yugoslavia makes formal protest. On the other hand, a large delegation of Roumanian politicians and journalists is cordially welcomed in Sofia. Roumania and Bulgaria are willing to forget old difficulties on the theory that by pulling together they can sooner emerge out of new ones.

¶ Rome hears Premier Benito Mussolini cloth his customary eloquence in four languages. He employes Italian, German, French, and English in inaugurating an institute of German on Janiculum Hill, where the Villa Sciarra has been donated to the city for this purpose by Mrs. Henrietta Tower Wurts, an American. The Premier was commemorating Johann Wolfgang von Goethe, who said, for one thing, "Space and time are only forms of what we think." Signor Mussolini appeared to realize that even four languages could not do full justice to the philosopher-poet-dramatist who outstripped nearly all other men in his flights above the limits of national tongues—in his expression of great truths in the universal language of the aspiring human heart.

¶ The American people prepare to draw summer dividends from an investment that promises bigger returns than ever—the national parks. The Government maintains, protects, and throws open to all 22 areas containing more scenic grandeur and more wholesome opportunities for recreation and enjoyment than may be found in any other country in the world. Americans are an outdoor people thriving through their regular and extraordinary contacts with the high spots of a glorious outdoors. More than 3,000,000 persons now start their plans for the annual pilgrimage to the parks—to let the outer scene rejuvenate and re-express the inner man.

Disarmament Aided By Youth's Crusade

By Cable from Monitor Bureau

Geneva, April 4

YOUTH'S fiery idealism, represented in the "Disarmament Crusade" which for the last two months has been steadily advancing across the country toward Geneva, today confronted Mr. Arthur Henderson with demands for drastic disarmament.

Spokesmen for youth in several European countries and the United States told the Disarmament Conference president of meetings held by these itinerant crusaders in little villages and towns where crowds totaling more than 50,000 enthusiastically supported the objects of the campaign. Mr. Henderson warmly thanked the crusaders, stressing that with support of public opinion the conference cannot fail.

States Insist On Ore Rights In Public Lands

Defeat of Hoover Project Indicated in Hearings at Washington

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, April 4—President Hoover's proposal to turn unappropriated public lands over to the individual states appears destined for defeat due to the unwillingness of the states to accept such lands without the mineral rights the plan reserves to the nation.

The hearings being held before the Senate and House Public Lands Committees indicate the determined opposition of western public land states to any such measure which fails to give them complete title to subsurface as well as surface rights.

It is primarily the valuable minerals below the surface of the vast arid and uninhabited stretches of public lands in the West which the states are after. But renunciation of ownership to such subsurface rights is not contemplated either in the report of the President's commission on public domain or in the bills before the two committees which are based on that report.

Opposition to the measure also comes from Gov. Gifford Pinchot of Pennsylvania and from the American Forestry Association, who fear certain provisions in the measure would turn portions of national forest over to states for private exploitation.

Opposed by Pinchot

The Governor of Pennsylvania considers the bill threatens the conservation of natural resources policy established by President Roosevelt and would end the fight of a generation to save the forests, minerals, lands and waters of the public domain.

Mr. James R. Garfield, Secretary of the Interior in the Roosevelt Cabinet, who as chairman of the President's commission was responsible largely for the pending legislation, believes the objection of Governor Pinchot and the Forestry Association is based on a misunderstanding of the terms of the bill.

The report of the commission emphasizes the necessity for retaining mineral rights and recommends additions to the national forests in accord with a plan prepared by the Forest Service rather than alienation of any portion of existing forests.

But whether this opposition can be allayed by explanation of the measure, that of the western states cannot. Nothing will satisfy them except complete mineral rights. For, as their representatives point out, administration of the land would for the most part prove an expensive burden without any prospect of reward.

Proceeds for Education

Therefore, unless some compromise can be achieved on the question of mineral rights the measure is considered certain of defeat and the Federal Government will have to continue to administer its 178,000,000 square miles of unappropriated public lands, in spite of the work of the commission which looked toward putting at least a share of this burden on the states.

The measure, as it now stands, provides for the releasing of the lands to the states on request of the state legislatures. The lands would be subject to lease or sale at a minimum price of $3 an acre, the proceeds to be held in trust by the states for educational purposes.

All mineral rights would be excepted from the transfer and also acreage to be set aside for addition to national forests on recommendation of state boards to be set up under the bill.

Other sections provide for establishment by the Government of national grazing ranges if the states fail to accept the land within 10 years; coöperation between the states and the Government in reclamation work, and prevention of erosion and other matters pertaining to a final settlement of the present uncertain status of public lands.

THE MONITOR INDEX

MONDAY, APRIL 4, 1932

General News—Pages 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7
News of Sports—Page 6
Financial News—Pages 10 and 11

FEATURES

"Your American Caravan" 1
Events Tonight 2
Radio Programs 4
The Children's Page 5
The Home Forum 6
God's Time Is Now
[With Greek Translation]
Daily Features 13
Editorials 14

PARTY REVOLT BRINGS FRESH CRISIS IN CHINA

One-Party Rule Gets Serious Challenge as Conference Nears

By Cable to The Christian Science Monitor

SHANGHAI, April 4—Overshadowing all phases of the Sino-Japanese conflict is the fact that 60 Shanghai delegates to the National Emergency Conference, scheduled to convene at Honanfu on April 7, today joined the North China delegation in demanding termination of the Kuomintang dictatorship. The revolt against the party domination, which started in North China six weeks previously, has become the principal element in Sino-Japanese negotiations as well as in internal politics.

The Japanese contend that any settlement made now will be ineffective because the personnel of the Chinese Government is likely to change soon and the next Government is likely to repudiate whatever agreement is made.

The Shanghai and Peiping delegations presented three demands to Marshal Chiang Kai-shek: Firstly, that the Kuomintang dictatorship be abolished immediately; secondly, that the national Government's subsidy to the Kuomintang branches, estimated at $4,000,000 monthly, be canceled; thirdly, that the Sun Yat-sen memorial services be omitted from the emergency conference.

Conference Delay Likely

Unless these demands are expressly met, the delegations said they would not attend the conference. Whatever happens, the conference is likely to be delayed, since the Shanghai and Peiping delegations are unable to reach Honanfu for the opening. Powerful groups of Shanghai bankers and business men support the delegation's revolt. Mr. Wang Chin-wei, president of the Executive Yuan, and leftist leader, arrived in Shanghai unannounced on Sunday and immediately conferred with Mr. Sun Fo and other revolting leaders, endeavoring to persuade them to attend the conference.

In an interview, Mr. Wang declared that the Government was unwilling to permit discussion of party dictatorship at the conference, believing that the Sino-Japanese conflict should be given sole attention.

At the recent fourth plenary session of the Kuomintang, Gen. Li Lieh-chun, a veteran member of the Kuomintang, introduced a resolution permitting organization of any number of parties, but the convention took no action on the resolution. General Li has since become a founder of the Association for the Promotion of Constitutional Government, under the leadership of Sun Hung-yi, another veteran Kuomintang member. The organization, according to Mr. Sun, "stands for the early realization of constitutional government in China, and opposes dictatorship by any party, whether it be the Kuomintang or others."

Plans for New Political Party

General Li declared: "It is a disgrace that in this twenty-first year of the Chinese Republic we are still talking about the 'early realization of constitutional government.' Events of the past few years have proved the failure of dictatorship by a small minority. There should be no further delay in the introduction of constitutional government."

Politicians in North China also are working on plans for a new political

(Continued on Page 2, Column 1)

Mexico Takes Vote On Street Corners By Counting Heads

MEXICO CITY, April 4 (AP)—Mexico's first nation-wide primary election, held like an old-fashioned spelling bee, passed into history today with two fatalities and more than twoscore injured as its toll.

At the stroke of noon, under the eyes of 60,000 regular army troops, the voters lined up on the streets in 3000 voting districts throughout the country, and were counted off by officials. It was all over in an hour and the counting boards made their tallies and announced the winners shortly afterward. Serious violence occurred in only three places, where stones were used.

Señor Emilio Portes Gil, former provisional President of Mexico, was defeated by Dr. Rafael Villarreal of Soto La Marina, in nomination for the governorship of Tamaulipas State.

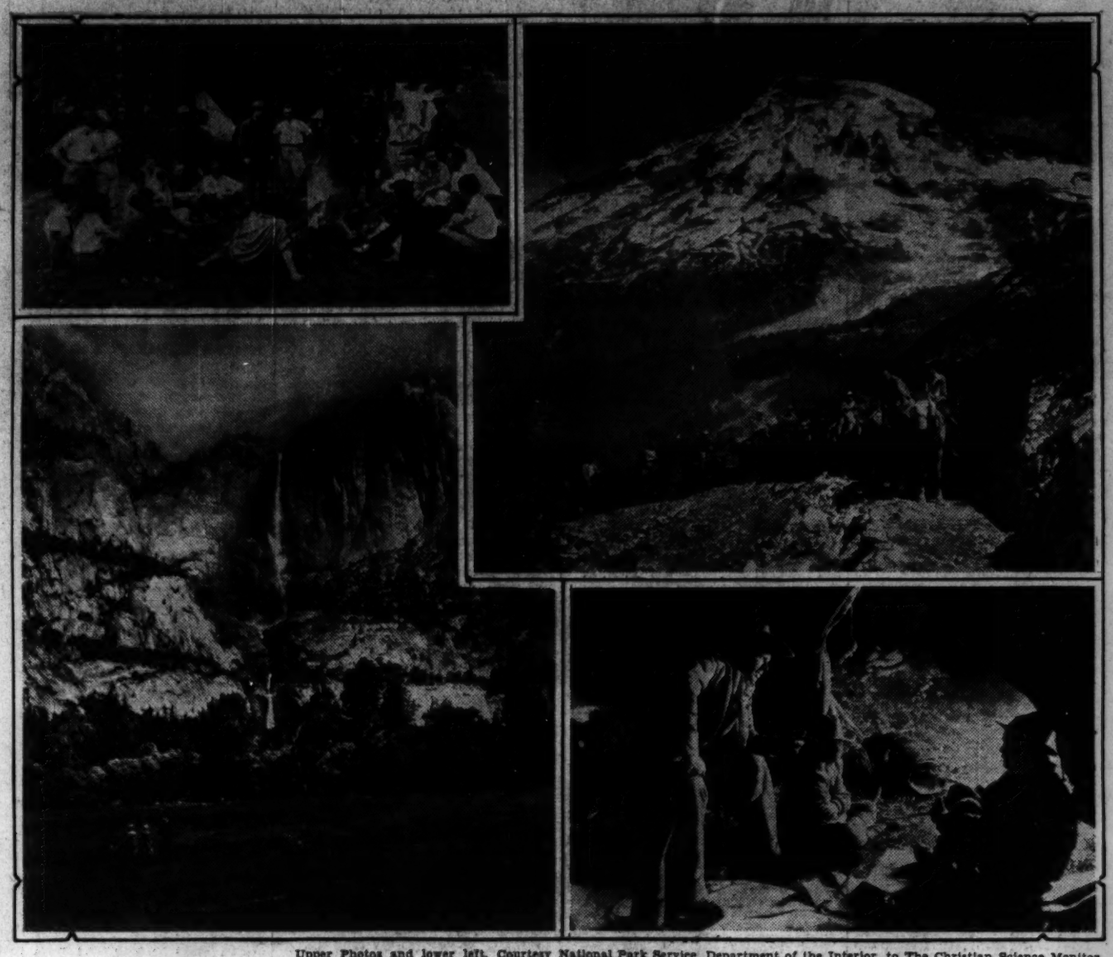
Considering its magnitude, the plan worked surprisingly simply. In the 3000 subdistricts the voters gathered and supporters of various candidates lined up on opposite street corners, where delegates from the party central committee counted them off.

Thousands of soldiers patrolled the streets, voters and all other civilians were disarmed and the country was under strict prohibition of the sale or drinking of intoxicants for 36 hours.

Some 600 candidates sought National Revolutionary Party nominations. Only 168 congressmen will be named. Party plebiscites were held out of doors at noon and a few hours later officials at National Revolutionary Party headquarters here said they had received reports of but a few minor disorders.

In addition to the 168 congressional or deputy posts to be filled, 18 federal senatorial posts were to be decided, and in several states hot local fights for the governorship developed.

What Clamor of the Marts of Men Can Rival Nature's Call?



Upper Photos and lower left, Courtesy National Park Service, Department of the Interior, to The Christian Science Monitor
Lower right, The Christian Science Monitor-Publishers' Photo Service

NATIONAL PARKS OFFER SPICE AND VARIETY

Top, Left to Right—Around a Leaping Camp Fire From All Parts of the United States Men and Women Gather to Listen to Talks on Nature Subjects by Ranger-Naturalists. Most National Parks Call the Tourist Away From the Motor Age, Even as Mount Rainier Calls to the Horseback Trails. Lower Row, Left to Right—Standing in a Lush Meadow That Was Once the Bottom of a Lake and Gazing Thousands of Feet Up the Glacier-Scooped Walls of Yosemite Valley—a Mere Sample of the Educational Show-Cases in the National Parks. Of Course, It Takes a Deep-Water Sailor to Draw the Long Bow as None Other Can Do It, but the Cowboy-Guides Also Can Spin a Good Yarn by the Camp Fire.

ANGLO-FRENCH PARLEYS BRING EUROPE HOPE

End of Strict Nationalism in Economic Policies Seen in Meetings

By Press Wireless from Monitor Bureau

LONDON, April 4—Numbering of the days of economic nationalism is seen in a series of conferences which began here today.

The French Premier M. André Tardieu and M. Pierre Etienne Flandin, Minister of Finance, with considerable staffs arrived yesterday from Paris and spent today closeted with Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, the Prime Minister, and leading members of the British Cabinet.

A four-power conference assembles here April 6 when Italy will be represented by Signor Dino Grandi, Foreign Minister, Germany by Dr. B. W. von Buelow, State Secretary of the Foreign Office, and France by M. Flandin as M. Tardieu returns to France tomorrow.

Next week a special meeting of the League of Nations Council will be held at Geneva to go further into the grave situation that has arisen in the Danubian states.

Meanwhile announcement from Washington that Mr. Henry L. Stimson, Secretary of State, will attend the reopening of the General Disarmament Conference next month is welcomed as indicating American recognition of the wider implications behind what is now taking place.

Cover Series of Problems

M. Tardieu's conversations with the British Cabinet are to endeavor to align British with French policy in the whole series of urgent world problems that have to be faced in the immediate future. They are, therefore, of a more general character than the four-power conversations which are to deal more particularly with the economic difficulties of the Danubian states.

The four-power conference is thus to adjust the respective trade interests of Germany and Italy with the French scheme for lowering in the Danubian area mutual tariff barriers which at present render trade revival impossible among the 50,000,000 inhabitants of

(Continued on Page 5, Column 1)

Visiting the National Parks Proves That the Intangible Things Are Most Attractive

Not From the Car Door Are the Greatest Glories to Be Attained, but by 'Shank's Mare' or Horseback, With the Ranger Always to Help Out

More than 3,000,000 persons annually visit the national parks of the United States, where they find unlimited resources for recreation and education. Each park is rich in an individuality of its own and richly influences the thought and character of the nation. Mr. Williams of the Monitor staff, who, on a 20,000-mile automobile tour, for six months guided his car, pitched his tent, followed countless trails in an endeavor to catch and to interpret the inner meaning of the parks rather than to exploit them in detail, herein records his observations.

YOUR AMERICAN CARAVAN
First of Twenty Articles

By HENRY EDISON WILLIAMS
Staff Writer of The Christian Science Monitor

The trailer is all packed and hooked to the automobile. The "Tranquil Lady" is all settled in the front seat. The boy and girl are stowed away among the suit cases in the rear seat. The guidebooks are out. Farewells have been said. The "Skipper" reaches for the self-starter. Your American Caravan is about to start.

But, wait. Suddenly the "Skipper," reminded that he is conducting a sight-seeing tour, realizes that such tours usually begin with a talk. Certain things should be stressed, the sight-seers should be forewarned in order to catch the significance of the sights along the way. He turns to the "Tranquil Lady."

"Ladies and gentlemen, if you will allow me—like Tonio in 'Il Pagliacci,'—to step before the curtain, I shall deliver the prologue . . ."

And so— ¶ ¶ ¶

A mail carrier from San Diego, a banker from Boston, a laborer from Gary and a farmer from Iowa sit on a log before a roaring campfire.

In the dusky background the shadowy domes and towers and minarets of the Rocky Mountain uplands lean ponderously against the stars, their nightcaps of snow reflecting the sleepy rays of a parsimonious moon. Near by a glacier-fed lake gleams opalescent, the lighted windows of a distant chalet throwing paths of liquid fire across its waters to the opposite shore where pale blotches among the trees mark a colony of tents.

The fire in the foreground leaps higher, lighting up the faces of some 40 or 50 other followers of the trail,

(Continued on Page 7, Column 1)

Parties in Reich Reopen Campaign After Short Truce

By Press Wireless from Monitor Bureau

BERLIN, April 4—Political activity, dormant in Germany for the past fortnight, was in full flower today following the end of the "Easter truce" yesterday noon.

Herr Adolf Hitler inaugurated a campaign of four speeches daily until the presidential run-off April 10. He utilized an airplane to visit four central German cities yesterday. Meanwhile Dr. Heinrich Bruening, speaking on behalf of President von Hindenburg in southwest Germany is inaugurating a campaign which will bring the Chancellor across the nation in East Prussia by the end of the week.

Police today closed local headquarters of the Storm Troops, a military branch of the National Socialists. The action was the most drastic so far attributed to the police in dealing with Herr Hitler's Brown Shirt army.

The action followed an attack Saturday by the Storm Troop men on two members of the Reichsbanner organization which is pledged to uphold the republican form of government. Police chased the Fascist attackers who took refuge in the National Socialists headquarters on Hedemann Street, where they evaded capture.

Economic Conditions of Century Ago Forced on Many Bulgarian Peasants

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

SOFIA, Bulgaria—Primitive economic conditions such as existed here a century ago when the Turks dominated the Balkan peninsula, are being repeated today among a portion of the population as a result of the economic difficulties in Central Europe.

There was at that time no paper money and most business was done in kind. Taxes were paid in grain taken from the threshing floor. Eggs were traded in for salt and soap, while most cloth and clothes were made at home by hand.

Now once more, money has practically disappeared from many villages, salt is bought very sparingly, pine knots and grease candles relieve the darkness of the night, and matches are cherished as rare treasures. Fire is preserved in the ashes of fireplaces, and live coals are carried from house to house.

This means grave discontent and restlessness, of course, but the greater part of the nation remains sheltered, fed and clothed. Peasants will go on plowing, sowing and harvesting, gathering eggs, making butter, putting down pork, drying fruit and weaving cloth. Temporary new forms of bargaining are being devised, and though culture, art and banking may be disorganized, the bulk of the people will simply bow their heads before whatever storms may come and stand erect again when the sun reappears.

Rock That Bends Shown, Is Brazilian Sandstone

PHILADELPHIA, April 4 (AP)—A rock that bends was placed on exhibition yesterday at the Academy of Natural Sciences. It is sandstone from Brazil technically known as "itacolumite." Natural scientists attribute its flexibility to its porous structure.

The specimen is 30 inches long, 15 inches wide and more than an inch thick. It is so arranged in a glass case that a lever can be pressed to make it bend.

BONUS TIED UP TO BILL TO GET MEANS TO PAY

Threat Is Seen of $2,200,000,000 Issue of Fiat Money

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, April 4—Currency inflation and the cash payment of the soldiers' $2,200,000,000 bonus have been combined in measures before the Legislature with the prospect that a bill condemned by President Hoover as unjustified and financially unsound may pass one, and possibly both, houses of Congress. Hearings will begin next Monday before the Ways and Means Committee.

The bonus and the proposal to inflate the currency have become inextricably intermingled under terms of the bill of Representative Wright Patman (D.) of Texas and Senator Elmer Thomas (D.) of Oklahoma. In brief, they would achieve $2,200,000,000 payment by printing paper money, backed by that portion of the gold reserves in the Treasury said to be not now needed to uphold present outstanding currency. Mr. Thomas and Mr. Patman assert there is sufficient of this surplus gold to pay the entire bonus with a 40 per cent gold reserve.

Opponents say the proposal represents an effort to issue fiat money in its worst form. As expressed by Senator Carl Hayden (D.) of Arizona, the proposal, "if done, would send our currency along the road traveled by the war-time German mark and result in business chaos."

The present situation is the latest phase of a long chain of similar incidents in the United States.

The Government today spends about $1,000,000,000 annually for veterans, or about $1 out of every $4 from the Treasury. When the World War ended it was hoped to eliminate pensions such as followed the Civil War by issuance of adjusted service compensations, or "bonus." Of these certificates, about 3,500,000 are now outstanding, of which 74 per cent have been pledged for loans. The United States has been more generous than any other country of the World War in its treatment of the veterans.

The presence of 3,500,000 veterans has been a potential political force that has exerted the same influence on Congress which the organization of returned soldiers did after the Civil War. In February, 1931, President Hoover vetoed a bill to increase the loan value of bonus certificates to 50 per cent of their face value.

Congress promptly passed the bill over his veto. Last September, President Hoover made a special trip to the Detroit convention of the American Legion and in a personal plea asked them to forgo action for further redemption of the certificates. The convention voted, 902 to 507, to withhold the demand temporarily, but the Veterans of Foreign Wars at their annual encampment earlier in the month demanded full immediate redemption and have urged it persistently since.

HOOVER ASKS UNITED MOVE ON ECONOMY

Seeks Nonpartisan Aid of Both Houses for Definite Plan

GETTING NOWHERE NOW, HE DECLARES

Proposes Delegates of Congress Meet With Him to Iron Out Program

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, April 4—Calling for the appointment of delegates from the two Houses of Congress without regard to party, to meet with representatives of the Executive to consider ways to bring about a "complete national program of economy," President Hoover in a message today to Congress, declared that only through such unified and nonpartisian efforts can success in this essential task be attained.

He explained that for the past three years in various messages to Congress he had referred to the necessity of organized effort to slash government expenditures. To balance the budget for the year beginning July 1 next there must be, he points out, a further reduction in expenditures of about $200,000,000, in addition to the $369,000,000 cut already made in the budget recommendations transmitted to Congress on Dec. 9.

The President in his surprise message declared that a still more drastic economy than this additional $200,000,000 could be accomplished. Such a sum, however, he believed could be obtained only by a definite national legislative program, which would authorize the consolidation of governmental bureaus and independent establishments; and beyond this which will permit the removal of long established methods leading to waste, the elimination of the less necessary functions, and the suspension of activities and commitments of government not essential to the public interest in these times.

The President's Message

I have in various messages to the Congress over the past three years referred to the necessity of organized effort to effect far-reaching reduction of governmental expenditures.

To balance the budget for the year beginning July 1 next, the revenue bill passed by the House of Representatives on April 1 necessitates that there shall be a further reduction of expenditures for the next year of about $200,000,000 in addition to the reduction of $369,000,000 in expenditures already made in the budget recommendations which I transmitted to the Congress on Dec. 9.

It is essential in the interest of the taxpayer and the country that it should be done.

It is my belief that still more drastic economy than this additional $200,000,000 can be accomplished.

Such a sum can only be obtained, however, by a definite national legislative program of economy which will authorize the consolidation of governmental bureaus and independent establishments; and beyond this, which will permit the removal of long-established methods which lead to waste; the elimination of the less necessary functions, and the suspension of activities and commitments of the Government not essential to the public interest in these times.

Only One Way to Accomplishment

These objects cannot be accomplished without far-reaching amendment to the laws.

The Executive is bound to recommend appropriations adequate to provide for the functions and activities of the Government as now established by law.

This is mandatory, and the opportunity for administrative savings is limited. The appropriations committees are likewise bound and can only act within restricted limits.

Therefore, to lessen the burden upon the taxpayers in a substantial amount it is necessary to enter upon other fields by amending existing laws which place unnecessary obligations on the departments and independent establishments.

We need repeal of existing laws which require carrying on of functions not absolutely essential for the present.

This means that we should undertake a definite, separate and coördinated program of economy legislation which will enable the Executive and the appropriations committees to achieve the results desired.

A clear indication that the limit of executive authority to bring about economies has about been reached, is shown by the fact that the total expenditures estimated in the budget of $4,112,000,000 (including post office deficit after deduction of receipts) presented to the Congress, except for increased payments to veterans and expenditure on construction work in aid of employment, was the lowest in over five years.

Army and Navy Still Out

A further indication of the existing limitations is shown by the fact that of the whole budget, the appropriations bills passed by the House of Representatives, together with those recommended by the House Appropriations Committee and the permanent appropriation

(Continued on Page 2, Column 8)

CHINA FACES NEW CRISIS IN PARTY RIFT

(Continued from Page 1)

party, which will ignore the system evolved by Dr. Sun Yat-sen, upon which the Kuomintang was based. The northern party advocates a loose confederacy of provinces, with a central government whose duties will be confined largely to the conduct of foreign affairs, organization of a small, compact national army, and supervision of national revenues, for which it will be held strictly accountable to provincial governments.

In the South, where most political parties in China have started, another movement has been begun for a government which will afford much greater latitude to provinces.

It remains to be seen whether the "single party" advocates in the Kuomintang will yield. If they do not, there are prospects of a contest with rival movements.

Japanese Reported Involved in Rift With Russia Over Railway

By Cable to The Christian Science Monitor

TOKYO, April 4—Fighting continues in Manchuria. Meantime the domestic, economic and financial situation here is worsening.

Meager dispatches regarding the situation on the east branch of the Chinese Eastern Railway indicates that the Japanese forces are insufficient to eliminate the guerrillas, who have looted and burned numerous villages during the week-end. Harbin reports that the guerrillas completely burned the town of Shihtouhotze, destroying 3500 houses, capturing 300 Russo-Chinese citizens, who are held as hostages.

It is also reported that all Japanese residents are preparing to evacuate Vladivostok and to return to Japan, owing to increasing Soviet persecutions and oppressive taxation. Irritation regarding the Soviet's unaccommodating attitude toward Japan's requests for transport of troops on the Chinese Eastern Railway continues, and explains reports from Changchun that the new Manchukuo Government is preparing a program to eliminate Soviet interest in the southern branch of the railway. While details of the program have not been received, it is understood that instructions are being sent to Mr. Mo Teh-hui, former president of the railway, who remains in Moscow, and is apparently representing the Manchukuo régime as well as the Nanking.

The situation at Chientao is quiet following the arrival of Japanese units from Korea.

The stock market slumped badly today, the leading shares losing as much as 11 yen in sympathy with the lower New York stocks. There is also uncertainty regarding the progress of the armistice negotiations at Shanghai and the Government's internal, financial and economic program. Speculators expected a drastic inflationist policy when the Inukai Government was formed, with a consequent general boom and increased domestic prices. No boom came, however, and despite the abandonment of the gold standard, the price index in yen has fallen rapidly, embarrassing business generally. Silk markets, both at Yokohama and Kobe also slumped severely this morning, but recovered partly in the afternoon.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR
Founded 1908 by Mary Baker Eddy
AN INTERNATIONAL DAILY NEWSPAPER
Published daily except Sundays and holidays at The Christian Science Publishing Society, 107 Falmouth Street, Boston, Mass. Subscription price, payable in advance, postpaid to all countries: One Year, $9.00; six months, $4.50; three months, $2.25; one month, 75c. Single copies, 5 cents. (Printed in U. S. A.)
Entered at second-class rates at the Post Office at Boston, Mass., U. S. A. Acceptance for mailing at a special rate of postage provided for in section 1103, Act of Oct. 3, 1917, authorized on July 11, 1918.

Music

Flute Players Club

Two Boston composers were represented on the final program of the Boston Flute Players Club season, presented yesterday afternoon at the Boston Art Club. It was fitting that the memory of George W. Chadwick should be honored by the playing of his Piano Quintet. Mr. Chadwick was one of the most distinguished of the conservative American composers of his generation, and this quintet is characteristic. It was played lyrically and sympathetically by the Durrell String Quartet (Misses Josephine Durrell, Edith Roubound, Anna Golden and Mildred Ridley) and Mr. J. M. Sanromá.

The other Bostonian on the list was Mr. Arthur Foote, who also holds an eminent position among American composers of the older generation. His "Dusk," a composition for flute (Mr. Laurent), harp (Mrs. Seth Crawford) and cello (Miss Ridley) was performed for the first time. Although not particularly expressive of its title in melodic line or in harmony, it is pleasant music, well designed in conservative pattern.

Between these academic products was placed in startling contrast the Piano Sonate, op. 47, of Mr. Ernst Toch, a spare, hard-featured, percussive composition in the manner of the German modernists. It might well have been entitled "Sonate Mécanique." Its harsh brilliance and polyphonic complexities were realized by Mr. Sanromá with authoritative virtuosity.

To close, the Piano Quintet of Mr. Ernest Bloch, surely one of the most considerable of the works of this very considerable Swiss-American composer. It was brought to impressive performance by Mr. Sanromá and the Durrell Quartet—which, by the way, possesses in Miss Golden a viola player of very exceptional quality.

The concert was a satisfying conclusion to a series which for years has formed one of the most agreeable and recompensing features of Boston musical life. L. A. S.

Rosa Ponselle

Yesterday afternoon, an audience which left few vacant seats gathered in Symphony Hall to hear Miss Rosa Ponselle, soprano, in what resolved itself into two programs of song; that of the printed program and that which, through insistent demand, formed a supplementary program of almost equal length. Opening with an aria from Romani's opera, "Fedra," Miss Ponselle proceeded to a listed group by Rosa, Veracini, Strauss and Lecoq. There followed an aria from "Sémiramide" by Rossini, and a group by Arensky, Kursteiner, Sadero and La Forge. Mr. Stuart Ross was the efficient accompanist, who also contributed two groups of solos in commendable manner.

It would be difficult to find new phrases with which to praise the art of Miss Ponselle. She is, apparently, not content to make a song presentable only—she seeks to endow it with characteristics which the less discerning singer may easily overlook. Possibly there are instances in which Miss Ponselle overreaches the mark, thus imbuing a song with more dramatic power than the contents might warrant. Yet withal, the points are made with so small an apparent effort, and are so obviously acceptable to her audience that one may slightly overlook this temporary transference of the technique of the stage to that of the platform, and speak in praise of the singer's warmly colored low tones and the brilliant scale above them, nowhere shown to better advantage than in the aria from "Sémiramide" and in the Kursteiner "Invocation to Eros."

Frankie Zecchino

Yesterday afternoon in Jordan Hall, Master Frankie Zecchino, boy violinist, made his bow to a Boston audience, playing the following program: Corelli, "La Folia"; Beethoven-Kreisler, Rondino; Porpora-Kreisler, Menuet; Sarasate, Malaguena; Lauber, Fantasie for violin, orchestra and solo obbligato, (first time); Gluck, Mélodie; Burleigh, Rondo Brillant, and Weiniawski, Russian Fantasie. Miss Gladys Poselt was the pianoforte accompanist.

Master Zecchino proved himself a sturdy young performer. He plays with assurance and exhibits the small tricks of the violin art with commendable dash and skill. He also succeeds, at times, in producing a tone of singular beauty.

The Lauber Fantasie, played for the first time in Boston, according to a program note, and conducted by Mr. Emanuel Ondříček, proved of slight value, musically, but served as a good vehicle for the display of Master Zecchino's talent. A large audience applauded this young boy with great enthusiasm. G. M. S.

At the Majestic

The Christian Science Monitor
HELEN SHIPMAN
Prima Donna in "Irene," Opening Tonight as the First of a Series of Revivals by Mr. Milton Aborn's Civic Light Opera Company.

Theaters

"The Secret Garden"

On Saturday, the Women's Council of Boston University brought to a close a very successful season of six plays for children, presented by the Clare Tree Major Children's Theater Company, with morning and afternoon performances of "The Secret Garden," from the story by Frances Hodgson Burnett. As Mrs. Everett O. Fisk of the Women's Council remarked in an address to the audience, if this enterprise is designed primarily to collect funds for the building project of the university, it is also performing a civic benefit in bringing to the children of Greater Boston the best sort of youthful dramatics.

Mrs. Fisk also announced several changes in the cast. This was enlightening and gratifying in that it added assurance to the pleasure of recognition. Miss Viola Roach, who we suspected and now are sure played Marmee in "Little Women," doubled as Mrs. Medlock, the prim housekeeper, and Mrs. Sowerby, Dickon's more graciously endowed mother, with suitable variation. Her young daughter, Miss Philippa Bevens, an attractive counterpart of her mother, filled the rôle of Martha—Yorkshire accent and all—with undeniable charm. Miss Carolyn Humphries put a lot of regular-little-girl behavior into the part of Mary, the lonely child who came from India and found happiness in the secret garden in England. Miss Helen Shea was a not entirely unbelievable Colin, the self-made-invalid boy, who found healing there. Mr. Harrison Loomis was the Dickon and the lesser parts were sketched in satisfactorily.

The winsome little story, appealingly unfolded and set, gave apparent delight to the large number of attending oldsters, as well as to their charges, who together filled the house. M. L.

EVENTS TONIGHT

Boston School Committee: Meeting, Administration Building, 15 Beacon Street, 7.

Annual military ball, Brookline Post, No. 11, American Legion, Whitney Hall, Coolidge Corner, evening.

Meeting and concert, Household Nursing Association, 222 Newbury Street, 8.

Dartmouth Women's Club: Annual concert and dance, by Dartmouth Musical Club and Barbary Coast Orchestra, Copley-Plaza Hotel, 8.

Ninth in Washington Bicentennial lecture series, "Washington in Literature and Art," by Mr. John E. Pember, lecture hall, Boston Public Library, Boylston Street, 8.

Field and Forest Club: Round table dinner meeting, illustrated lecture, "Nature's Marvels and Mysteries," by the Rev. Eugene S. Philbrick; musical program, followed by dancing and bridge, 3 Joy Street, 6:15.

Theaters

Plymouth—"Hay Fever," 8:30.
Opera House—"The New Moon," 8:15.
Majestic—"Irene," 8:15.
Wilbur—"The Ringer," 8:20.

Music

Jordan Hall—Marguerite Porter, soprano, 8:15.

EVENTS TOMORROW

Advertising Club: Luncheon meeting, Hotel Statler, noon.

Opening meetings and luncheon, first Boston Parents' Institute, Hotel Bradford, 11 a. m., 2 p. m., with prominent educational speakers; discussion groups.

Second in series of morning concerts, benefit Peabody Home for Crippled Children, Hotel Vendome, 11.

Jamaica Plain Tuesday Club: Meeting and talk, auspices History and Travel Department, Loring-Greenough House, 2:30.

Opening sesion, two-day garden conference, auspices Massachusetts State College Field Station, 240 Beaver Street, Waltham, 9:30 to 4:30.

Children's Museum of Boston: Lecture on "Bird Homes," 11; meeting of Class in Observation Through Drawing, 4; Olmstead Park, Jamaica Plain.

Exhibitions

Museum of Fine Arts, Huntington Avenue—Admission free. Open week days except Mondays from 9 to 5; Sundays, 1 to 5. Free guidance in the galleries every day except Monday at 11 o'clock. French textile ornament; paintings by contemporary Canadian artists, opening April 9; Daumier lithographs; engravings by and after Turner.

Fogg Art Museum, corner Quincy Street and Broadway, Cambridge—Open week days, 9 to 5; Sundays, 1 to 5; admission free. Sixteenth Century book illustrations. Degas and other French draughtsmen of the Nineteenth Century. Seventeenth and Eighteenth Century prints and drawings.

Isabella Stewart Gardner Museum, Fenway Court—Open Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, 10 to 4, admission 25 cents; Sundays, 1 to 4, admission free.

Children's Museum of Boston, Olmstead Park, Jamaica Plain—Open free week days from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.; Sundays, 1:30 to 5 o'clock. Special exhibitions: costume dolls from many lands. Oil paintings of Hawaii by Mr. R. N. Hudspeth of Concord. From India, embroidery and lace scarfs, ivory and wood carvings, figurines, inlaid ebony and paintings. From China, complete Chinese bride's costume, delicate embroideries, carved wooden figures depicting Chinese life, jade and paintings on paper and silk.

Boston Public Library—Exhibition Room: Travel posters and literature, Loaned by the Railway and Locomotive Historical Society. Through April 10. Treasure Room: Exhibit of Washingtoniana. To be continued indefinitely.

Copley Society House, 296 Commonwealth Avenue—Paintings and drawings by Emil Ahlborn. Through April 9.

Goodspeed's Print Shop, 7 Ashburton Place—The Derrydale prints of American sport. Through month of April.

Goodman Walker Gallery, 607 Boylston Street—Prints and drawings by Kathe Kollwitz. Through April 9.

R. C. Vose Galleries, 559 Boylston Street—Paintings of New England gardens and doorways, by Abbott Graves. Through April 16.

Boston Society of Arts and Crafts—Loan exhibition of old and modern prints and examples of printing art. Through April 14.

Grace Horne's Galleries, Stuart Street at Dartmouth—"Spring Flower Show" of water colors and pastels of flowers.

Guild of Boston Artists, 162 Newbury Street—Small sculptures of "Youth and Sporting Life," by Amelia Peabody. Through April 9.

Doll & Richards, 138 Newbury Street—Oils and water colors by Margaret Sargent McKean. Paintings, etchings and drawings by Frederick G. Hall. Through April 13.

Holman's Print Shop, 5A Park Street—General exhibition of prints.

Foster Bros., 4 Park Square—Holbein prints.

Yamanaka Galleries, 456 Boylston Street—Contemporary Japanese prints.

Gardenside Bookshop, Ritz-Carlton Hotel, Arlington Street—American, English and French etchings.

Schervee Studio, 665 Boylston Street—General Print Show.

Harvard Society for Contemporary Art, 1400 Massachusetts Avenue—Modern architecure and interiors.

HOOVER ASKS UNITED MOVE ON ECONOMY

(Continued from Page 1)

already cover about 75 per cent of the budget, and do not yet include the Army and Navy.

Yet the positive reductions, including the urgency deficiency bill, so far made by the House and by its committees, on information supplied to me by the director of the budget are less than $35,000,000.

It is true that the committee has reported reductions of a total of about $113,000,000, but of this about $78,000,000 are effectively postponements until the next December session of the Congress, and must then be provided for in deficiency bills.

I say this in no wise in criticism of the action of the Congress or of its committees but as a demonstration of the fact that the latitude necessary for real reduction of expenses can only be secured by a thoroughgoing renovation of the law to bring about real national economy program.

The appropriations committees of both the Senate and the House have given earnest consideration to these questions. Also, a special economy committee and the committee on expenditures in the executive departments of the House, have been engaged upon these problems.

Declares Unity Needed

Many suggestions of opportunities for further material reduction in governmental expenditure have been made to these committees by the executive officers of the Government, but the major portion thereof require legislative action and authorization.

It appears to me that with four different agencies of the Congress at work on the problem, operating independently with the different departments, the time which has already elapsed and the short time available to us before the beginning of the new fiscal year, all point to the absolute necessity of better organized unity of effort in all the branches of the Government primarily concerned with the problem.

Therefore, I recommend to the Congress that in order to secure this unity of effort and prompt action, and thus insure the relief of the taxpayer and a balanced budget, at the same time protecting vital service of the Government, that representatives be delegated by the two Houses, who, together with representatives of the Executive, should be authorized to frame for action by the present Congress a complete national program of economy and to recommend the legislation necessary to make it possible and effective. Such a course would expedite rather than delay the passage of appropriations bills.

I am convinced that only by such unified, nonpartisan effort, and by a willingness on the part of all to share the difficulties and problems of this essential task can we attain the success so manifestly necessary in public interest.

WEATHER

U. S. Weather Bureau Report

Boston and Vicinity: Fair tonight; Tuesday partly cloudy and warmer; moderate northwest winds, shifting to east and south; minimum temperature tonight about 36.

Maine: Fair tonight; slightly colder in east portion; Tuesday partly cloudy; slowly rising temperature.

All Other New England States: Fair tonight; Tuesday increasing cloudiness with slowly rising temperature.

Atlantic coast, Eastport to Sandy Hook: Fresh north and northeast winds and fair weather tonight and Tuesday.

Weather Outlook for the Week: For the North and Middle Atlantic States: Rains in south, and rains or snows over north portion about Tuesday, and rains again Thursday or Friday; temperatures below normal beginning of week, and mostly above thereafter.

Official Temperatures

	A	B		A	B
Atlantic City.	36	66	Montreal	20	38
Bismarck	36	38	Nantucket ..	34	54
Boston	35	68	New Orleans.	60	78
Buffalo	26	30	New York ...	34	68
Calgary	26	50	Norfolk, Va..	42	78
Charleston ..	62	76	North Platte.	44	62
Chicago	32	34	Philadelphia.	34	74
Cincinnati ..	32	54	Phoenix,Ariz.	54	96
Denver	42	70	Pittsburgh ..	28	42
Eastport, Me.	30	50	Portland, Me.	32	60
Hatteras	50	68	Raleigh	44	82
Honolulu,T.H.	..	76	St. Louis ...	44	64
7 p.m. April3	72	..	St. Paul	32	42
Helena,Mont.	32	48	Salt Lake City	44	52
Huron, S. D..	36	48	San Francisco	52	60
Jacksonville..	60	76	SantaFe,N.M.	36	66
Kansas City.	62	68	Seattle	46	52
Key West ...	72	78	Tampa	62	82
Los Angeles .	54	70	Washington.	34	80
Memphis	62	78	Wichita,Kan.	60	80
Miami, Fla. .	72	76	Williston,N.D.	36	46

A—8 a. m. eastern standard time April 4.
B—Maximum April 3.

High Tides at Boston

Monday 10:33 p. m., Tuesday 10:53 a. m.
Height of tides 9.1 feet, 9.1 feet.
Light all vehicles at 6:43 p. m.

PEDESTRIANS URGED TO BE MORE CAUTIOUS

"When will the pedestrian learn to be cautious?" Mr. Morgan T. Ryan, Registrar of Motor Vehicles, asked this query today, as the result of six more fatalities on Massachusetts highways last week, involving pedestrians "crossing the street." With only one motorist on the list, the total of seven fatalities was "pleasingly smaller than the corresponding week of last year," the Registrar said.

Further to illustrate the need of pedestrian care, it was pointed out that 19 out of the 27 fatalities of the last three weeks involved pedestrians, figures which tend to disprove the general opinion that carelessness of motorists is entirely responsible for the majority of accidents. While the man behind the wheel caused some of the accidents to walkers, it is found that the pedestrian is mainly at fault when struck.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE READING OVER RADIO

Beginning Tuesday afternoon, April 5, The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Massachusetts, will present each week under the direction of its Committee on Publication, from 3:30 to 4 o'clock, eastern time, the Good Cheer Service of WBSO, the Babson Statistical Organization station in Needham, Mass.

The program will consist of a short musical prelude and readings from the Bible and from the writings of Mary Baker Eddy, and from other authorized Christian Science literature, appropriately interspersed with musical numbers. WBSO operates on a frequency of 920 kilocycles, which is a wavelength of 326 meters, with a power of 500 watts.

New Commissioner Attacks Ruthless Exploiting of Labor

Wages as low as $2 and $3 a week, paid by industries in Fall River and other Massachusetts cities, were denounced today by Mr. Edwin S. Smith, Commissioner of Labor and Industries, in a report on an investigation by the Minimum Wage Commission of his department.

The report, dealing with factories covered by existing minimum wage decrees, reveals that the earnings of 1616 employees in 13 plants included in the decree applicable to manufacturers of women's underwear, house dresses, etc., ranged from less than $2 weekly to a few receiving more than $18. It is pointed out that these figures do not necessarily represent a full week's work, however.

In five plants employing 476 workers, coming under the men's furnishings wage decree, only five employees earned more than $15 a week, it was found. In the women's shops 71 per cent earned less than $10 weekly and 97 per cent less than $15.

"The factories whose pay rolls were studied," Mr. Smith says, "have come from New York and elsewhere to Fall River under the double lure of cheap rentals and a surplus of unemployed female labor. These plants for the most part are in charge of men of inferior business caliber, who probably could not survive at all if it were not for their willingness to be entirely ruthless in exploiting labor."

The situation presents a "challenge to our industrial statesmanship and our civic pride," he concludes. He urges that "drastic steps" be taken to curb this kind of competition, and classes such employers as "unwholesome intruders," and "public enemies."

Subsidiary Ship Lines Are Valued

WASHINGTON, April 4 (AP)—The Interstate Commerce Commission today fixed $8,435,000 as the final valuation of the New England Steamship Company for rate making purposes. The value of property not owned but used was set at $1,460,000. The company is owned by the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.

At the same time, the commission valued the Hartford & New York Transportation Company, also owned and used for common carrier purposes, at $1,790,600 and fixed the value of its property used but not owned at $4800.

The value of the New Bedford, Marthas Vineyard & Nantucket Steamboat Company was found to be $365,750, and the value of property used but not owned was fixed at $32,000.

All the values were as of June 30, 1918.

Federation Urged For Social Issues

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 4 (AP)—The formation of a federation of progressive parties, with a nucleus of church membership, as the basis for a program of prevention of war, reduction of crime and the solution of a large number of social problems was advocated here last night by Prof. Douglas Clyde MacIntosh of Yale University in an address before the New England Southern Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Professor MacIntosh, who was refused citizenship by the Supreme Court last year because of his refusal to bear arms, proposed that the church group could control legislation by holding the balance of power and securing the election of candidates pledged to its policies, utilizing "the common-sense methods of the Anti-Saloon League."

Legislation which would be supported by his proposed league would include stricter prohibition of the liquor traffic, strict censorship of motion pictures, dramatic presentation and the press, securing of equality of wealth by lowering taxes on small incomes and raising taxes on large incomes, government control of public utilities and natural resources, and measures to safeguard the rights of labor.

SUGAR DECREE CRITICIZED

HAVANA, Cuba., April 4 (AP)—President Machado Saturday was notified his recent decree limiting Cuba's sugar production for 1932 to 2,700,000 long tons will be attacked as unconstitutional.

WHITE ★ STAR
THE BIG SHIP ROUTE
EUROPE—AMERICA
Authorised Christian Science literature and periodicals will be found in the libraries on White Star Boston-New York Steamers.
Services
LIVERPOOL to BOSTON & NEW YORK
*Adriatic...Sat. Apr. 30 *Britannic (M. V.)
Baltic....Sat. May 7 Thur. May 19
*Not calling Boston. *Adriatic..Sat. May 28
SOUTHAMPTON-NEW YORK
Via Cherbourg
Majestic.Wed. Apr. 13 Olympic.Wed. Apr. 27
Homeric.Wed. Apr. 20 Majestic.Wed. May 4
NEW YORK & BOSTON to LIVERPOOL
Baltic....Sat. Apr. 23 *Adriatic..Sat. May 14
Britannic (M. V.) Baltic....Sat. May 21
Sat. May 7 *Not calling Boston
NEW YORK TO SOUTHAMPTON
Via Cherbourg
Majestic...Fri. Apr. 22 Olympic..Fri. May 6
Homeric...Fri. Apr. 29 Majestic..Sat. May 14
For full particulars apply *White Star Line.* Offices and Agents everywhere

BUILDING, ALTERATIONS, DECORATION
PLAIN, PERIOD OR MODERN
JOHN GARLICK (1910) Ltd.
43 SLOANE STREET, LONDON, S. W. 1
TELEPHONE SLOANE 9234
Central Heating
Electric Lighting & Heating
Soft Furnishing; Carpets
Plumbing; Surveying
Domestic Hot Water Supply
Cabinet Making; Upholstery
All Services necessary for the Reconditioning & Maintenance of Town & Country Residences
Practical & careful advice willingly given. Competitive prices for high class work.

LONDON, ENG.
ESTABLISHED 1834 J. W. TACON SHIRTMAKER 229 HIGH HOLBORN LONDON
Gentlemen's Outfitter
One of the Oldest Established Businesses in LONDON
Interesting and Unusual Shirts Made to Measure
at no extra cost. Best quality materials only.
Zephyrs, Taffetas, Silks, Viyellas, Mercerized Cotton, Batiste, Linens &c., &c.
J. W. TACON
275-277 High Holborn, London, Eng.
We Stock Anderson's Best Egyptian Cotton Shirtings, etc.

Irish Linens
When you require household Linens of the best quality write to us and we shall be pleased to send you our illustrated Catalogue. Any orders placed with us will receive personal attention and if goods are not satisfactory we shall be pleased to refund the purchase money.

Handpainted Linen Damask
ANDERSON & McAULEY Limited
Established 1861 LINEN SPECIALISTS
Donegall Place, Belfast, Ireland

Blissett Jones Ltd
46 GOLDERS GREEN RD. LONDON N.W.11
GOLDERS GREEN Tel. SPEEDWELL 7662
Everything for Men
GREY FLANNEL TROUSERS From 12/6
CLUB BLAZERS SWEATERS to order in 7 to 10 days

Partridge & Cooper
Limited
Printers and Manufacturing Stationers
TWO POPULAR LINES
The Referee Housekeeping Book 2/-.
The Referee Investment Account Book 5/-; 9/6; 14/6.
191-192 FLEET STREET
LONDON, E. C. 4, ENGLAND
A large selection of SWAN FOUNT PENS always in stock.

PARIS BIARRITZ LE TOUQUET
Callot Sœurs LTD.
are now showing their
New Spring & Summer Models
7 BUCKINGHAM GATE
LONDON, ENGLAND
TELEPHONE VICTORIA 1235—6539

An INVESTMENT which ATTRACTS
Safety and security are the first essentials of an investment. Money invested in the Magnet Building Society is not only safe but shows a profit of 5 per cent.
5% Tax Paid
which is paid twice yearly. The strong financial position of the "Magnet" cannot be questioned. For over 60 years it has never failed to pay a dividend and has met all demands for capital repayment *promptly* and *fully*.
Shares may be bought by instalments.
Write for literature
The MAGNET BUILDING SOCIETY
MAGNET HOUSE, PADDINGTON GREEN, LONDON, W. 2, ENGLAND

SARAH - JANE
Is now showing a Spring and Summer Collection of Original Models
BY
JANE MUNNS
Gowns for Their Majesties' Courts & Ascot
19 Davies Street, Berkeley Square, W. 1.
(Mayfair 0608)

There is always a wide selection of Blouses at
D.H.Evans
In the Newest Styles and Materials AT INEXPENSIVE PRICES
Man-tailored Blouse of "Tengol" Macclesfield Washing Silk, made with the new round collar. Finished stitching down front. In Blue, Lime, Beige, Grey and Ivory. Sizes: 13, 13½, 14 and 14½ ins.... 29/6

D. H. Evans & Co., Ltd., Oxford St., London, W. 1

WANAMAKER'S
In The Drapery Shop
A Spring Ensemble of
Soft-Glaze Chintz

Ruffled Draperies ....pr. $1.69
Flounced Spreads....ea. $1.69
Dressing Table Skirts pr. $1.69
Scarfs 12 to 54 ins. 25c to 98c
Pillows 85c
Chintz to Match .....yd. 39c
A Lovely Candytuft Spray Pattern That Is Utterly Springlike
Drapes are luxuriously frilled . . . with Priscilla valance.
Spreads have self welting and full flouncing.
LIME GREEN BEIGE OLD BLUE
PEACH ROSE LAVENDER
Mail and telephone orders filled by Personal Service
WANAMAKER'S—DRAPERIES THIRD FLOOR, SOUTH BUILDING
John Wanamaker New York
Wanamaker Place—Ninth Street at Broadway

SENATE CLASH ON EXCISE TAX FORESHADOWED

White House Favors Merging of Bureaus to Aid Federal Saving

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, April 4 — The Senate Finance Committee under the veteran Senator Reed Smoot (R.) of Utah, chairman, was busy laying the basis today for hearings on the House tax bill, designed to offset the $1,241,000,000 deficit.

Mr. Ogden L. Mills, Secretary of the Treasury, will be the first witness called Wednesday before the Finance Committee, Senator Smoot said today.

There was every indication that the controversy over special excise taxes that was avoided in the House by the unusual speed with which the measures were rushed through would come to a correspondingly sharper focus in the Senate as a result. In this situation renewed attention is being given to the possibility of economies through consolidation of federal departments, repeatedly urged by the President.

President Hoover gave a specific example of this when last week he urged that the Shipping Board be legislated out of existence, and all other shipping activities of the Government brought into a single bureau. Many millions of dollars annually would be saved, the White House believes, by this one consolidation.

Trade Pressure

The tax situation as it faces the Senate will be a spur to careful re-examination of the whole fiscal situation. First of all, there is the tremendous pressure of organized interests, like the automobile industry, the stock exchange, real estate boards, and the like, seeking to remove the special excises voted by the House.

Such pressure is sure to cut down some of the expected receipts. In the next place there is the flat statement made by Mr. Ogden L. Mills, Secretary of the Treasury, on Saturday, that "The bill now contains serious defects and discriminations" which he hoped would be changed. This will be another incentive for revision.

Finally there is the feature of the House tax bill itself, ascribing $200,000,000 as the possible economy to be derived from reduction of administrative expenses.

The Administration takes the view that it would be much wiser to seek to secure this change by consolidation of bureaus through a fundamental reorganization than by a retrenchment in expenditures of the government divisions as they exist. President Hoover and the Budget Bureau, it is pointed out, made the drastic cut of $370,000,000 in the 1933 budget. If the departments and independent bureaus are not to be thoroughly overhauled, little more than this saving can be accomplished, it is felt.

Consolidations

"To accomplish a real reduction in cost," according to Mr. Mills, "there must be an elimination of duplication of effort through consolidation, the curtailment of unnecessary functions, and the suspension of certain activities during the period of emergency. To attain this goal will require not only legislation but close coöperation between the executive and legislative branches of the Government in carrying out such a program."

Despite the recommendations of Mr. Hoover and Mr. Mills, it is generally accepted that the Senate will exhaust the possibilities of economies in administrative phases of the bill before considering elimination or consolidation of executive offices.

House revenue bill calls for additional taxes of $1,063,000,000 and requires a reduction in President Hoover's annual budget etsimate of $200,000,000. House Ways and Mean Committee has reported seven of the appropriation bills, with an additional four practically complete. These bills will reduce Mr. Hoover's estimates by $150,000,000, including a $30,000,000 slice off the army and the navy bills, Representative Joseph W. Byrns (D.) of Tennessee, chairman of the committee, said today. Representative Byrns anticipates that an additional saving of $50,000,000 will be made on the Senate side.

Senate for Economy

The Senate shows a prevailing temper in favor of drastic economies. After consideration of the Interior Department bill for a fortnight, the body voted it back to committee with instructions to make a flat 10 per cent cut under the original House estimates. The same treatment was given to the so-called four department bill, including budgets for the State, Justice, Commerce and Labor Departments.

The 10 per cent flat cut proposal has opponents in the Senate as well as supporters. Many charge that it constitutes a haphazard form of economy, at a time when fundamental reorganization is required. It was learned today that Cabinet heads in charge of these departments asserted widespread discharge of employees, and curtailment of service would follow the proposed reduction. The report from the Postmaster-General was particularly frank in this respect.

Meanwhile the United States Chamber of Commerce, in a formal statement called on business throughout the country to coöperate so far as possible with efforts to institute new taxes, and emphasized the national emergency which has caused the big new revenue act to be written.

BEER BILL DEFEAT URGED BY HOWARD

Defeat of a similar beer bill in Congress is pointed to by Mr. Clinton N. Howard as good reason for the Massachusetts Senate letting its 4½ per cent beer plan "die where it lies." Mr. Howard, chairman of the National United Committee for Law Enforcement, declared this sentiment in four addresses yesterday, concluding with a union service at the First Methodist Episcopal Church in Hyde Park.

Two changes, an amendment providing that the law shall not become operative until after repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment and another providing that any city of the State shall by a referendum set aside the state law by increasing the alcoholic content to any degree desirable, he held as necessary if the bill is taken from the table. The latter, he said, would make operative the "principle of home rule—so sacred to opponents of all legislation which 'interferes with the personal liberty of the citizen.'"

Anti-Trust Law Changes Favored

Modification of the anti-trust laws to permit self-regulation by industry is the most common suggestion for improving business made by Massachusetts business men to Mr. Harvey A. Wooster, director of the Massachusetts special commission on stabilization of employment.

The commission has been seeking proposals from all quarters as to what can be done to stabilize employment. Some form of unemployment insurance is the most frequently recurring remedial suggestion from people not actively engaged in business, Mr. Wooster said.

The roll call of ideas resulted in indictment of inadequate control of the credit system, overproduction and high pressure salesmanship as the primary malefactors in the derangement of business, Mr. Wooster found. A large proportion of the suggestions were found to advocate voluntary regulation of production by industry on the assumption that the American people would not tolerate effective governmental regulation. Unemployment insurance was widely urged as a palliative, with conviction being expressed that such insurance will find Governmental intervention essential. A somewhat unusual remedy advocated balancing urban and rural development by removing industries in part to smaller towns where workers may farm when industrial employment is not offered.

New Plymouth Details Announced

DETROIT, April 4—Details of the new Plymouth motorcar, which its maker, Mr. Walter P. Chrysler, said was developed to compete for business in the low-priced field, were announced Saturday.

Of 112-inch wheel base and with 65-horsepower engine, the new Plymouth retains floating power engine mountings, free wheeling, silent second transmission, hydraulic brakes and safety-steel body, and the addition is announced, at the buyer's option, of a full automatic clutch at $8 extra. A rigid X, double drop frame also is a new feature.

Nine body styles are to be presented at the following prices: Business roadster, $495; business coupé, $565; sport roadster, $595; coupé with rumble seat, $610; four-door, three-window sedan, $635; convertible coupé, $645; seven-passenger sedan, $725, and convertible sedan, $785.

SHORT WAVE UNITES PLANE WITH HOME

HARTFORD, Conn., April 4 (AP)—Short wave radio was credited with another feat yesterday when Mr. Joseph Lyman of Boston, pilot of a plane equipped with a five-meter radio apparatus, flew above Mount Holyoke, Mass., and conversed with his mother, seated at a telephone in her home at Northampton.

The conversation was a demonstration of ultra-high frequency, or ultra-short wave radio communication, a new field which experts said promises important developments in restricted radio communication. Arrangements for the conversation, believed by experts to be the first of its kind, were made by the American Radio Relay League, which has its headquarters in Hartford.

ACTION IS CALLED HOSTILE TO HOOVER

Republicans who are seeking to resubmit the Eighteenth Amendment to a national referendum are called foes of President Hoover in a resolution which has been adopted by the Citizens' Dry Campaign Committee of Massachusetts. It added that President Hoover "was elected by the drys, and he will not desert his friends to please his enemies."

The resolution suggested the resignation of Cabinet officers who are working for repeal on the ground that "anyone who is trying to put a resubmission plank in the platform is working either for" President Hoover's "elimination or his defeat." Copies of the resolution were sent to Mr. Walter F. Brown, Postmaster-General; Mr. Ogden L. Mills, Secretary of the Treasury, and Mr. Patrick J. Hurley, Secretary of War, as well as Republican delegates from Massachusetts to the National Convention and Mr. Louis K. Liggett, National Committeeman.

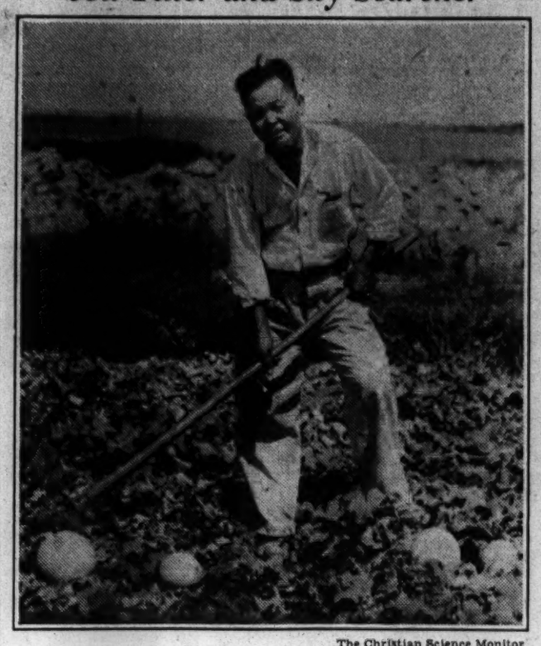
WEST VIRGINIA LINE ASKS $7,608,582 LOAN

WASHINGTON, April 4 (AP)—The Pittsburgh & West Virginia Railway Company today applied to the Interstate Commerce Commission for permission to issue $20,000,000 of 6 per cent gold bonds to pledge to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation for a $7,608,582 loan.

The bonds would be issued on April 1, 1932, and mature April 1, 1952. The loan from the Reconstruction Finance Corporation will be used to meet interest and principal coming due on other obligations this year.

NEW YORK CITY
Annuities
Written for
MEN and WOMEN
AS WELL AS ALL KINDS OF
INSURANCE
ARTHUR H. COHEN
10 E. 43rd St. VA 3-5460

Soil Tiller and Sky Searcher



The Christian Science Monitor

MASAJI NAGATA IN HIS MELON PATCH

Cantaloupes or Comets, Nagata Knows Their Habits

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

BRAWLEY, Calif. — Mr. Masaji Nagata of the lettuce patch, who brought a new comet into the ken of the astronomical world last July, using a little telescope with a lens of three inches in diameter, is quite content to stay among his cantaloupes, alfalfa, lettuces and things. Discovering celestial bodies that the astronomers overlook, even with their giant refractors, reflectors and delicate instruments, is only an avocation with Mr. Nagata.

When the Klieg lights of world publicity rested on his toiling back he was a foreman on a big Imperial Valley produce ranch, near Brawley, and he was astonished at the hullabaloo from Mount Wilson and Lick observatories. He was genuinely distressed when on Sept. 10 a delegation from the Astronomical Society of the Pacific found him in a new hiding place, for he had left the big ranch, and without fanfare or noise had bought a little place of his own, six miles out on a back trail into the desert near Westmorland.

Medal Presented

The delegation came to present him with the James A. Donohue medal, and was headed by Mr. R. G. Aitken, director of Lick Observatory near San Jose. He was sure he didn't merit any such recognition, and stood aghast, kicking the toe of one shoe on the heel of the other, when it was said that the new comet would be named the Nagata comet, for him.

"Name it for someone more worthy," he said, with downcast head.

Discuss soil, lettuce growing, and Nagata will talk sagely and at length, but try to discuss comets or Nagata himself, and he has little to say, and that little has to be drawn from him. But there are ways—

Masaji, or Masani Nagata—the j and n are pronounced almost alike in Japanese, he says—Masaji is the way he spells it, but Masani is the way it appears on his passport now 24 years old, found the newly recognized celestial visitant on July 15 at about 8:15 o'clock at night as he scanned the heavens with his small telescope.

It has been reported erroneously that his instrument was a home-made one, but he says it was a Zeiss glass with a three-inch lens. It was little better than a good field glass, with about the same range as a telescope used by officers on the bridge of ocean liners.

The comet came into his view after he had swept Neptune and invaded the constellation of Leo. He found it not far from the star Rho Lexis, about 10 degrees to the right of Mars.

Wrote of Discovery

He wrote at once of his discovery to Mount Wilson Observatory, apologizing for bothering them and asking confirmation. His first letter was ignored. A few days later he wrote another letter inclosing two photographic plates of his discovery, and again asking confirmation. And recognition came—stunningly and distressingly for Nagata—at once.

And so it is that the name of Nagata is now inscribed with that of Halley, who rediscovered the comet that bears his name on April 27, 1704, but known to the Chinese in 240 B. C., and which is a visitor to the firmament of earth at regular intervals, with that of Brooks, of Morehouse, and Pons-Winnecke.

Mr. Nagata was born in Ibarki-Ken Japan. When he was 21 he came to the United States, where he has lived for 24 years. He always has been a farmer. His father was a farmer before him. It was from his father, too, that Nagata got his love of astronomy.

Now, encouraged by the comet that he has wooed from the firmament, he is having manufactured to his own design a small reflecting telescope to complement the refractory one with which he made his discovery.

Wool Corporation Widens Activities

About 400 woolen and worsted manufacturers and other consumers of wool of all grades, throughout the United States, are customers of the National Wool Marketing Corporation, according to a survey just concluded, it is announced at Boston headquarters of the organization, which represents some 35,000 wool growers of the nation.

Buyers from the largest wool consuming firms in the United States to the small local firms in eastern and western sections of the country were shown to be customers of the coöperative selling group, by the survey. Buyers represent about 95 per cent of the bulk of raw wool consumers in the nation, since larger mills are contacted directly from Boston headquarters of the cooperative, where wool is stored and graded.

Value of coöperative marketing is stressed by the organization, since mills have been forced to buy in small quantities during the last eight months, because of stiff competition and less business.

OVERSEAS TRADE GAINS

Foreign commerce of the port of Boston gained considerably in March and for the first quarter of the year, as compared with a year ago, as reflected in customs statistics. Vessels arriving here from foreign ports during the first three months of 1932 totaled 354 steamers and five schooners, a gain of 26 vessels. Passengers arriving at Boston from foreign ports in this period were 4704, which is 1939 more than in the same quarter a year ago.

Lindbergh Takes Trip in Search For Missing Baby

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, April 4—Hope that negotiations for the return of Charles Augustus Lindbergh Jr. to his parents were progressing favorably was strengthened today by unusual activities at the Lindbergh estate at Hopewell, N. J., and the absence of one of the Norfolk, Va., intermediaries from his home over the week-end.

Col. Charles A. Lindbergh, who, since the disappearance of the baby on March 1, has maintained a close vigil near the private telephone over which he hoped the abductors would communicate with him, made his first extended trip from his estate, leaving there without being observed and returning at about 12:30 o'clock this morning. No information could be obtained as to where he went or how long he was gone, except that the Associated Press, in a copyrighted article, reported that he had driven away in his own motorcar Saturday afternoon.

The first knowledge of his trip reached the press when his automobile drove up to his estate this morning. He traveled by way of the Province, Line Road, a rough highway used by few automobiles and, stopping beside a press car in the roadway, inquired whether the men in it were police. Upon being told it was a press car, Colonel Lindbergh said, "thank you," and drove on to his home.

Shortly before Colonel Lindbergh's return, Lieut. Walter Coughlin, official spokesman for the state police at Trenton, issued a statement denying that either the Colonel or Mrs. Lindbergh had left the estate. "I wish to deny on behalf of the state police that either Colonel or Mrs. Lindbergh has left Hopewell at any time over the week-end," the statement said. It was reported that Mrs. Lindbergh drove away from her home some time on Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Dwight W. Morrow.

Col. H. Norman Schwarzhopf, head of the New Jersey state police, replied to inquiries with the remark that "no questions regarding the doings of the Lindberghs can be answered."

Meanwhile, reports from Norfolk revealed that Mr. John H. Curtis, the shipbuilder who has been acting as an intermediary with the supposed kidnapers, left his home early on Saturday morning and had not returned at midnight Sunday. Rear Admiral Guy H. Burrage and the Rev. H. Dobson-Peacock, who were associated with Mr. Curtis in his efforts to recover the baby, were reported to have admitted that the shipbuilder's week-end trip was connected with negotiations with the supposed kidnapers.

FLIER DROPS PAPER ON SHIP

NEW YORK, April 4 (AP)—Mr. Clyde Pangborn, transpacific flier, piloted an airplane over the outbound ship Reliance Saturday to drop a $30,000,000 Venezuelan oil pipe line contract which was not ready when the ship sailed.

Photo by Anne Shriber

HOW THE BROWNS
SAVED $52.87
ON AUTOMOBILE AND FIRE INSURANCE

MR. B.—You've handled our household budget beautifully, Mary, and reduced all our living expenses except insurance.

MRS. B.—*It wouldn't be safe to reduce these. We might lose everything we own.*

Well, my dear, we can save money on our insurance without sacrificing a bit of protection. Frank Marshall told me some facts about insurance that will surprise you. We could have been saving $0.20 to $0.35 cents out of every $1.00 we have ever spent for our insurance.

Why, John, that hardly seems possible!

As Frank explains it, he insures with Liberty Mutual and, as a policyholder, he is one of the owners of that company. It's a Mutual Company and they pay dividends to their policyholders instead of to stockholders. He has received dividends each year of 20%. We've been placing our automobile and fire insurance with a stock company, and we haven't got back any dividends at all.

Aren't all companies organized the same way?

No! There is a big difference between companies. The Liberty was organized to serve its policyholders — not for private gain. They sell direct—no commissions to brokers and agents —so their selling expense is a lot lower than in stock companies.

They insure preferred risks only and their losses are much lower. They sell a dollar's worth of automobile insurance for less than one-third what the average company spends. And in the Liberty, this means a lot to us because of their mutual plan of returning profits to policyholders.

How silly we've been to pay out all that extra money!

Yes! Last year we paid total premiums of $210.36 for fire insurance on the house, rent insurance, residence liability, burglary, windstorm, and automobile insurance. By placing all these with Liberty and its affiliated company, United Mutual, we would have earned dividends which would have reduced the net cost of our insurance to $157.49. We would have saved $52.87.

We could certainly use that money. Are they both strong financially?

The Assets of the two companies amount to $26,531,171, with Reserves of $21,203,058 and a combined Surplus of $5,328,113 (December 31, 1931).

Will they pay us promptly if we should have an automobile accident or a fire?

Of course—that's another advantage of their direct-dealing plan — no third-party delays or misunderstandings. Liberty is noted for its promptness and fairness in settling losses. It has a fine record of keeping its policyholders out of trouble and out of court.

Why haven't you learned these facts before?

Oh, I never really thought about insurance. I drifted into the habit of giving all our insurance to brokers years ago because I played golf with them. But now I'm awake—and so are thousands of other businessmen.

I know you are. Don't forget to call Liberty Mutual tomorrow.

● Call up or call at one of the Liberty offices below—today. A trained representative will give all the details about your fire, automobile and other insurance and will not annoy you with high-pressure selling. Or, send coupon below for information as to how you may make the savings listed above. Do it today—so you won't forget it tomorrow.

CONSIDER THESE TYPICAL
SAVINGS
The figures below show how our dividends—which have always ranged from 20% to 35%—reduced the cost of insurance by $52.87 for a family in White Plains, N. Y., in 1931.

Kinds of Insurance	Standard Premium —mutual or non-mutual companies	Liberty-United *Net Premiums Were	Liberty-United* Savings Were
Automobile	$117.40	$92.95	$24.45
Burglary	20.00	16.00	4.00
Residence & Employer's Liability	7.50	6.00	1.50
Dwelling Fire	52.10	33.86	18.24
Windstorm	10.00	6.50	3.50
Rent	3.36	2.18	1.18
Totals	$210.36	$157.49	$52.87

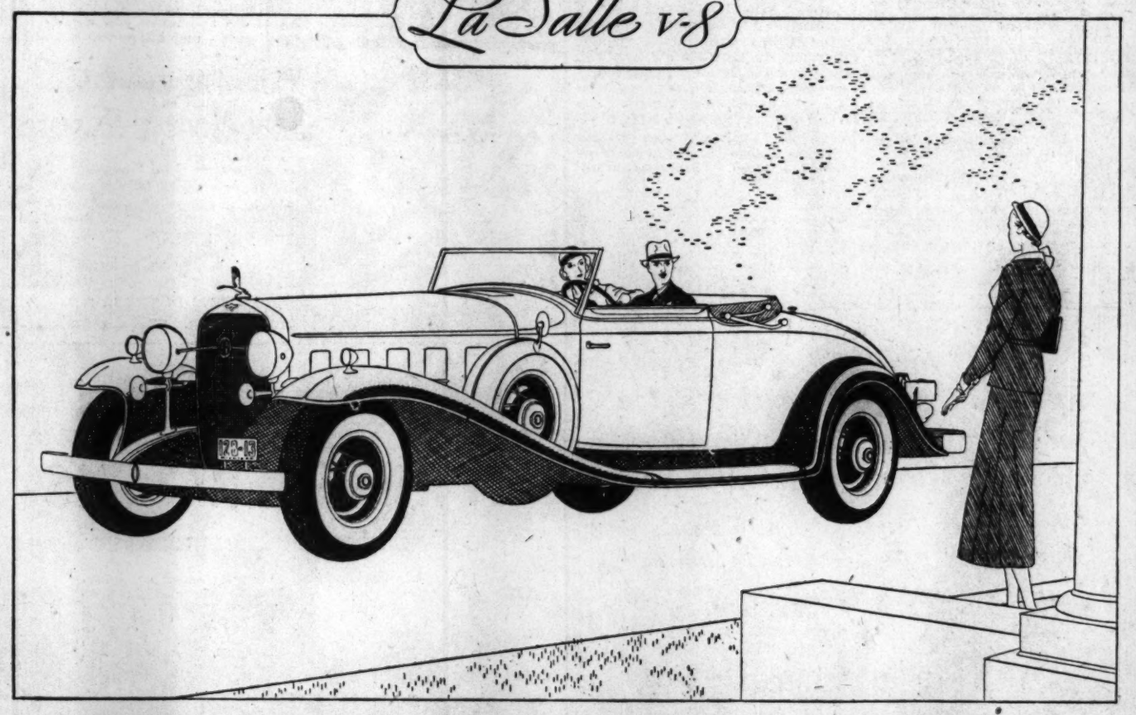
* Liberty and United have returned these dividends for many years.

LIBERTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY
UNITED MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
Home Offices . . . BOSTON

Massachusetts Offices in Brockton, Fall River, Fitchburg, Framingham, Haverhill, Lawrence, Lowell, Lynn, New Bedford, Pittsfield, Salem, Springfield, Worcester, and in all principal cities throughout the country, including New York, Newark, Hartford, New Haven, Providence, Portland, Manchester, N. H., Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, D. C., Pittsburgh, Buffalo, Rochester, Albany, Syracuse, Richmond, Roanoke, Norfolk, Atlanta.

This Coupon May Save You Up To $52.87
MAIL IT TODAY!
LIBERTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY
31 St. James Avenue, Boston, Mass. CSM 4-4.
Send me a copy of your FREE booklet. I would like to know exactly how much I could have saved by buying all of my insurance direct from you.
Name_____
Address_____
City & State_____

La Salle V-8



Cadillac Invites You To RIDE · DRIVE · COMPARE—
for the difference between motor cars is greater today than ever

The basic superiority of Cadillac and La Salle has never been so instantly obvious as it is today — for now it is revealed, with unmistakable clearness, in the very first mile at the wheel! No matter *what* your experience with motor cars may have been — the new Cadillacs and La Salles will open your eyes to performance you have never known before. Their big, powerful motors can scarcely be heard at all. Regardless of what gear you drive in—there is no mechanical sound of any description. You ride with a balanced buoyancy that is most delightful to experience. And you travel the roughest highways as if you were glued to the road. Thousands of people have driven these cars — and their enthusiasm has known no bounds. In fact, approximately *two* out of every *five* who have bought cars at or above La Salle's base price, since the first of this year, have chosen either Cadillac or La Salle. And in almost every instance, the choice was based on *performance* — on the sheer superiority that a demonstration revealed. Come drive these cars today. And then — if you care to — drive *other* cars, and compare. You'll discover the greatest difference since motor car history began!

SEE THE NATIONAL EXHIBIT GENERAL MOTORS PRODUCTS
During the remainder of this week—up to and including Saturday evening—the General Motors Corporation is holding in this city a most unusual exhibit of all its products. Including all General Motors' passenger and commercial cars—all its automotive accessory products—and all its household products and appliances—this Exhibit is one of the most interesting commercial showings ever held. Admission is free—so be sure to see it.

La Salle prices from $2395, f. o. b. Detroit ☆ The G.M.A.C. plan of payment is recommended to all buyers of Cadillac and La Salle motor cars. ☆ Cadillac prices from $2795, f. o. b. Detroit

CADILLAC MOTOR CAR COMPANY
DIVISION OF GENERAL MOTORS
DETROIT, MICHIGAN

'MELTING POT' BOILED EARLY, DR. HART FINDS

Historian Notes Unity of Races at Time of the Revolution

The great American "melting pot" had begun to boil and out of it had come the beginnings of a new nationality, even before the Revolution, Dr. Albert Bushnell Hart, of Harvard University, indicates in his pamphlet on "Race Elements in Washington's Time."

The pamphlet, published as part of the work of the Massachusetts George Washington Bicentennial Commission, of which Dr. Hart is ex-officio chairman, and historian, traces the development of the colonies from the racial standpoint and notes particularly the unity and national feeling evident at the time of the Revolution.

Irish, Scots, Welsh, Germans, Dutch, Swedes, Danes, Norwegians, Finns, French and Jews joined the English immigrants in seeking independence. Although the English comprised from 67 to 82 per cent of the population at that time, according to Dr. Hart's booklet, these minority groups are credited with considerable influence in the affairs of the colonies, in the Revolution and in the formation of the Federal Government. Not a single race as a whole, Dr. Hart says, came out against independence, though some were divided.

Dr. Hart lists the three great triumphs of the American people as: Bringing together the 13 separate colonies and making out of them the foundation of a great nation; bringing into one great community the eight or ten races which colonized in North America, without obliterating the race memories and race pride of the different groups; and founding a government within which members of every state and of every race have an equal part. He notes that many historians fail to recognize the importance of these racial elements, merely classifying the colonies into three divisions, the New England Puritans, the Virginia Cavaliers, and the mixed peoples of the middle colonies.

Dr. Hart, in an interview, denied a current story to the effect that half of Washington's army were Irish. This story, he advised, developed from a statement of one Joseph Galloway, a colonist who went over to the British, and before Parliament in London declared that half the deserters from the American army were Irish. As a matter of fact, Dr. Hart said, only about one-quarter of Washington's officers had Irish or Scots-Irish names, and probably a much smaller proportion in the ranks was of this nationality.

No method has been found, Dr. Hart says, to determine the religious affiliations of these Irish immigrants, but it is known that a good proportion of them were from northern Ireland, and thus Protestants.

It is particularly interesting in Dr. Hart's account to find mention of an "American type" this early in New World history. Dr. Hart quotes Crèvecoeur, in his book entitled "The American Farmer," published in 1782:

"He is an American, who, leaving behind him all his ancient prejudices and manners, receives new ones from the new mode of life he has embraced, the new government he obeys, and the new rank he holds. He becomes an American by being received in the broad lap of our great 'Alma Mater.' Here individuals of all nations are melted into a new race of men whose labours and posterity will one day cause great changes in the world. . . ."

Colors Still Hold After 4500 Years

Even after the passage of forty-five centuries the wall reliefs from the Fourth Dynasty of ancient Egypt still show brilliant coloration, said Mr. Joseph L. Smith, honorary curator of Egyptian art at the Museum of Fine Arts, in his talk at the museum yesterday. Mr. Smith's topic was "Two painters of the Wall Sculptures of Queen Meresankh III." He has just returned from his annual trip to Egypt.

"The ancient painter," he said, "used a bright, gay palette—reds, blues, greens, lavenders, purples and yellows. The centuries have dulled the colors somewhat, but that only makes them lovelier to us, because more mellow. The base of the paint was the white of an egg, which does not disintegrate in time. The ancient artists first cut out the bas-relief and then colored it. In some of the murals they did not quite hit the sculptured lines with the color so it is not quite accurate."

Mr. Smith called attention particularly to the humanness of the paintings. He showed a slide of one where the Queen was receiving her "man of business" with his report. She apparently found statistics boring so she is smelling a flower and looking over his head. After the lecture, Mr. Smith invited the audience to view an exhibition of his copies of the ancient paintings in the Egyptian department of the museum.

DEMAND FOR HELP SHOWS SOME GAIN

There was a slight improvement in the demand for building tradesmen, automobile and shipyard mechanics in Massachusetts during March, the State Public Employment Office announced today. During the month, 22 of the 37 former war service men referred to employers were reported placed.

More than 400 persons received jobs through the State Employment Office in March, as compared with 291 persons in February and 282 in January.

A Weekly Dialer's Guide

A Selected Group of Programs Is Offered

Time is eastern standard. NBC and CBS are National Broadcasting Company and Columbia Broadcasting System networks. Extent of network indicated by "transcontinental" or "to WOW, Omaha."

WEEK OF APRIL 4-10

MONDAY, APRIL 4

"Throbs of the Music Clef," a new program for children conducted by children, features the music and stories in drama of the great composers. The first composer will be Bach. WEAF chain, 11 a. m. Mary Wilkins's story, "The Church Mouse," will be given in the Socony period, WEAF, 8. The Negro spiritual, "Water Boy," and "Toreador Song" from "Carmen" are Lawrence Tibbett's principal solos, WEAF, 8:30. The five G. M. programs on the air will join hands in a special hour "family party," the feature being Gershwin's "Rhapsody in Blue" by Paul Whiteman's Orchestra, WEAF, 9:30.

7:45-8—Billy Jones and Ernie Hare. Monday to Friday. NBC—WJZ to WFAA.
8-8:30—Sacony-land Sketch. "The Church Mouse." NBC—WEAF to WBEN.
8:15-8:30—"Singin' Sam," baritone. Mon., Wed., Fri. CBS to KOIL.
8:15-8:45—Guy Lombardo's Royal Canadians. CBS—Dixie network.
8:30-9—Death Valley Days Sketch. NBC—WJZ transcontinental.
8:30-9—Voice of Firestone. Lawrence Tibbett, baritone. NBC—WEAF to WOAL.
8:45-9—"Col. Stoopnagle and Budd." Mon. and Wed. CBS to KLZ.
9-9:30—A. & P. Gypsies. Orchestra; soloist. NBC—WEAF to WOW.
9:30-10:30—General Motors Gala Program. Soloists; vocal groups; orchestras. NBC—WEAF transcontinental.
10-10:30—"With Canada's Mounted." NBC—WJZ chain.
10-10:30—Guy Lombardo's Royal Canadians. Burns and Allen, comedy team. CBS transcontinental.
10-10:30—"Arabesque" Sketch. CBS—Dixie network.
10:30-10:45—Boswell Sisters. Orchestra. Mon. and Thurs. CBS transcontinental.
10:30-11—National Radio Forum. Speakers. NBC—WEAF transcontinental.
10:45-11—Pickens Sisters. Female trio. Mon. to Fri. NBC—WJZ chain.

TUESDAY, APRIL 5

Former Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes, distinguished jurist and son of the noted author, is the subject of "Stories of the Living Great," CBS, 11:15 a. m.; compositions of Ethelbert Nevin will be reviewed in "Musical Americana," CBS, 3:30; a new series, "You and Your Government," will be inaugurated by Mr. John Finley and Prof. Thomas H. Reed, who will speak on "The Citizen and His Government," WJZ, 8; the National Oratorio Society is substituted for the Fuller Man, WEAF, 9:30; Elsa Alsen, Wagnerian soprano of the Metropolitan, and Howard Barlow's orchestra are heard in an entire Wagner Columbia Concerts period, CBS, 11.

8-8:30—Julia Sanderson and Frank Crumit. NBC—WEAF to WOW.
8-8:30—"You and Your Government." "The Citizen and His Government," Mr. John Finley and Prof. Thomas H. Reed. NBC—WJZ transcontinental.
8:15-8:30—John Kelvin, Irish tenor. Orchestra. CBS—Dixie network.
8:30-8:45—"Col. Stoopnagle and Budd." CBS—Dixie network.
8:45-9—Radio Rostrum. Speakers. CBS—Dixie network.
9-9:30—Ben Bernie and his orchestra. CBS transcontinental.
9-9:30—Musical Magazine. Soloist; orchestra. NBC—WEAF transcontinental.
9-9:30—Household Program. Soloists; players; orchestra. NBC—WJZ to WREN.
9:30-10—National Oratorio Society. NBC—WEAF transcontinental.
9:30-10—"Great Personalities." Talk; orchestra. NBC—WJZ to WREN.
9:30-10—"Mardi Gras." Soloists; orchestra. CBS—Dixie network.
10-10:15—"The Voice of 1000 Shades." Jack Kerr; orchestra. CBS transcontinental.
10:15-10:30—Modern Male Chorus. CBS to KMBC.
11-11:30—Columbia Concerts Program. Elsa Alsen; orchestra. CBS transcontinental.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 6

Test your ability to remember and discriminate between types of music in Walter Damrosch's Musical Discrimination Contest, on both NBC chains at 2:15; Chausson's "Poeme," Olive Gould, violin soloist, and Goldmark's "Rustic Wedding Symphony" will be played in the Eastman School Symphony Orchestra period, WJZ, 4:30; Grace Moore, Metropolitan Opera soprano, is soloist for a limited period on the Goodyear program, WEAF, 9; De Wolf Hopper, veteran actor, will recite his noted classic, "Casey at the Bat," WEAF, 10; Secretary of War Patrick J. Hurley and Senator Simeon D. Fess of Ohio will speak in a special Army Day program, WEAF, 10:30; Tchaikovsky's "Marche Slav" and "Largo" from the "New World Symphony" are the best known compositions in the Columbia Symphony's half hour, CBS, 11.

8-8:30—"Big Time," sketch; orchestra. NBC—WEAF to WOW.
8:15-8—Light Opera Gems. Act II, "Yeomen of the Guard." CBS—Dixie network.
8:30-9—"Old Counselor." Financial talk; orchestra. NBC—WEAF transcontinental.
8:30-9—Jack Frost's Melody Moments. Soloist; orchestra. NBC—WJZ to WLS.
9-9:30—Goodyear Program. Grace Moore; Revelers Quartet; orchestra. NBC—WEAF transcontinental.
9-9:30—Adventures of Sherlock Holmes, NBC—WJZ to WREN.
9:30-10—Mobiloil Orchestra. Soloists. NBC—WEAF transcontinental.
9:30-10—Ann Leaf, organist; Ben Alley, tenor. CBS—Dixie network.
10-10:15—Ruth Etting. Shilkret's Orchestra. Wednesday and Saturday. CBS transcontinental.
10-10:30—String dance orchestra. Speaker; soloist. NBC—WEAF transcontinental.
10:15-10:30—"The Tune Detective." Sigmund Spaeth. NBC—WJZ to WREN.
10:30-10:45—Norman Brokenshire. Welcome Lewis; orchestra. CBS to KMBC.
10:30-11—Army Day Program. Speakers; United States Army Band. NBC—WEAF transcontinental.
11-11:30—Columbia Symphony Orchestra. Wed. and Fri. CBS transcontinental.

THURSDAY, APRIL 7

B. A. Rolfe and his orchestra make their première tonight in a Thursday and Friday series at 8:30 over the WJZ chain; "Real Folks," moving from CBS to NBC, occupy the network position formerly held by Maxwell, WJZ, 9:30; Toscha Seidel, violinist, and Ossip Giskin, cellist, conclude Brahms's "Concerto for Violin and 'Cello" tonight CBS at 11.

8-9—Rudy Vallee's Orchestra. Ray Perkins. NBC—WEAF transcontinental.
8:15-8:30—Rin-Tin-Tin Thriller. Sketch. NBC—WJZ to WREN.
8:15-8:30—"Quiet Harmonies." Trio; orchestra. CBS—Dixie.
8:30-9—"The Daguerrotypes." Soloist; quartet; orchestra. CBS—Dixie.
9-9:30—Big Six of the Air. Soloists; piano duo; quartet; orchestra. NBC—WEAF transcontinental.
9-9:30—Julia Sanderson and Frank Crumit. Guitar ensemble. NBC—WJZ to WCKY.
9-9:15—Vaughn De Leath, contralto. Piano duo. CBS—Dixie network.
9:15-9:30—Ted Husing's Sportslants. Irene Beasley; orchestra. CBS to KMOX.
9:30-9:45—"Bromfield Album." Soloists; orchestra. CBS—Dixie network.
9:30-10—Rudyard Kipling Stories. NBC—WEAF to WOW.
9:30-10—"Real Folks" Sketch. NBC—WJZ transcontinental.
10-10:30—"The Man in the Front Row." Edwin C. Hill; soloist; orchestra. CBS to KLZ.
10-10:30—A. & P. Gypsies. Horlick's Orchestra; soloist. NBC—WJZ to WREN.
11-11:30—Tosche Seidel, violinist. Orchestra. CBS transcontinental.

FRIDAY, APRIL 8

Lizst's "Les Préludes" is Walter Damrosch's choice for his lecture on "The Symphonic Poem," and Richard Strauss's "Death and Transfiguration" for his story of the modern German composer in the Music Appreciation Hour, WEAF and WJZ, 11 a. m.; Ibsen's "The Doll's House" is the Radio Guild production, WJZ, 4:15; the Curtis Orchestra, Fritz Reiner, conductor, and Ethel Stark, violinist, are heard in the first movement of a Tchaikovsky concerto, CBS, 4:45; Janet Reade, musical comedy singer, is soloist of the Nestle period, WJZ, 8.

8-8:30—Nestle Orchestra. Janet Reade soloist. NBC—WJZ to KOIL.
8-9—Cities Service Hour. Jessica Dragonette; Cavaliers; orchestra. NBC—WEAF transcontinental.
8:15-8:30—Modern Male Chorus. CBS—Dixie network.
8:30-9—"Today and Yesterday." Sketches; soloists; orchestra. CBS to WRR.
9-9:30—"Friendship Town." NBC—WJZ transcontinental.
9-9:30—Pillsbury Pageant. "Street Singer"; orchestra. CBS transcontinental.
9:30-9:45—"To the Ladies." Tito Guizar; orchestra. CBS to KRLD.
9:30-10—Armour Program. Irvin S. Cobb. NBC—WJZ transcontinental.
9:30-10—Leo Reisman's Orchestra. Soloists NBC—WEAF to WOW.
9:45-10—"Beau Bachelor." Sketch; music. CBS transcontinental.
10-10:30—Paul Whiteman's Chieftains. NBC—WJZ transcontinental.
10:30-11—RKO Theater of the Air. NBC—WEAF transcontinental.

SATURDAY, APRIL 9

The second and third acts of Gounod's "Romeo and Juliet," based on Shakespeare's play, will be transmitted from the Metropolitan Opera House this afternoon at 2:45 over the WEAF chain with Grace Moore as "Juliet" and Beniamino Gigli as "Romeo."

We have heard of music with the bath towel, but tonight Columbia's new program, the "Laboratory Experiment Series," will produce music by the bath towel, demonstrating that phenomenon known as "capillary action." Extremely sensitive microphones will amplify water soaking up a towel, ginger ale "fizz" and water soaking into wood, CBS, 8:30.

8-8:15—Fray and Braggiotti, pianists. CBS transcontinental.
8-8:30—Civic Concerts Service Program. Soloist; orchestra. NBC—WEAF to WOW.
8:30-8:45—"Laboratory Experiment Series." CBS transcontinental.
8:30-9—"Dance With Countess D'Orsay." Soloist; orchestra. NBC—WJZ to WREN.
8:45-9—Vaughn De Leath. Orchestra. CBS transcontinental.
9-9:30—Arthur Pryor's Band. Revelers Quartet. NBC—WEAF transcontinental.
9-9:30—Sinclair Minstrels. NBC—WJZ chain.
9:30-10—The First Nighter. "Thunderland." NBC—WJZ transcontinental.
10:15-10:30—"Snoop and Perp." NBC—WJZ to WREN.
10:15-10:45—Columbia Public Affairs Institute. CBS transcontinental.
10:45-11—"Twenty Fingers of Harmony." Organ and piano. NBC—WJZ to WREN.
10:45-11—Arthur Jarrett, songs. Orchestra. CBS transcontinental.

SUNDAY, APRIL 10

Today: Sir James Jeans, British physicist, speaking from London, CBS, 12:30. Items by Arnold Bax and Frederick Delius, contemporary English composers; the Bohemian, Smetana, and Russians, Tchaikovsky and Rimsky-Korsakoff, New York Philharmonic-Symphony, Sir Thomas Beecham, conducting, CBS, 3. Attillio Baggiore, tenor, in Garden Party, WJZ, 3:30. Jane Froman, soloist in new Iodent series, WEAF, 4. Program from Paris, WJZ, 4. John McCormack, tenor, in G. E. Circle, WEAF, 5:30. Election returns from Berlin, WEAF, 6:30. Sylvia Froos, regular soloist with "The Three Bakers," WJZ, 7:30. Irvin S. Cobb, speaking on "The Human Touch in the Work," WEAF, 10:15. Flying the air mail with three pilots near Newark, Chicago and San Francisco, WEAF, 11:30.

1-2—NBC Symphonic Hour. Walter Damrosch, conductor. NBC—WJZ transcontinental.
1:45-2:30—Pop Concert. Concert orchestra; soloists. NBC—WEAF transcontinental.
2-2:30—Yardley Program. Leslie Howard, actor; Mischa Levitski, pianist. NBC—WJZ to KOIL.
3-5—New York Philharmonic-Symphony Orchestra, Sir Thomas Beecham, conductor. CBS transcontinental.
4-4:15—International Broadcast From Paris. NBC—WJZ chain.
5:30-6—G. E. Circle. John McCormack, tenor. NBC—WEAF transcontinental.
6-6:30—"Quiet Harmonies." Female trio; orchestra. CBS—Dixie network.
6:30-7—International Broadcast From Berlin. Elections returns. NBC—WEAF chain.
6:30-7—"K-7." Secret service stories. NBC—WJZ to WREN.
7-7:15—"The World's Business." Dr. Julius Klein. CBS transcontinental.
7:30-8—"Orchestra Gems." Symphony orchestra; soloist. NBC—WEAF to WLS.
7:45-8—Theo Karle, tenor. Sorey Orchestra. CBS—Dixie network.
8-8:30—Ziegfeld Radio Show. CBS transcontinental.
8-9—Rainoff's Orchestra. George Jessel. NBC—WEAF to WOW.
8:15-9:15—Collier's Hour. Talks; sketches; music. NBC—WJZ transcontinental.
9:15-9:45—American Album of Familiar Composers. Soloists; orchestra. NBC—WEAF transcontinental.
9:45-10:15—Buick Revelers. Olga Albani; quartet; orchestra. NBC—WEAF transcontinental.
9:45-10:15—"Making the Movies." Burlesque sketch; music. NBC—WJZ to KOIL.
10:15-10:20—"What Would You Do?" "The Human Touch in the Work," Irvin S. Cobb. NBC—WEAF to WOW.
10:20-10:45—Gordon String Quartet. NBC—WEAF to KFYR.
10:15-10:45—"The Old Singing Master." NBC—WJZ transcontinental.
10:30-11—Ernest Hutcheson, pianist. Concert orchestra. CBS transcontinental.
10:45-11:30—Archer Gibson, concert organist. NBC—WJZ to KOIL.

Registered at the Christian Science Publishing House

Among the visitors from various parts of the world who registered at the Christian Science Publishing House yesterday were the following:

Harland A. Wade, Allston, Mass.
Donald E. Reed, Allston, Mass.
Charles Chadwick, Jamaica Plain, Mass.
Harriet E. McKee, Cambridge, Mass.
Mrs. Nell M. Billings, Kansas City, Mo.
Earle F. Billings, Kansas City, Mo.
H. L. Rockwell, Utica, N. Y.
Reginald Sandbrook, Greenwich, N. Y.
Gertrude Kitchell, Michigan City, Ind.
Maurice J. Clough, Rutherford, N. J.
Lawrence J. Lake, Brixham, Devon, Eng.

SYRACUSE LIGHTING EARNINGS

SYRACUSE, April 4—Syracuse Lighting Company reports for the year ended Dec. 31, 1931, net income of $1,951,508 after depreciation, taxes, interest, etc., compared with $1,989,863 in 1930.

Radio Tonight

EASTERN STANDARD TIME

WEEI, Boston (590kc-508m)

5:00 p. m.—NBC, "Caravan" sketch; string quartet.
5:15 NBC, Skippy," children's program.
5:30 NBC, John Fogarty, tenor.
5:45 NBC, Concert orchestra; soloist.
6:00 NBC, Detectives Black and Blue.
6:15 The Piccirum Players.
6:30 "The Old Painter."
6:34 Studio announcements; news.
6:45 Dramatization.
7:15 NBC, Campbell's Orchestra.
7:30 NBC, Alice Joy, contralto; orchestra.
7:45 Oscar Eigart's Orchestra.
8:00 NBC, Socony land sketch.
8:30 NBC, Voice of Firestone; Richard Crooks, tenor; orchestra.
9:00 NBC, A. & P. Gypsies Orchestra; Frank Parker, tenor.
9:30 NBC, All star radio revue; five orchestras; male quartet; piano duo; vocal trio; soloists; Bruce Barton, guest speaker.
10:30 Organist.
11:00 Forecasts, E. B. Rideout; news.
11:15 Lew Conrad's Statler Orchestra.

WBZ and WBZA, Boston and Springfield (900kc-303m)

5:00 p. m.—Agricultural market.
5:15 RKO presentation.
5:30 NBC, "Singing Lady."
6:00 Studio announcements; news.
6:02 Edward J. Lord, pianist.
6:15 Westinghouse Rhythmen.
6:30 NBC, "Royal Vagabonds."
6:45 NBC, Lowell Thomas, news.
7:00 Time; NBC, "Amos 'n' Andy."
7:15 "Jesters" Trio.
7:30 NBC, Stebbins Boys.
7:45 NBC, Billy Jones and Ernie Hare.
8:00 "Emerald Gems."
8:15 Kentucky Ky, baritone.
8:30 NBC, Death Valley Days Sketch; orchestra.
9:00 NBC, "Harlem Fantasy."
9:30 "Old Violin Shop."
9:45 "Rhythmic Caravan."
10:00 NBC, "With Canada's Mounted."
10:30 NBC, "Waves of Melody"; Victor Arden's Orchestra; Tom Brown, tenor.
11:00 Studio announcements; news.
11:35 Hughie Connor's Orchestra.
12:00 Hotel Bradford Orchestra.

WNAC, Boston (1230kc-244m)

5:00 p. m.—"The Dance Parade."
5:15 "Musical Cameo"; Edward Jardon; salon ensemble.
5:30 "Old Man Sunshine."
5:45 "The Broadwayites"; orchestra.
6:00 Studio announcements; news.
6:15 "The Rhapsodizers," orchestra.
6:30 Big Brother's Harmonica Symphony.
7:00 CBS, "Myrt and Marge."
7:15 CBS, "Maxwell House Tune Blenders"; Lanny Ross.
7:45 CBS, Morton Downey and orchestra.
8:00 CBS, The Bath Club; interview; soloists; quartet; orchestra.
8:15 CBS, "Singin' Sam," baritone.
8:30 Berrycrafter's Symphonettes.
8:45 Colonel Stoopnagle and Bud.
9:00 CBS, Orchestra; soloists.
9:15 CBS, Orchestra; male quartet.
9:30 CBS, "An Evening in Paris"; soloists; orchestra; Alice Remsen, guest artist.
10:00 CBS, Guy Lombardo and his Royal Canadians; Burns and Allen.
10:30 Cornwell's Mayfair Orchestra.
11:00 Weather; news; time.
11:15 Organ recital, Francis Cronin.
11:30 Joe Solomon's Orchestra.
12:00 CBS, Isham Jones's Orchestra.
12:30 a. m.—CBS, Enric Madriguera's Orchestra.
1:00 CBS, Claude Hopkins's Orchestra.
1:30 CBS, Gus Arnheim's Orchestra.

WAAB, Boston (1410kc-214m)

5:00 p. m.—CBS, Pancho's Orchestra.
5:45 CBS, "The Lone Wolf Tribe," an Indian dramatization.
6:00 CBS, Current Events, H. V. Kaltenborn.
6:15 CBS, Vaughn De Leath; piano duo.
6:30 CBS, Talk, "The Mission of the Progressives in the Present Congress."
6:45 CBS, "Bing" Crosby.
6:59 Weather; news; time.
7:15 The Little Symphony.
7:30 Bob Emery's "Hidden News Oddities."
7:45 Concert ensemble; Portia Di Giorgio, soprano.
8:00 The Gossipers.
8:15 Paul Shirley, viola d'amour virtuoso; baritone.
8:30 CBS, Four Clubmen, male quartet.
8:45 "Bill Billy George."
9:15 Joe Solomon's Orchestra.
9:30 Organ; Francis J. Cronin.
9:45 Time; news; weather.
10:00 Meyer Davis Le Paradis Band.
10:30 CBS, The Boswell Sisters; Nat Shilkret's Orchestra.
10:45 CBS, "Street Singer."
11:00 CBS, Budapest Gypsy Ensemble.
11:30 CBS, Noble Sissle's Orchestra.

WHDH, Boston (330kc-361m)

5:00 p. m.—Betty Brooks, songs.
5:15 "Auld Lang Syne" Musicale.
5:45 Popular Classics.
6:15 Helen Otis, Musical Maid.
6:30 "The Monitor Views the News."
6:45 "Village Station Agent," skit.
7:00 Frank Decker, songs.
7:15 Archie Lloyd, songamith.
7:30 Bergenon Duo.
7:45 "Songs We Love to Hear."
8:00 Variety program.

Tomorrow's Features

WEEI

8:00 a. m.—NBC, Gene and Glenn.
8:15 a. m.—Forecasts, E. B. Rideout.
8:30 a. m.—"Cheerio."
9:00 a. m.—Studio and N. B. C. programs.
10:00 a. m.—Gretchen McMullen.
10:30 a. m.—NBC, "Cindy and Sam."
11:15 a. m.—NBC, Household Institute.
11:30 a. m.—Del Castillo, organist.
12:00 noon—NBC, General Electric Home Circle.
12:15 p. m.—News; stocks; produce.
1:00 p. m.—"The Daily Tattler."
2:00 p. m.—Edison Friendly Kitchen.
2:30 p. m.—NBC, Young Artists Light Opera Company.
3:30 p. m.—WEMI Reading Circle.
4:00 News; stocks.
4:15 p. m.—Fireside Poetry Club.
4:30 p. m.—Corea's Orchestra.

WBZ

7:00 a. m.—NBC and studio programs.
8:15 a. m.—NBC, Phil Cook, the Quaker Man.
8:30 a. m.—Studio and musical.
9:30 a. m.—NBC programs.
11:00 a. m.—NBC, School of Cookery.
1:00 p. m.—Studio period.
3:00 p. m.—NBC, Music in the Air; piano lessons.
3:30 p. m.—Home Forum Cooking School.
4:00 p. m.—Studio period.

WNAC

6:30 a. m.—Studio and musical.
10:30 a. m.—CBS and studio programs.
11:00 a. m.—"The Forecast Cooking School."
11:15 a. m.—CBS, Stories of the Living Great; "Oliver Wendell Holmes."
11:30 a. m.—CBS programs.
1:00 p. m.—Boston Information Service.
2:00 p. m.—CBS, Aunt Jemima, songs.
2:15 p. m.—CBS, Salon Orchestra.
3:30 p. m.—CBS, American School of the Air.
3:00 p. m.—CBS, Ann Leaf at the organ.
3:30 p. m.—CBS, "Musical Americana."
4:00 p. m.—CBS, National High School Orchestra.
4:30 p. m.—CBS, Hall's Taft Orchestra.

WAAB

7:45 a. m.—Time; news; records.
9:00 a. m.—CBS programs.
10:30 a. m.—La La May, baritonette.
10:45 a. m.—CBS, United States Navy Band Concert.
11:00 a. m.—Studio programs.
1:00 p. m.—CBS, Hall's Taft Orchestra.
1:30 p. m.—CBS, Atlantic City Musicale.
3:00 p. m.—Rhythm Band.
3:30 p. m.—Women's Federation.
4:00 p. m.—Matinee String Orchestra.
4:30 p. m.—Organ, Francis Cronin.

WBSO, Needham, Mass. (920kc-326m)

3:30-4:00 p. m.—"Good Cheer Service": The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Mass.; readings from the Bible and authorized works of Mary Baker Eddy.

Opinions differ in most things but all agree

Gunstones ASSORTED CHOCOLATE BISCUITS are the Nicest

They are a new and delightful assortment—eleven different kinds—each coated with the very best Chocolate.

If you have never tasted these remarkable Biscuits, do so now. You, too, will agree that you have never eaten nicer Chocolate Biscuits—at any price.

If you cannot buy them locally, please write giving the name of your Grocer. We will gladly send you a 1½ lb. tin, post free, for 3/6, or a 4 lb. tin, post free, for 8/8, plus returnable tin, 8d.

These prices apply only to the U. K. Prices for other countries on application.

WM. GUNSTONE & SONS, LTD. SHEFFIELD, ENG.
THE BISCUIT FACTORY

Emblem Assorted Biscuits

Eighteen varieties, each one delightful. Order some today and notice how quickly they disappear.

ON SALE IN ALL THE LEADING STORES IN THE U. S. A.
Agents: Julius Wile, Sone & Co., 10 Hubert Street, New York City

Filing Cabinets
PULMAN'S
THAYER STREET
LONDON, W. 1

HINDS OF BLACKHEATH S. E. 3
FURNISHING EXPERTS
Loose Covers and Re-upholstery a Speciality
Wonderful selection of fabrics to choose from.
HINDS & COMPANY (Blackheath) LTD.
BLACKHEATH, LONDON, S. E. 3

Harrods
Wonderful Value in
SEAMLESS AXMINSTERS

THESE CARPETS are excellent for rooms in which the wear is not excessive and at such low prices represent the finest Value anywhere!

Choice may be made from a wide range of well-covered designs and colourings

Sizes and Prices

ft. ins.	ft. ins.	£ s d	ft. ins.	ft. ins.	£ s d
7 6 x	9 0	3. 1. 0	12 0 x	9 0	4.17. 0
9 0 x	9 0	3.12. 9	12 0 x	10 6	5.13. 3
10 6 x	9 0	4. 5. 0	13 6 x	10 6	6. 7. 6

HARRODS LTD. *Sloane 1234* LONDON, S. W. 1

O. 3300 Silk Jumper in the latest 3-colour stripe effect. Six colour combinations to choose from.

3/-, 4/6 & 4/- per lb. in 1, 2 and 4-lb. boxes. Postage paid on orders of 10/- and upwards.

BUY your chocolates *before* you go to the cinema or the theatre—you never know what you may buy in the dark or in the confusion of finding your seat. . . . And chocolats Le Chat d'Or is the name to remember when you pop into the confectioners.

CHOCOLATS
Le Chat d'Or
62-63 Burlington Arcade, London, W. 1, Eng. (GOLDEN CAT) CVS

The Juvenile Dept. has become famous throughout South London for the "extra value" always offered in Girls' School Outfits and holiday wear. Although inexpensive every garment has the appearance of "quality".

First Floor BON MARCHE BRIXTON S. W. 9

BRADLEYS
CHEPSTOW PLACE · W.2 :: :: PARK 1200

For all that is best in
FURS : GOWNS : SUITS : COATS
MILLINERY : LINGERIE
SPORTS WEAR

Bradleys Chepstow Place London W.2
Ten minutes' Taxi from the Hyde Park Hotel

HOLDRON Balham S.W.12

Special Spring Fashion Show

Selected Lines in the Newest Wear for Spring and Early Summer

A Visit of Inspection and Comparison Will Amply Repay You

Catalogue Free on Request

HOLDRON, BALHAM, S. W. 12

Gorringes
SPRING FROCKS
Examples from the Inexpensive Dept.

"Aire"—Inexpensive Afternoon Dress, simple in style, with becoming Georgette collar and cuffs in contrasting colour, made of artificial silk in a new self colour design. Obtainable in Bottle, Cedar, Light Navy, Lupin or Black. Sizes S. W. and W. 59/6

"AIRE" 59/6

"Alder"—One of the new light weight woollen materials is used for this practical Day Frock. The smart one-side effect to the front of the dress is trimmed with strappings and tucks. Obtainable in Navy, Brown, Dark Red, Sapphire or Black. Sizes S. W. and W..... 98/6

"ALDER" 98/6

FREDERICK GORRINGE, Ltd.
Buckingham Palace Road, London, S. W. 1
Two Minutes from Victoria Station Telephone Victoria 8600

Braemar

"E'en do, and spare nocht!"

THIS was the motto of Rob Roy, the Highland freebooter, he was wise indeed to have chosen a rule of conduct so suited to his undoubted talents.

This maxim has been applied by the makers of "Braemar" Knitwear, though in a different sense. They have "spared nocht" in their determination to make "Braemar" Scotland's Finest Knitwear.

The triumphant results of their efforts are on view at the best shops. Ask to see "Braemar."

Prices?—but here *you* have been spared.

Note

A charming portfolio of eight "Braemar" models in natural colours can be seen at the best shops.

If you have any difficulty, write to the makers for address of nearest retailer.

THE FINEST SCOTLAND PRODUCES

INNES, HENDERSON AND CO. LTD., VICTORIA MILLS, HAWICK, SCOTLAND.
• *Manufacturers of "Hondawick" and "Kumfy" Underwear* •
NEW YORK ADDRESS: 208 FIFTH AVENUE.
Canada: A. LUKE ALLAN, CARLAW BUILDINGS, 28 WELLINGTON ST. WEST, TORONTO.

ANGLO-FRENCH PARLEYS BRING EUROPE HOPE

(Continued from Page 1)

Austria, Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia, Hungary and Roumania.

M. Tardieu has brought with him proposals for Anglo-French financial assistance to these states based upon restoring trade among them by means of preference. Here the initial difficulty to be overcome concerns the loss that is liable to be involved in the "most favored nation treaty" at present enjoyed in this area by great European powers.

Among the first questions to be settled, therefore, is what extent will these powers, and especially Germany and Italy, be prepared to sacrifice their own immediate claims in order to ameliorate world trade condition generally by undoing the Versailles Treaty's mistake of splitting the Hapsburg Empire into uneconomic parts.

Visit Long Contemplated

The problem is complicated by German and Italian fears lest France should use the present desparate straits of Austria and Hungary as a means of increasing its own influence in central Europe.

To critics who see a move on M. Tardieu's part to commit Britain in advance on the Danubian question the answer is given that his visit was under discussion long before the four-power conference was proposed and that the British Cabinet is fully aware of the possibility of any scheme which does not command the fullest support of all of the European powers, not excluding also Bulgaria and Greece.

The Polish Ambassador called at the Foreign Office here Saturday to associate his Government with the endeavor that is being made which agreed to the resolution.

The general trend of British opinion meanwhile is to regard the Danubian customs agreements and loans as entirely temporary expedients to prevent financial collapse in southeast Europe, while more radical world remedies are being prepared. The Tardieu and the four-power conversations are thus held to be important mainly because they may help clear the way for the Lausanne conference in June.

Gangplank Laid For Annual Boston Motorboat Show

Boston's annual motorboat show weighed anchor today.

The whole fleet in the low-priced class was moored in Horticultural Hall, as the gangway went over this morning and the first of the week-long file of visitors cocked a weather eye toward the latest in nautical wrinkles.

Sharp lined runabouts finished in woods that match the parlor table, roomy cabin cruisers, small sailing craft of various types and a hold full of seagoing gadgets that the pleasure sailor wears or uses attracted close attention from landbound skippers.

The Atlantic Marine Company, Walter H. Morston Corporation, Cape Cod Shipbuilding and the Stearns Marine Company were represented by craft in the cruising line. The Matthews 38-footer was a standout in the cruiser display. Below deck she has all the comforts of home from electric ice box to the best of sleeping accommodations.

In the 30-foot water-line class, the Richardson cruiser appears with slight hull improvements; a boat designed to take the family away to some sheltered sea coves for a holiday week-end and bring them back with safety and comfort. There is the usual line of fast, mahogany planked runabouts, powered with the latest in marine motors.

In the sailboat display, the cedar-planked dinghies, which have been popularized in "frost-bite" sailing regattas this winter, are attracting much attention. They sell at a nominal price.

The Amesbury Manufacturing Company and Cape Cod Shipbuilding are well represented in sailing craft. The Amesbury builders' 16-foot powwow type sailer is one of the most attractive boats in the fleet.

NEW YORK OPENS 300 PLAYGROUNDS

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, April 4—Three hundred after-school playgrounds will be opened to the children of the five boroughs of New York City today, following instructions by Mr. William J. O'Shea, Superintendent of Schools.

Forty of the playgrounds will be in Manhattan, 59 in the Bronx, 127 in Brooklyn and the balance in Queens and Richmond. They will be operated without expense to taxpayers, since no teachers will be assigned to them as supervisors. Instead, coöperation of the Police Department has been obtained and patrolmen in whose territory the playgrounds are located will visit the centers from time to time.

NEW CAPE DECISION LIGHT IN OPERATION

Navigators are provided with a powerful light and fog signal at an important point by completion of the new lighthouse at Cape Decision, Alaska, according to local officials of the United States Lighthouse Service. The lighthouse has been lighted in time for summer passenger traffic to Alaska, and for use by vessels engaged in supplying the fish canneries and other industries.

Larger vessels proceeding north through the inside passages of southeastern Alaska pass through Sumner Strait, make an abrupt turn at Cape Decision, where fog prevails much of the time. The lighthouse is on the southern extremity of Kuiu Island, and has a radiobeacon synchronized with the fog signal, giving mariners the advantage of the most modern and valuable equipment in keeping clear of the rocky coast line.

ROAD'S EXCESS INCOME SET AT $173,619

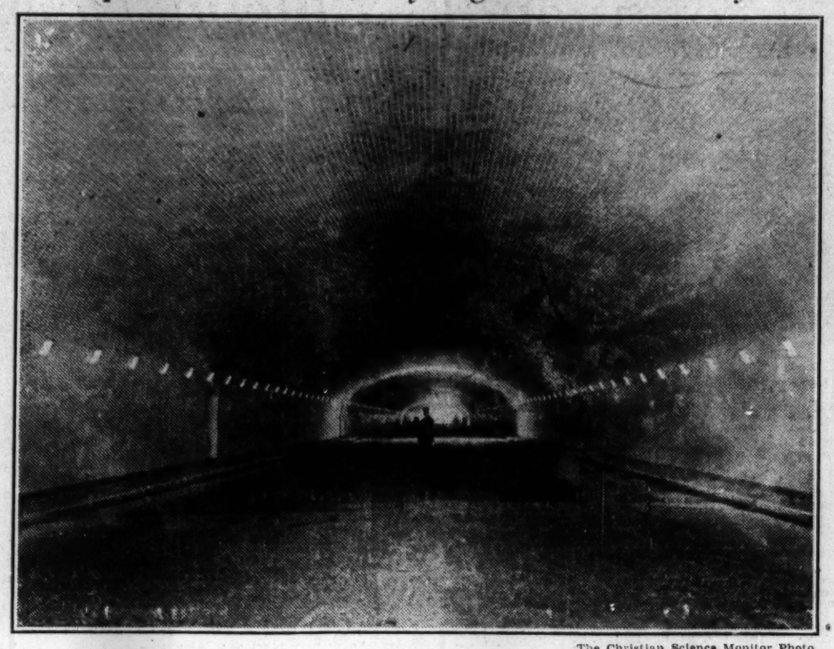
WASHINGTON, April 2 (AP)—The Interstate Commerce Commission, in a tentative report Thursday, held that the Bangor & Aroostook Railroad Company should pay into the United Sttes Treasury $173,619 of excess income for the period from 1923 through 1927.

The report said it had been found that the railway had $347,238 of income over a fair return. The report is subject to hearings and arguments.

U. S. TIRES SELL IN SWEDEN

American automobile tires are increasing in popularity in Sweden, Mr. Hugh D. Butler, New England manager of the United States Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce states. The increase of about 11.5 per cent in imports from the United States in 1931, as compared with the previous year, almost offset the decline of about 12.5 per cent in the total imports of tires in Sweden, he said.

Up-to-Date When Dimly Lighted on Dull Days



The Christian Science Monitor Photo

PARIS MOTOR TUNNEL HAS LATEST LIGHTING DEVICE

TUNNEL LIGHTS IN PARIS MATCH OUTSIDE SHADE

Dim Cloudy Days, Bright Sunny Ones, So Not to Be Confusing

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

PARIS—What is said to be the first installation of its kind in the world has been devised to regulate the lighting in an underground passage on one of the city's boulevards.

A photoelectric cell stationed on the top of a lamp post outside the tunnel automatically turns on or extinguishes lights in the passage according as the day is sunny or cloudy, or in accordance with the time of day or night.

The purpose of this arrangement is to maintain in the tunnel an intensity of illumination corresponding roughly to the light outside, so that drivers of motorcars are not confused upon enterinig or leaving the passage by a sudden and extreme change of light.

On a sunny day, all the lights are on, giving an illumination of 135 light units; on a gray day only one light in two is used, giving 60 light units; on a dark day one light in four is lighted, giving 32 light units, and at night only one in eight is employed, giving 15 light units.

The lights are set into the wall of the vault behind sheets of prismatic glass. There are 242 of these installations, placed opposite each other on each side of the tunnel at easy intervals.

The lenth of the tunnel is 250 meters. It passes under the Avenue Foch at the Porte Dauphinie and accommodates a double line of traffic in two directions. Proper ventilation of the tunnel is assured by means of a plant specially devised for the purpose.

Legion Computes 1,000,000 Workers Returned by May 1

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, April 4—With 410,624 jobs obtained throughout the country, return of 1,000,000 workers to employment by May 1 is held a possibility by Mr. Mark T. McKee, executive director of the National Employment Commission of the American Legion, after analyzing the results of the United Action Campaign, sponsored by the Legion and other national groups.

The number of cities reporting progress and the average daily number of jobs found have steadily increased and it ought to be possible to secure the average of 20,000 jobs to complete the campaign in the next 30 days, Mr. McKee said in a statement from the campaign's midwestern headquarters here on April 4.

Out of 6626 communities in the country with more than 1000 population, 2100 are actively engaged in this campaign, it was reported. Seasonal activities in various localities are coming to the aid of the campaign, it was said. Road work, city beautification, painting and cleaning are being undertaken in many places, while there has been some unexpected activity in railroad circles, according to the report.

Encouraging progress was also reported by the Chicago campaign for the reëmployment of men and money, the local organization cooperating in this effort. In one ward 76 permanent jobs were obtained, in another temporary work was found for 78 persons. The outstanding result so far, however, is the number of pledges obtained for purchases and repairs which would otherwise have been deferred.

Girls in Dish Garden Contest Show High Skill in Entries

Competitions Arranged by New York State and City Federations of Women's Clubs— 1700 Poems Submitted

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, April 4—Whether to be policemen or firemen or lawyers or teachers may perplex other 12-year-olds. But Catherine Eisenberg of the Bronx is going in for gardening. Catherine is sure of the joys and rewards of growing things because today she won a prize in the dish garden contest which was a feature of the opening day program of Conservation Week sponsored by the New York State and New York City Federation of Women's Clubs.

Preliminary contests had sifted out the little girls who were to receive first and second prizes and honorable mention in each of the five boroughs and the winners, when interviewed, confessed to a pleasing mixture of surprise and delight.

Catherine, for instance, was intent on surprising her family. She lives in a real house with a garden of its own, and her mother, she said, had been certain that no prize would crown her offering of corn and beans, in spite of the little roll of canvas in one corner of the dish which looked like a wigwam, more or less.

So Catherine's corn and beans have been growing as best they might on top of the refrigerator.

On the other hand, Linda Neilson, who took first prize in the Bronx, would have disappointed her family very much if she had not taken a prize. Linda lives in a big apartment house and never had a garden before. She planted this one in a big shiny baking tin, using earth which she begged from an aunt who lives in a surburb and building a stone fence out of bits from the new schoolhouse which is being constructed in her neighborhood.

She picked up pebbles out of the street to make paths, and from an uncle in another suburb she got bits of bark out of which to make trees and shrubs. An old bit of glass was a fine well and a house, of course, was easy to add. But then there was no grass, and whoever heard of an old farmhouse with no grass? Certainly not Linda. Her garden already was a cosmic section of her small world, so she went to New Jersey to get grass seed from a friend! And the grass grew so fast and so high that it had to be trimmed down for yesterday's showing.

It was a day of prizes, for no fewer than six were bestowed out of the Almeda Castello Poetry Fund, the first going to Katherine Evelyn Linck for her poem on George Washington; the second to Effie Smith Ely, also for one on George Washington, and the third to Faith Van Valkenburgh Vilas for one on Mount Vernon. Ben H. Smith, Florence A. Pepoon and Roselle Mercier Montgomery were the other prize winners, and there were five honorable mentions. In the contest 1700 poems were submitted and every state was represented.

MONUMENT UNVEILED

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

PICKENS, S. C.—Under a huge oak tree, on the grounds of the old Pickens home, a handsome boulder, in memory of the distinguished Revolutionary officer, Gen. Andrew Pickens, has been unveiled by the joint Oconee and Pickens Chapters of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Why not try

SL DRY CLEANING & DYEING SERVICE

for Spring Cleaning this year.

2 Thurloe Place, S. W. 7 (Kensington 1015)
28 Duke St., Piccadilly, W. 1 (Regent 2743)
62 Lower Sloane St., S. W. 1 (Sloane 6833)
131 Church Rd., Barnes (Riverside 2817)
Clapham South Tube Station (Battersea 3360)
224 Norwood Rd., S. E. 27 (Streatham 7405)
Head Office and Works: 8 Old Town, Clapham, London, S. W. 4, Eng. (Macaulay 3333)

PHONE HENDON 1238

STANLEY J. LEE

for

Knitting Wools and Embroidery Silks

28/31 The Mall EDGWARE EDG. 0434
81/83 Brent St. HENDON, N.W.4 HEN. 1238

BURBERRY

Catalogue & patterns post free on mention of "C.S.M"

OVERCOATS

give double service

Overcoat & Weatherproof in One Garment

Designed to meet every conceivable change of weather or temperature, they are light enough to be comfortable on warm days, yet provide

Complete Protection in Wet or Cold Weather

Made from the finest pure wool materials, they keep out bitter winds and ensure a wealth of warmth on cold days

Proofed by Burberrys

process, all fear of rain penetration is obviated, however prolonged or heavy the downpour, yet Burberry Overcoats ventilate naturally and are worn on fine days without overheating.

BURBERRYS Ltd HAYMARKET LONDON S.W.1

When you buy Shoes-

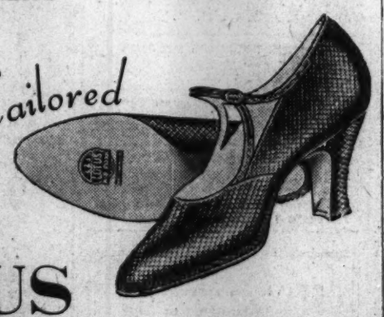
LOTUS BRITISH MADE DELTA BRITISH MADE

look for these brands on the sole & buy *good* shoes

The Lotus or Delta brand mark on the sole of a pair of shoes means that those shoes were made by an all-British firm of over 100 years' standing. It means more—that the makers are not afraid to put their name to their work. The reputation and goodwill attaching to the name of Lotus and Delta are staked on every pair of shoes that leaves the factories bearing those marks.

Good shoe shops everywhere sell Lotus and Delta shoes.

Ankle-Tailored



LOTUS & DELTA SHOES

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN

LOTUS LTD. STAFFORD AND NORTHAMPTON

T.H. ADAMSON & SONS

FOUNDED AT CHISWICK IN 1790 BY THOMAS ADAMSON

Builders Contractors Decorators

145, HIGH STREET PUTNEY, S.W.15, LONDON, ENGLAND
Telephone Putney 4545 — (3 lines)

BLOUSES FOR high-waisted CHIC

● Crepe de Chine blouse; cleverly trimmed with rows of stitching and embroidered dots down front. Snug fitting around hips. Colours: ivory, beige, pink, oyster, primrose.

PRICE 29/6 O. S. 4/- extra

● Tailored blouse of washable satin beaute. The front and collar and bow are made of the reverse side of the material. Made to be worn as a tuck-in or otherwise. Colours: ivory, oyster, beige, pink.

PRICE 39/6 O. S. 4/- extra.

Marshall and Snelgrove

Vere Street and Oxford Street, London, W. 1.

Debenhams Ltd. Telephone: Mayfair 6600

Barkers

Famous Values in

KIDDIES' WEAR

VALUE, Style and Quality are characteristics of every garment sold in the wonderful Kiddies' Department on the third floor of the Main Building. This announcement presents some unrivalled values which will interest all parents.

COATS & HATS for Boys and Girls in an all wool Frieze, smartly cut and tailored. The little girl's coat has a lightly flared skirt, with slit pockets and becoming cosy fitting hat. The little boy's coat has a very smart back, with belt. Double breasted and flap pockets. The hat is the adaptable Paddy shape. This coat also buttons the girl's way.

Shades: Light and Dark Saxe, Frieze Rose, Reseda and Fawn.
PRICE PER SET ... 21/9

A large selection of Coats and Hats in stock from 25/9 to 69/6.

GIRLS' and MAIDS' PYJAMAS, made in the Ashtead Rayon Artificial Silk. Pretty floral patterns. They are in the popular tuck-in shape, with panel. Trousers full fitting. Shades: Sky, Lemon, Pale Green and Pink. Sizes 8-10 years. PRICE 10/9

12-17 years, Price 11/9

In plain colours with roll collar.

8 to 10 years, Price 9/6
12 to 17 years, Price 9/11

ATTRACTIVE FROCK with knickers to match. In washing duro crepe of dainty figured design. The tiny Organdi frills give a pretty finish. Predominating shades. Blue/Cherry, Green/Lemon and Beige/Gold.

Sizes 16 and 18 ins.

PRICE 5/11

20 and 22 ins., Price 6/11

No. 1—DAINTY SUIT in Zephyr for the small boy. The knickers are plain colour, with small check top. Nicely made. Shades: Green, Blue and Brown. Lengths: 16 ins. Price 4/11
18 ins., Price 5/6; and 20 ins., Price 5/11

No. 2—KNITTED WOOL SUITS in fine botany yarn. Light weight and beautifully soft. Most reliable in wash. Shades: Powder Blue, Myosotis Blue, Almond, New Green, Fawn, Lemon, Rust, White/Sky, White/Almond. The edges are tipped with darker tone. Length of Jersey 14, 16 and 18 ins. Price 5/11

No. 1 No. 2

JOHN BARKER and COMPY., Ltd., Kensington, London, W. 8

Intercollegiate, Club and Professional Athletic News of the World

MAPLE LEAFS TO FACE RANGERS

Qualify by Beating Montreal Maroons in Second Game of Series

STANLEY CUP ROUND

	Won	Tied	Lost	Goals For	Goals Agst
Toronto	1	1	0	4	3
Montreal	0	1	1	3	4

(Two Games—Total Goals.)

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

TORONTO, April 4—The Toronto Maple Leafs advanced to the best three-out-of-five-game series against the New York Rangers for the Stanley Cup by defeating the Montreal Maroons here Saturday night, 3 to 2, after 17m. 59s. of overtime, which gave them the round by 4 goals to 3. The game was a hard, close-checking one and this prevented smart hockey. The locals had the margin in speed and managed to shake off the back checkers on occasions, and they also stood up against the heavy body checking better than the visitors.

Each team was forced to come from behind on one occasion. The locals scored the only goal of the first period when Walsh let a long shot from Horner pass into the goal after three minutes of play. The Maroons tied the score 34 minutes later when Ward jammed the puck into the net from a scramble in front of Chabot. After a minute of play in the third period, a long shot by Smith bounced over Chabot's stick, but nine minutes later Day went down and scored a brilliant individual goal.

From the start of the third period the locals had a big margin on the play, but they were "unlucky" around the goal. In the overtime Gracie scored after four minutes of play but it was called back. Nearly 14 minutes later Gracie beat Walsh for the winning goal on a pass from Blair. The locals outshot the Maroons by a big margin. Each team had 20 shots in the first period, but after that the winners had margins of 14 to 5, 17 to 8 and 17 to 8 for a total of 68 to 41.

Day and Lionel Conacher were the outstanding players on the ice. Smith and Walsh played well for the losers, while Clancy, Finnigan, Gracie, Blair and Cotton starred for the locals. The summary:

TORONTO		MONTREAL
Jackson, Gracie, Cotton, lw		rw, Ward, Trottier, Brydson
Primeau, Blair, Darragh, Miller, c		c, Smith, Stewart, Phillips
C. Conacher, Finnigan, Bailey, rw		lw, Northcott, Siebert
Horner, Day, ld		rd, Wilcox, Starr
Clancy, Levinsky, rd		ld, L. Conacher, McVicar
Chabot, g		g, Walsh

Score—Toronto 3, Montreal 2. Goals—Horner, Day and Gracie for Toronto; Ward and Smith for Montreal. Assists—Blair for Toronto; Northcott and Smith for Montreal. Referees—M. J. Rodden, Toronto, and G. J. Mallinson, Montreal. Time—Three 20m. periods and 17m. 59s. overtime.

McCORMICK SUCCEEDS CRISLER

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 4 (AP)—Appointment of Frank McCormick as athletic director at University of Minnesota, succeeding H. O. Crisler, has been announced by President Lotus D. Coffman. McCormick has been varsity baseball coach and a member of the football staff at Minnesota for two years.

COLLEGE BASEBALL RESULTS

Columbia 10, C. C. N. Y. 7.
Virginia 4, Randolph-Macon 1.
Florida 6, Oglethorpe 4.
Roanoke 23, Hampden Sydney 20.
Yale 9, Springfield 8.
Princeton 6, Vermont 5.

Amusements

NEW YORK CITY

GILBERT MILLER presents
EDNA BEST and HERBERT MARSHALL
in
THERE'S ALWAYS JULIET
A Comedy by John van Druten
"Utterly delightful."—Brown, Eve. Post.
HENRY MILLER'S Theatre, 124 W. 43 Street
Evs. 8:40. Matinees Thurs. and Sat., 2:30.

OPENS TONIGHT 8:30 SHARP
THE THEATRE GUILD PRESENTS
TOO TRUE TO BE GOOD
A New Play by BERNARD SHAW
GUILD THEATRE, 52d St., West of B'way
Evenings 8:30 Mats. Thurs. and Sat.

ED WYNN
"The Perfect Fool" in His New Hit
THE LAUGH PARADE
with JEANNE AUBERT and a 1932 Cast
IMPERIAL THEA., W. 45th St. Evs. 8:45
Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2:45

ERNEST TRUEX
in
WHISTLING IN THE DARK
"Vastly entertaining."—*Atkinson, Times*
Ethel Barrymore Thea., 47th St., W. of B'way
Evenings 8:50 Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2:40

BOSTON

NEED WE SAY MORE?

"THE NEW MOON" is a triumph for the Bostonians.
—*Nick Young, American*

"THE NEW MOON" is a happy revival. A fine performance. Do not miss it.—*Traveler.*

"THE NEW MOON" delights big Opera House crowd. No Broadway production ever looked better.
—*E. F. Harkins, Record*

THE GLORIOUS MUSICAL ROMANCE
"The NEW MOON"

"THE NEW MOON" rose brightly. A production that need scarcely fear comparisons.—*The Herald*

A fine performance. Equal to the original production and in some respects superior.—*E. H. Crosby, The Post*

Spectacular and constantly pleasing.—*The Globe*

INCOMPARABLE PRICES!
ALL NIGHTS, 25c to $1.50 Wed. & Sat. MATS. 25c to $1
BOSTON OPERA HOUSE
Next Attraction: "Countess Maritza"

Houston Singles Won by Allison

HOUSTON, Texas, April 4 (AP)—Wilmer L. Allison Jr. of Austin, Texas, won the singles championship of the Houston invitation tennis tournament yesterday, defeating Jacob H. Hess Jr. of Rice Institute, 8—6, 6—3, 6—2, thus serving notice he will be a likely candidate for Davis Cup team membership.

Teamed with J. Gilbert Hall of Orange, N. J., Canadian indoor champion, Allison lost in the doubles final to H. Ellsworth Vines Jr. of Pasadena, Calif., and George M. Lott of Chicago, 5—7, 6—1, 7—9, 6—2, 7—5. Even in defeat, the Texan's play dominated the match.

Vines and Lott won by directing their attack at Hall. Allison, former United States intercollegiate singles champion, and John W. Van Ryn now hold the United States doubles title.

In the junior singles final, Frankie Parker of New Orleans easily defeated George Dullnig of San Antonio, 6—0, 6—0.

Hess, on Saturday, using an almost unbeatable service, eliminated the giant Lester R. Stoefen of California, in a long, grinding semifinal match, 3—6, 6—3, 6—2, 14—12.

In the upper bracket, Allison had comparatively little trouble in defeating L. Jimmy Quick of Dallas, 6—3, 6—1, 5—7, 6—2.

Stoefen, whose dashing play made him a gallery favorite, started well, blasting away with all his great strength and winning the first three games quickly.

In the second set, however, Hess's meticulous service got going and he started a powerful forehand stroke that had not seemed to click previously.

The tournament was unkind to the outstanding favorites. Vines of California, seeded No. 1, was eliminated last Tuesday; Lott of Chicago, seeded No. 2, fell Wednesday, while Hall, Canadian indoor champion, seeded No. 4, and Wilbur F. Coen Jr. of Kansas City, seeded No. 5, were eliminated Friday.

Vines and Lott advanced to the doubles finals late Saturday by defeating Karl Kamrath of University of Texas and Parker of New Orleans, 6—2, 10—8, 6—3.

Hall and Allison defeated Louis Thalheimer and Quick of Dallas, 6—0, 6—1, 9—7.

Miss Anna Mae Reichert of San Antonio won the women's singles championship, defeating Miss Eugenie Sampson of Chicago, 6—2, 6—2.

EXHIBITION BASEBALL RESULTS

By the Associated Press

RESULTS APRIL 2

Philadelphia (N.) 8, Philadelphia (A.) 4.
Brooklyn 7, Cleveland 5.
Pittsburgh 8, Chicago (N.) 4.
Minneapolis 3, St. Louis (A.) 2.
San Francisco 10, New York (N.) 5.
Chicago (A.) 8, Little Rock 2.
Boston (A.) 13, Newark 6.
Memphis 7, New York (A.) 6.
St. Louis (N.) 4, Atlanta 2.

RESULTS APRIL 3

Chicago (A.) 1, Little Rock 0.
Boston (A.) 5, Jersey City 2.
New York (A.) 17, Memphis 4.
St. Louis (N.) 16, Nashville 15, 10 innings.
Cleveland 3, Brooklyn 2.
Minneapolis 8, St. Louis (A.) 2.
New York (N.) 9, Missions 8.
New York (N.) 3, San Francisco 0.
Pittsburgh 5, Chicago (N.) 3.
Washington 16, Chattanooga 5.
Philadelphia (A.) 4, Newark 2.
Kansas City 6, Detroit 5.
Philadelphia (N.) 5, Baltimore 4.
Louisville 5, Cincinnati 3.
Reading 12, House of David 6.
Indianapolis 2, Toronto 0.
Wichita Falls 8, St. Paul 2.
Montreal 13, Milwaukee 12.
Dallas 3, Columbus 2, 10 innings.

CUBS SELL LESTER BELL

LOS ANGELES, April 4 (AP)—The Chicago Cubs have sold Lester Bell, veteran third baseman, to Louisville of the American Association, and sent Pitcher Johnny Welch to the same club on option.

Amusements

CAMBRIDGE, MASS.

UNIVERSITY THEATRE
HARVARD SQUARE
Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, April 4-5-6
GEORGE ARLISS in
The Man Who Played God
This Reckless Age

BOSTON

MAJESTIC OPENS TONIGHT
Matinees Thursdays and Saturdays
MILTON ABORN presents
The Civic Musical Comedy Co. in
THE SMART MUSICAL COMEDY HIT!
IRENE
Nights 50c to $2.00. Mats. 50c to $1.00

PLYMOUTH—Tonight at 8:30
CONSTANCE COLLIER in Noel Coward's
"HAY FEVER" With Eric Cowley
Eves. 50c to $2.50—Mats. Thur., Sat. 50c to $2

CRABBE TOPS INDIVIDUALS

N. Y. A. C. Team Breaks 300-Yard Medley Relay Record

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 4 (AP)—A star trio of swimmers wearing the Winged Foot symbol of the New York Athletic Club posted a new world mark, its second of the day, to win the 300-yard medley relay race Saturday night in the senior Amateur Athletic Union of the United States championships.

The team of Leonard and Walter Spence, brothers, and George H. Kojac, clipped a full second off its own world mark of 3m. 21-5s., set in the preliminaries a few hours earlier.

Clarence L. (Buster) Crabbe, Los Angeles A. C. mainstay, became the official individual champion of the four-day meet held in the Yale pool by adding the 500-yard freestyle title to two championships annexed earlier. Largely through his efforts the west coast club carried away team honors with 45 points.

The west coast star, holder of the 1500-meter freestyle and 300-yard medley crowns, was timed at 5m. 38 3-5s. A thrilling burst of speed during the last 50 yards gave him a four-yard lead at the finish over Ted Wiget of the Athens A. C., Oakland, Calif. Another Los Angeles A. C. star, Maiola Kalili, also holder of two titles, finished third. The summary:

300-YARD MEDLEY RELAY

First Heat—Won by New York A. C. (George H. Kojac, Leonard Spence and Walter Spence); Michigan, second; Yale, third; Boston Swimming Association, fourth. Time—3m. 2 1-5s. (New world record, former record 3m. 3 3-5s., held by New York A. C.)

Second Heat—Won by Lake Shore A. C. (Walter Laufer, Hinch and Breidenthal); New York A. C. second team, second; Dragon Club of New York, third; Los Angeles A. C., disqualified. Time—3m. 5 2-5s.

Qualifiers for Final—New York A. C. first team, Lake Shore A. C., New York A. C. second team, Michigan.

Final—Won by New York A. C. first team (George H. Kojac, Leonard Spence and Walter Spence); New York A. C. second team, second; Lake Shore A. C., third. Time—3m. 1 1-5s. (New world record, former record 3m. 2 1-5s., set by same team earlier in meet.)

HIGH BOARD DIVING

Qualifiers—R. K. Degener '34, Michigan, 150.32 points; Harold Smith, Los Angeles A. C., 140.14 points; Hickey Riley, Los Angeles A. C., 137.86 points; H. A. Ringler '35, Princeton, 124.48 points; Greene, Lake Shore A. C., 123.78 points; Osborne, unattached, 93.94 points.

Final—Won by R. K. Degener '34, Michigan, 166.4 points; Mickey Riley, Los Angeles A. C., second, 152.12 points; Harold Smith, Los Angeles A. C., third, 149.2 points.

500-YARD FREESTYLE

First Heat—Won by W. M. Wilson '32, Northwestern, 6m. 9s.; Arthur Wallberg, Bowdoin, second, 6m. 32⅘s.; E. Weinand, unattached, third, 6m. 43⅘s.

Second Heat—Won by James Christie '34, Michigan, 5m. 43⅘s.; Raymond M. Ruddy Jr., New York A. C., second, 5m. 45⅘s.; John Howland Jr., New York A. C., third, 5m. 57s.; J. W. Harte '32, Yale, fourth, 6m. 4⅘s.

Third Heat—Won by Manuella Kalili, Los Angeles A. C., 5m. 44s.; George Fissler, New York A. C., second, 5m. 44⅕s.; John A. Schmieler '33, Michigan, third, 5m. 59⅕s.; Austin C. Clapp, Los Angeles A. C., fourth, 6m. 6⅕s.

Fourth Heat—Won by Clarence L. Crabbe, Los Angeles A. C., 5m. 41⅘s.; Maiola Kalili, Los Angeles A. C., second, 5m. 41⅘s.; Ted Wiget, Athens A. C., third, 5m. 42s.; William Gilhula, Detroit A. C., fourth, 5m. 55⅘s.

Qualifiers—Crabbe, Maiola Kalili, Wiget, Christie, Manuella Kalili.

Final—Won by Crabbe, Los Angeles A. C.; Wiget, Athens A. C., second; Maiola Kalili, Los Angeles A. C., third. Time—5m. 38⅗s.

FINAL POINT STANDING

Team Leaders—First, Los Angeles A. C., 45 points; New York A. C., second, 37 points; Michigan, third, 16 points; Illinois A. C., fourth, 9 points.

Individual leaders—First, Crabbe, Los Angeles A. C., 15 points; Maiola Kalili, Los Angeles A. C., second, 12 points.

Buffalo Leading For League Title

INTERNATIONAL HOCKEY LEAGUE CHAMPIONSHIP ROUND ROBIN

	Won	Tied	Lost	Goals For	Goals Agst	Pts
Buffalo	1	2	0	6	4	5
Windsor	1	1	1	2	3	4
London	0	3	0	3	3	3
Detroit	0	2	1	0	1	2

(Three points for win, one for tie)

RESULT APRIL 2

Buffalo 3, Windsor 1.

RESULT APRIL 3

London 0, Detroit, overtime.

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

DETROIT, April 4—London Tecumsehs and Detroit Olympics played to a scoreless tie in an International Hockey League round-robin game here last night. It was the second scoreless tie played by these championship contenders in the round-robin tournament.

Johnny Clark, Detroit goaltender, met with a mishap early in the first period and Emmett Venne replaced him. Olympics forced the pace most of the game and only spectacular goaltending by Herb Stuart prevented a victory. The summary:

DETROIT		LONDON
Gillie, Gilhooley, McCabe, lw		rw, Neville, Groh
Newman, Hay, Herbert, c		c, Carrigan, Huard, Benson
Gagne, Goldsworthy, Steele, rw		lw, Quenneville, Pettinger
Rockburn, Evans, ld		rd, Holway, Hoffinger
Peters, Evans, rd		ld, Hicks, Hoffinger
Clark, Venne, g		g, Stuart

Score—Detroit 0, London 0. Referees—Guy Smith and P. L. Traub. Time—Three 20m. periods and 10m. overtime.

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

FORT ERIE, Ont., April 4—Buffalo Bisons climbed into the leadership position in the International Hockey League round robin here Saturday night by defeating Windsor Bulldogs, 3 to 1. A capacity crowd saw the Bisons take the lead with a single goal in the first period and then add two more in the third.

Windsor sandwiched its only goal in between the Buffalo scores in the third period, with Gallagher as the marksman. Roth scored for Buffalo in the first period, and Bogardis and Martin scored in the third. It was Windsor's first defeat of the tournament and Buffalo's first victory.

BUFFALO		WINDSOR
Gross, Bogardis, lw		rw, D. Roche, Phillips, Robinson
Voss, Roth, c		c, Ouellette, Huggins, Lever
Martin, Carr, rw		lw, E. Roche, Duguid, Huggins
Murray, ld		rd, Brown, Arbour
Lederman, Berlet, rd		ld, Gallagher, Arbour
Taugher, g		g, Smith

Score—Buffalo 3, Windsor 1. Goals—Roth, Bogardis and Martin for Buffalo; Gallagher for Windsor. Assists—Carr, Roth, Voss for Buffalo. Referees—Guy Smith and Dr. J. W. Laflamme. Time—Three 30m. periods.

Loyola Sprinter Ties World Mark

By the Associated Press

New Orleans, La., April 4

EMMET TOPPINO, Loyola sprinter, equaled the world's record of 10.4s. for the 100 meters, official Olympic sprint, in a carnival of sports here yesterday.

The world's record is held jointly by Vic Williams and Eddie Tolan. The race was clocked by members of the Southern A. A. U. Officials' Club.

Providence Reds Win Opening Game

CANADIAN-AMERICAN HOCKEY LEAGUE CHAMPIONSHIP PLAYOFF

	Won	Tied	Lost	Goals For	Goals Agst	Pts
Providence	1	0	0	4	2	2
Boston	0	0	1	2	4	0

(Best three out of five games)

The featured play of two local boys brought about the defeat of the local Bruin Cubs in the opening game of the final series between Boston and Providence for the Fontaine Cup, emblematic of the Canadian-American Hockey League title, by a score of 4 to 2 at the Boston Garden Saturday night. The next two games will be played on Providence ice, giving the Reds a distinct advantage.

Hago Harrington of Melrose, Mass., and Bob Taylor of Brookline, Mass., both former members of the Boston Bruins at one time, returned Saturday night to feature in goals against the Bruin Cubs and excel defensively with close back-checking that kept the Cubs disorganized most of the game, Harrington scored two goals and assisted in another, while Taylor gave Harrington the pass for the tying goal in the first period.

Boston played well enough during the first period and Klein gave the locals a lead on Pratt's pass at 3m. 42s., but Harrington tied on Taylor's pass at 19m. 42s. Murray, Harrington and A. Grioux added goals in the second session to place the Reds ahead 4 to 1, and Klein converted Johnson's pass for the final score in the third session. The Cubs lost Eddie Burke after the first period and the Reds were without Vail. Beveridge, Providence goalie, had 31 saves to 24 for Jackson. Of the 17 penalties, Providence had 10.

PROVIDENCE		BOSTON
Hart, Harrington, lw		rw, Burke, Jeremiah, Johnson
Gaudreault, Murray, Connor, c		c, Conn, Harnott, Pool, Brink
Rivers, A. Giroux, Taylor, Cormier, rw		lw, Klein, Sutherland, Weir
Carson, Hinsperger, ld		rd, Fratt, Lane
Trapp, Carson, rd		ld, Jerwa, Conn, Lane
Beveridge, g		g, Jackson

Score—Providence 4, Boston 2. Goals—Harrington 2, Murray, A. Giroux for Providence; Klein 2 for Boston. Assists—Harrington, Taylor, A. Giroux, Hinsperger, Murray for Providence; Pratt, Johnson for Boston. Referees—W. J. Stewart and W. A. Shaver. Time—Three 20m. periods.

Plan Community Olympic Tryouts

NEW YORK, April 4 (AP)—The American Olympic Track and Field Committee has come through with a new plan to save Olympic team aspirants some money.

Under the new plan, any community in the country will be allowed to conduct a preliminary tryout on making application to the committee. Athletes placing first, second or third in these tryouts and equaling or surpassing certain arbitrary standards fixed by the committee for each event, qualify automatically for the semifinals at Chicago and Long Beach, Calif., July 8 and 9 and will not have to run in one of the 11 sectional tryouts already recommended to the general Olympic committee.

One exception was made, however. All athletes in Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, eastern Pennsylvania, Maryland, District of Columbia and Porto Rico, will be required to compete in the eastern sectional tryouts at Cambridge, Mass, June 16 and 17.

The arbitrary standards fixed by the committee were:

100 meters, 10⅘s.; 200, 21⅗s.; 400, 49s.; 800, 1m. 56s; 1500, 4m; 3000-meter steeplechase, 10m. 25s.; 5000 meters, 15m. 20s.; 10,000 meters, 32m.

High jump, 6ft. 3in.; broad jump, 24ft.; pole vault, 13ft. 6in.; hop, step and jump, 46ft. 6in.; shot put, 49ft; discus throw, 145ft.; javelin, 190ft.; hammer, 155ft.; 110-meter hurdles, 15s.; 400-meter hurdles, 55s.

No standards were set for the marathon, 50,000-meter walk, decathlon, 400-meter relay or 1600-meter relay.

MISS ORCUTT WINS TITLE

PINEHURST, N. C., April 4 (AP)—Maureen Orcutt of Englewood, N. J., won the women's north and south golf championship Saturday by defeating Mrs. Opal S. Hill of Kansas City, Mo., 1 up in their 18-hole finals match. The New Jersey girl, the defending titleholder, rolled a 25-footer into the cup on the final green for a 4 that won the hole and the match. It furnished a dramatic conclusion to a brilliant exhibition of thrust and parry with fine shots that kept the players battling on even terms. Mrs. Hill took the first hole, and from there until the end was never down, but Miss Orcutt never permitted her opponent's advantage to go to more than 1 up.

EPEE FENCERS SELECTED

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 4 (AP)—Eight candidates for the United States Olympic épée fencing team were selected Saturday night in tryouts at Yale University. In order of their ranking, they are as follows: Lieut. George C. Calnan, New York Fencers Club; Tracy H. Jaeckel, New York Fencers Club; Lieut. Gustav Heiss, New York Fencers Club; Donald Waldhaus, New York A. C.; George W. Thompson Jr. '32, Yale; Marcel Pasche, New York Fencers Club; Nikolas Muray, New York A. C., and Philip Lubert, University Fencers Club. Pieter Mijer, who has been a member of the Dutch Olympic team, placed third, but was declared ineligible.

WHITE TEAM WINS POLO CUP

PINEHURST, N. C., April 4 (AP)—The Jack Latting Memorial Cup was won Saturday by the White team of the Sandhill Polo Club, which defeated the Blue team of the same organization, 9 goals to 6. Lambert Sloane of Detroit, who scored four goals; W. V. Slocock of Darien, Conn., who scored three; Gould Shaw of New York and Gordon Cameron of Pinehurst composed the winning team.

WHITE SOX PICK PASADENA

CHICAGO, April 4 (AP)—The Chicago White Sox will train at Pasadena, Calif., next year, President J. Louis Comiskey announced Saturday. The Sox have trained in Texas since 1917, with the exception of one year.

INDOOR POLO IS UNDER WAY

Optimists and Los Nan Duces Win in Open Class in Squadron A Armory

Special from Monitor Bureau

NEW YORK, April 4—The annual indoor pony polo championships got under way on Saturday evening, with both the Squadron A Armory in New York and Squadron C Armory in Brooklyn housing the contestants.

By a new arrangement, the open championship, played without the handicaps, began the proceedings, instead of coming at the end. Four teams entered, and were arranged to play a round robin, with each team encountering every other.

All four were in action on Saturday, the Optimists, composed of F. W. C. Guest, Stewart B. Iglehart and Warren A. Sackman, defeating Yale University, with L. A. Baldin of the famous Hawaiian family, Michael G. Phipps and J. P. Mills, 10-7½, at Squadron A, while Los Nan Duces, with Lieut. Joseph F. Haskell, former West Point star; Gerard S. Smith and Lieut. McDowell Jones, former Optimist, disposing of the Riding Club trio, with the Hoppings, father and son, and Maj. J. K. Brown, 12½ to 3, at Squadron C.

A pair of Class C matches were played at Squadron A, with the West Point officers eliminating the home team, 15½ to 2, and Princeton eliminating Pennsylvania Military College, 10 to 2½. At Squadron C, Class D eliminations were in order, with Ramapo defeating West Point Officers, 10½ to 3, and Squadron C forcing out 109th Artillery, 8 to 7. The summary:

OPEN CLASS

OPTIMISTS	YALE
1—S. B. Iglehart	L. A. Baldwin
2—W. F. C. Guest	M. G. Phipps
Back—W. A. Sackman	J. P. Mills

Score—Optimists 10, Yale 7½. Goals—Optimists: Iglehart 5, Guest 3, Sackman 4; Yale: Baldwin, Phipps 5, Mills 2. Fouls—Optimists: Iglehart 2, Guest, Sackman; Yale: Mills. Time of chukkers—Four of 7½m. each. Referee—Thomas Brady.

LOS NAN DUCES	RIDING CLUB
1—Lt. Joseph Haskell	Earle W. Hopping
2—Gerard S. Smith	E. A. S. Hopping
Back—Lieut. McD. Jones	Maj. J. K. Brown

Score—Los Nan Duces 12½, Riding Club 3. Goals—Los Nan Duces: Smith 7, Jones 3, Haskell, pony 2; Riding Club: E. W. Hopping 2, E. A. S. Hopping. Foul—Jones. Referee—Gilbert Wilson. Time of chukkers—Four of 7½m. each.

Shamrocks Defeat Duluth Hornets 2-1

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, April 4—The Shamrocks of this city won the opening game of the American Hockey League title playoff at the Chicago Stadium here last night, 2 to 1, defeating the Hornets of Duluth. The locals rushed through two goals in the first period and then took it easy. So easy, in fact, that Duluth gave them a real battle in the last period and missed tying the score by one of those narrow margins.

After 11 minutes of the first period, Wiseman scored on a pass from Buswell. Less than two minutes later, Prelesnik scored on a pass from Wiseman. Duluth's goal came after seven and a half minutes of the second period, Anderson scoring unassisted. The summary:

CHICAGO		DULUTH
Prelesnik, McFadyen, Armand, lw		rw, Forslund, Anderson, Morrison
Riley, Clayton, Johnson, c		c, Leswick, Scott
Wiseman, Brydson, O'Neill, rw		lw, Merrill, Lessard
Buswell, MacKenzie, ld		rd, Davis, Bouchard
Taylor, Headley, rd		ld, Bergi, Stuart
Karakas, g		g, Turner

Score—Chicago Shamrocks 2, Duluth Hornets 1. Goals—Wiseman and Prelesnik for Chicago; Anderson for Duluth. Assists—Buswell and Wiseman for Chicago. Time—Three 20m. periods.

NEW RULE WOULD SPEED UP GAME

Special from Monitor Bureau

CHICAGO, April 4—Loss of ball out of bounds is the penalty recommended for stalling by the National Basketball Coaches' Association as they brought their three-day meeting to a close here. The rule would provide for a line to be drawn across mid-court, and 10 seconds would be allowed for the offensive team to cross this line after gaining possession of the ball. The ball may be passed back over this line once; after that, possession is sacrificed.

"It will speed up play and give the spectators what they come to see, a fast game," said F. C. Allen of University of Kansas, commenting on the antistalling rule. "If adopted by the Rules Committee it will be the most revolutionary change since the dribble came back in 1906."

A number of the coaches present are members of the Rules Committee, which meets in New York next Thursday and Friday.

H. G. Olsen of Ohio State University was elected president to succeed A. A. Schabinger of Creighton University. Roy Mondorf of Georgia Tech, Howard Ortmer of Cornell University, A. C. Lonborg of Northwestern University and H. C. Beresford of University of Colorado, were elected vice-presidents.

YOUNGSTOWN WINS TITLE

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, April 4 (AP)—Youngstown won the international Y. M. C. A. basketball championship here Saturday night by defeating Springfield, Mo., 31 to 28, in the final of the tenth annual tournament. Youngstown stepped out to an early lead and the score at half time was 19 to 10. A Springfield rally in the late minutes of the game was turned back. Buffalo, which lost last year's title on an eligibility ruling after winning the tournament, finished winner of the consolation finals, defeating Wilmerding, Penna., 43 to 39.

MISS HOLM BREAKS RECORD

NEW YORK, April 4 (AP)—Eleanor M. Holm of the Women's Swimming Association of New York improved her own world record for the 100-yard backstroke swim, in winning the Metropolitan A. A. U. senior championship yesterday. Miss Holm was timed in 1m. 11 3-5s., two-fifths of a second better than her listed mark of 1m. 12s., set at Miami Beach in 1930.

VICTORY NO. 10 FOR PINEHURST

PINEHURST, N. C. April 4 (AP)—For the tenth successive time, the Pinehurst golf team defeated an all-South team representing other southern resorts, by a score of 13 to 5, in Nassau foursome matches here Saturday. Ray Lenahan of Providence, playing for all-South, had a score of 73 to lead the invitation tallies.

Twelve Changes In A. B. C. Leaders

AMERICAN BOWLING CONGRESS LEADERS

FIVE-MAN TEAMS

Verifine Ice Cream, Milwaukee	3101
Joseph Voss Belters, Chicago	3046
Resch & Son Co., Youngstown	3014
Freeman Shoes, Beloit	2981
Brogger's Recreation, Grand Rapids	2956
Ebonite Ball Five, Covington, Ky	2946
Maurers, Syracuse	2930
Greenvillas, New York	2929
Fisk Tires, Milwaukee	2926
Tall Ones, Dayton, Ohio	2925

TWO-MAN TEAMS

Charles Daw-Frank Benkovic, Milw'kee	1358
Edward Zajac-John Sublosky, Chicago	1350
James Wilson-Otto Stein Jr., St. Louis	1311
August Ehlke-Gilbert Zunker, Milw'kee	1306
J. Bruno-B. Prediger, Portsmouth, O.	1305
Harvey Bailey-Louis Behm, Wyandotte	1295
John Fehr-Jess Pritchett, Indianapolis	1290
H. Reitmeyer-H. Cook, Irvington, N. J.	1278
J. Buca-M. Straka, Chicago	1274
K. Wilkes-C. Pankow, Buffalo	1272

SINGLES

Otto Nitschke, Cleveland	731
John Sublosky, Chicago	727
Alexander Graham, New Phila., Ohio	719
Michael Shirghio, New York	715
Matthias Morlock, Buffalo	711
A. C. Baumann, Columbus	710
Charles Dra, Chicago	704
John Rutkowski, Syracuse	703
Hugh Stewart, Cincinnati	692
Edward Helwig, Detroit	690
Frederick Wilkening, Libertyville	690

ALL-EVENTS

Hugh Stewart, Cincinnati	1980
Albert Rudinsky, Dover, N. J.	1973
Michael Shirghio, New York	1924
S. P. Garofalo, St. Louis	1921
Leroy Griebel, Cleveland	1915
Louis Levine, Chicago	1913
Thaddeus Kirk, St. Louis	1909
George Collet, Kalamazoo	1907
George Notz, Chicago	1901
John Sublosky, Chicago	1901

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

DETROIT, April 4—A real storm broke out in the American Bowling Congress tournament over the weekend and when all was quiet and the bombardment had ceased the custodian of the official standing board had made 12 changes among the high 10 leaders in the national pin classic.

Verifine Ice Cream of Milwaukee forged to the front in the team event late Saturday, when they scored a total of 3101. Hugh Stewart, Cincinnati, dominated the proceedings in the minor events when he soared to the top in the nine-game class with a towering 1980 total, an average per game of 220. Stewart unleashed a brilliant and steady attack on the pins that culminated in his scoring the sixth highest all-events series in A. B. C. history. The Cincinnatian counted 672 in the team event on 194, 244 and 234; registered 616 as his doubles score on 213, 222 and 181, then climaxed a sensational exhibition to total 692 in the singles event on 211, 246 and 235. His individual series gave him eighth place rating in that division.

The Verifines lived up to their name, starting with a 1040 game, the Milwaukeans increased to 1054 then counted 1007 in the final attempt. Henry Marino, generally considered as the best team bowler in the country, showed the way for his colleagues by tumbling 668 pins on 188, 235 and 245. August Ehlke and William Sixty rolled identical totals of 625, Gilbert Zunker finished with a 624 series, and George Keegan was content with a score of 539.

There was a scramble for high honors in the doubles event, but bad breaks wrecked hopes for two combinations. James Wilson and Ottow Stein Jr., St. Louis, after a poor beginning of 361 came through with massive games of 501 and 440 for a grand total of 1311 and third place.

August Ehlke and Gilbert Zunker, of the leading Milwaukee team, were close behind with a 1306 series that put them in fourth. The Wisconsin pair had starts of 446 and and 458, but Ehlke ran into three wide splits that held them to the 402-mark in the finale.

In the singles competition Matthias Morlock, Buffalo, set the pace when he registered a 711 total to go into fourth place. Morlock secured most of his mark in the first and third games when he hit 268 and 259, respectively. His inability to bunch strikes and the 5—7 split kept his score at 184 in the middle game.

Resch & Son Company, Youngstown, were on their way to a new all-time record in the team event Saturday night, when they flashed 1040 and 1075 in their first two games. However, they were unable to continue the pace and chalked up 889 and for a 3014 grand total and third place. Maurers of Syracuse came through with 2930 to take seventh place, and the Fisk Tires of Milwaukee totaled 2926 for ninth.

Besides Stewart's mammoth total, three other bowlers succeeded in counting enough pins for positions among the high 10 in the all-events. Leroy Griebel, Cleveland, annexed a 1915 for fifth; Louis Levine, Chicago, 1913, sixth and George Collet, Kalamazoo 1907, eighth.

TILDEN RANKED NO. 1 BY PROFESSIONALS

NEW YORK, April 4 (AP)—William T. (Big Bill) Tilden 2d. gains the No. 1 place on the first national ranking ever issued by the Professional Lawn Tennis Association.

Vincent Richards is placed at No. 2, Howard Kinsey No. 3, Francis T. Hunter No. 4, and J. Emmett Paré, Chicago No. 5. Behind these trail in order Paul Heston, Washington; Charles M. Wood, New York; Robert Seller, San Francisco; J. Basil Maguire, Brooklyn; and John J. Gardegna, Ardsley, N. Y.

COLLEGE LACROSSE RESULTS

Princeton 7, New York 3.
Boston L. C. 11, Tufts 2.

COLLEGE RUGBY RESULTS

N. Y. Rugby Club 11, Harvard 7.
Harvard 10, French S. C. 4.

COLLEGE TRACK RESULT

Southern California 102⅕, California 28⅘.

COLLEGE TENNIS RESULT

Annapolis 8, Maryland 1.

HAVE you renewed your subscription to the Monitor? Prompt renewal insures your receiving every issue, and is a courtesy greatly appreciated by The Christian Science Publishing Society.

MISS MORRILL HAS BIG DAY

Wins Singles, Doubles and Mixed Doubles Titles at Longwood C. C.

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

NEWTON, Mass., April 4—Saturday was a big day for Miss Marjorie A. Morrill of Dedham, Mass., in the twenty-fifth United States women's indoor tennis championship tournament, at the Longwood Covered Courts, Chestnut Hill. Miss Morrill not only won the singles championship from the defending champion, but the women's doubles title in partnership with Mrs. John W. Van Ryn of Philadelphia and the mixed doubles title paired with Dr. G. Colket Caner of Boston.

In singles Miss Morrill, who has never before won an indoor title in senior ranks but in 1926 was United States indoor girl champion, defeated Miss Marjorie L. Sachs of Cambridge and Radcliffe College in three sets, 3—6, 6—2, 6—2. The point score:

First Set

Miss Morrill	4	4	3	2	2	4	2	0	1	—22—3
Miss Sachs	1	2	5	4	4	2	4	4	4	—36—6

Second Set

Miss Morrill	1	4	4	7	5	5	2	4	—32—6	
Miss Sachs	4	2	1	5	3	3	4	1	—23—2	

Third Set

Miss Morrill	4	1	4	4	2	4	4	4	—27—6
Miss Sachs	1	4	2	2	4	2	2	2	—19—2

Miss

NATIONAL PARKS FOUND RICHEST IN INTANGIBLES

(Continued from Page 1)

who are seated in a circle, like ptarmigans on a rock, listening to a national park ranger explain the intricacies of a vocal round.

"Come now," says he. "Let's sing; everybody!"

Timidly at first, but gathering courage with momentum, the song springs upward with the flames—

Little Tommy Tinker,
He sat on a clinker.
And then began to cry:
"Maw-aw! Maw-aw!"
Poor little innocent boy

The crowd catches the whimsical nonsense and enters with zest into the musical fray, rising from the logs and stretching frantic arms to the sky with each repetition of the bellowed "Maw-aws."

But consider: The mail carrier is conscious of a great deficiency. He knows he can't sing. But he doesn't want the banker to know. So he remains silent. The banker, on the other hand, is the possessor of a trained voice. But he is an individual of massive dignity. Catch him intoning such blatant doggerel! He rather fancies not! So he, too, remains silent. The laborer from Gary prefers the familiar refrains picked up years ago at local union gatherings. This silly Tommy Tinker song gets nowhere, he decides. And he likewise remains silent. Alone of the four, the Iowa farmer sees some reason in the proceedings. Like other farmers all over the United States he understands the ancient secret of making one's own fun. But he is shy. So he contents himself with humming the refrain and rising half-heartedly from his seat at the proper places.

The ranger marks the little group. He has had many experiences of just this kind. He knows exactly what to do.

"Oh, look," he shouts good-naturedly. "See that male quartet sitting there. Come on, you fellows. Let's see if you can make more noise than this group of college girls over here. All ready, begin!"

The mail carrier looks at the banker. The banker looks at the laborer. The laborer eyes the farmer. They all feel painfully conspicuous. Why couldn't that pesky ranger leave them alone? But what was that about making more noise than the girls? Humph, they'd see about that.

So these four Americans from four widely separated sections of the country and four widely differing avenues of endeavor stand up together and sing "Little Tommy Tinker."

A Sight Worth Seeing

Now anyone who thinks it is not worth a trip across the continent to behold a dignified Boston banker, a lean California mail carrier, a one-time fellow of Local No. 666, and a typical prairie farmer, bellowing "Maw-aw! Maw-aw!" at the top of their voices while gesticulating wildly toward the moon, has mislaid his sense of values. Anyone who fails to read a significance in the linked arms of these four compatriots of the camp fire as they acknowledge the applause of the log-sitters, has overlooked a most impressive thing.

He has overlooked the fact that in the national parks of the United States something is going on of more importance than anything listed in the guidebooks.

On the shores of Yellowstone Lake; along the banks of the Merced in Yosemite; near the slow-moving glaciers of Mt. Rainier; in the shelter of the Big Trees at Sequoia—at dozens of other camp fires presided over by the ranger naturalist service, scenes similar to the one described are being enacted daily during the tourist season. The cast of characters may change, the dialogue may be altered, but the theme remains the same in each instance. It is an old theme and a common one—that of strangers being drawn together by a mutual interest only to find that after all they are not strangers, but friends.

After a long journey through the national parks and many evenings spent about their camp fires, the memory of the persistence of this theme continues as a perpetual reminder that—say what one may about the flaws of this government "by the people"—there actually does exist in the United States certain islands of democracy, certain spots making for a closer unification of its citizens, certain circles of influence which are playing an important part in building the morale of a nation. And proof of this may be seen at any one of hundreds of camp fires glowing through widespread vistas when night falls on the national parks of America.

Comrades Under the Sun

But one does not have to wait for the curtain of night to descend before catching the quality of comradeship which the parks are giving to visitors.

Who that has negotiated Bright Angel Trail on the back of a phlegmatic mule, in company with, say, a dozen other tenderfeet, but recalls the feeling of mutual felicitation which draws the little band together at Indian Gardens? A party of strangers had left El Tovar, but the imaginary hazards which gave to the journey a flavor of adventure, has turned them into comrades, and by the time they have toiled back up the sheer canyon side to the rim above, such things as mere social barriers seem puny indeed compared to the warm glow of brotherliness which comes from having participated in a common conquest.

Likewise, a motor caravan starts out in charge of a ranger-naturalist to "do" the rim of Crater Lake; another leaves on a round of investigations among the ancient cliff dwellings at Mesa Verde; a group of some 300 hikers wander down into the underground wonderland of Carlsbad Cavern; a few intrepid mountain climbers begin the assault of Longs Peak in the Rocky Mountain Park; some amateur explorers reach the rim of volcanic Lassen Peak; after having spent a tranquillizing night among the giant trees of Sequoia National Park, a band of thoughtful sight-seers climb the long stairway up Moro Rock.

In each party there are members who return with something more than the memory of a view, something choicer than the snapshots they have taken. For, counting the total benefits at the end of the day it is undoubtedly true that the greatest common divisor is friendliness—friendliness born of a common experience, a common response to the marvels of the out-of-doors.

Break Down Sectionalism

Thus the parks are playing a part in undermining the weak walls of sectionalism while pouring the cement for a better foundation of understanding for a more rational citadel of national tolerance.

The national park service stands in a position very similar to that of a curator of a vast museum. If it cared to personify its activities and classify its displays it might speak something in this manner:

"Ah, good-day, sirs and mesdames. Nice of you to drop in. What is your especial interest today? Glaciers? Quite so—to be sure. Just step over into Washington and study the display labeled Mt. Rainier. You will find 28 active glaciers moving down the side of this mountain and rangers are in attendance who will be glad to explain their action to you.

"After you have observed the glaciers at work, you might move on to Montana and pay particular attention to the Glacier National Park exhibit, where you will be able to get into really intimate touch with the glaciers. There are 60 small glaciers in this exhibit, not to mention the 250 glacier-fed lakes, the innumerable waterfalls, cirques, U-shaped valleys and both lateral and terminal moraines.

"Or, should you desire to study a glacial valley which ages ago afforded a channel for a river of lava which rolled down the crater of a volcano that swallowed itself, let me recommend the Oregon section where you will find the Crater Lake display."

Geology? Botany? Anthropology? Archaeology? Wild life? Trees? Deserts? Mountains? Caverns? Hot Springs? Geysers? Volcanoes? Just mention a preference and the "curator" will point to outstanding opportunities for study.

Indeed, it is well-nigh impossible to visit any National Park without coming away with a fund of first-hand knowledge in one or more of the branches of natural history.

All Outdoors a Classroom

Campfires, motor carayans, nature hikes, community halls, hotel ballrooms, presided over by well-versed ranger-naturalists, many of whom hold college professorships, afford splendid classrooms where the blackboards are only limited by the boundaries of the parks in which they function as scenery.

A group of tourists moves down the 1000-foot drop toward Crater Lake, guided by a familiar figure in the forest green uniform of the ranger-naturalist.

"Ranger!" shrills one of the party, a rotund lady with kittenish curls. "What is that perfectly delicious tree just there by the bend?"

"That is a mountain hemlock, madam," explains the ranger-naturalist. "You will notice that the top droops. Spruce and fir trees, on the other hand, have spire-like tops."

This explanation is the forerunner of a disquisition on coniferous trees which continues until someone notices a shrub-like vine clinging to the precipitous rocks near by.

"Oh, Ranger!" comes the query, "is this a member of the arbutus family?"

The ranger does not reveal his inner amusement by so much as the flicker of an eyelash.

"No sir," he explains, "this is a creeping currant. It is a rare plant—a member of the saxifrage or 'rock-breaking' family."

"But currant bushes grow high—like blackberries."

"Not at this altitude, sir. You see we are now traveling down through the timber line zone. You will notice that most of the familiar plants are dwarfed. Take this group of tiny monkey-flowers—yes sir, the one that resembles a bed of old-fashioned petunias —' you will find this plant growing to a height of two or three feet farther down the valley. Its botanical name is Mimulus lewisii—so named because the blossoms were first seen by Meriwether Lewis when he penetrated the northwestern territory. And that blue lowly lupine, which is so brilliant and tiny here, will likewise be found much larger, but less vivid in the lower altitudes."

What Makes the Water Blue?

Then someone else wishes elucidation regarding the zones of plant growth, and the ranger holds forth on that topic. Some one spies a golden-mantled ground squirrel.

"Oh, see that darling chipmunk!" they exclaimed.

This furnishes a cue for an extemporaneous lecture on the wild animal and bird life of the park.

Another wants to know when the small cone emerging from the vivid blue of the lake is likely to erupt. Thereupon the discussion turns to volcanic action. A question is presented regarding the coloration of different rock strata. Geology becomes the topic. And finally, when the shore of the lake is reached, someone is sure to ask what makes the water so blue. What an opportunity that is! The ranger mentally tightens his belt and plunges into the subject of spectrology, expounding wisely on the nature of light rays, diffusion, reflection, and what not.

Thus, in each of the national parks, the work of disseminating information goes on, and its result is a broadened outlook for hundreds of thousands of visitors who arrive at the parks, marveling—and leave, understanding. So this is another hidden attraction concerning which the guidebooks are not voluble.

With more than 3,000,000 tourists visiting the national parks annually, one might conceivably expect that the policing of such a multitude would present an obtrusively ubiquitous problem. But such is not the impression one gets while touring the parks. While a branch of the ranger service has police powers, and exercises its prerogatives most effectively when occasion demands, so considerately is its work carried on that the average traveler has no occasion to look upon the forest green uniform other than as a guarantee of helpfulness, advice, information and protection.

Gently, Stranger, Gently

A long, rakish roadster pulls up to the checking station in one of the parks. Obviously the cars it has whizzed by on the road will come straggling along far into the night. The ranger foresees difficulties for the driver of that car unless a warning is given, yet he does not wish to give the impression of being unduly officious. Therefore, after he had asked the required questions and issued a permit to drive in the park, he calls the visitor's attention to the little map in the government circular that is presented to all who enter.

"Staying here long?" he asks conversationally.

"Nope, we're scooting right through. Think we can 'do' the park in a day?"

"Hardly," explains the ranger. "Even though you did not stop to view any of the points of interest, you could not make it in a day. You see, from this point to this point"—indicating the route on the map—"is a narrow, winding road and you would endanger other tourists if you drove at all fast.

"Besides, it would do you no good, because the road from the junction will be closed for traffic in the direction you are going long before you can get there. Even if you speeded, it would do you no good. You'd merely have to wait at the junction until the road opened. Besides that, if you were seen speeding the ranger station ahead would be notified and you might be held up until all the other cars on the road had gone on."

"You mean to say I've got to poke along at 15 miles an hour?"

"Oh, no. The roads are all posted, so you can tell just how fast you may drive with safety. But, you'll find it works out all right. You'll have a chance to see some things you might otherwise miss. Take this point here"—and again the ranger refers to the map and by his manner usually succeeds in conveying the impression that the visitor is a highly privileged character, being intrusted with secrets of the whereabouts of some of the most interesting features of the park.

Pretty Good Scouts After All

"Say," the driver declares to his companion as they roll along, "these rangers are a pretty good lot. They're not forever scooting out from ambush with their motorcycles and police whistles. They tell you what's what and let you use your own judgment. Guess we'd better play the game and observe the signs. Besides I'm sort of interested in seeing some of the things that fellow told us about. We might as well, since we have to take it slow anyway."

Seldom, however, is even such a mild warning as the one related required. With very few exceptions, visitors to the national parks are predisposed to observe the rules. Constantly it is being impressed upon them that the national parks are their parks, and a consequent sense of mutual ownership does much toward preventing infractions. In fact, when infractions do occur, it is no uncommon thing to see the visitors themselves calling the offenders to account.

Yet it should not be supposed that the rangers are not alert. Many who have acted on that presumption have found themselves quietly, but most effectively brought to time. Then they know that the ranger service is on the job. So do professional law violators, who have found by many sad experiences that illegal operations in the parks are losing propositions. And petty offenders likewise shortly are made to understand that the pleasant-faced ranger can be stern enough when rigid methods are required. But the "you's" and "they's" and "us's" who obey the rules travel from park to park with never an unpleasant contact with the ranger service.

Friendliness Begets Friendliness

In this day when, in so many localities, the belligerent brow and officious manner of an occasional policeman seem to engender a defensive attitude on the part of even the most law-abiding, it is most gratifying to travel along highways guarded by friendly faces rather than by stern and suspicious eyes. And if there is any doubt that the friendly way is the better way, attention might be called to the fact that out of all those 3,000,000 and more visitors to the national parks last year, less than 150 arrests were made.

Yes, friendly highways are the rule in the national parks—and yet one may search in vain through the guidebooks for any mention of this feature. Nevertheless, it must be that like the camp-fire democracies and nature-walk universities, these tactful constabularies maintained by the parks are enriching the experience of visitors with something less tangible, perhaps, but quite as important as anything the guidebooks record.

America has become so thoroughly accustomed to associating its initial letter with the triple A's of a-wheel, a-wing and a-float that it seems likely to forget that there once were certain commendable practices known as a-foot and a-horseback. In the national parks, however, these two elements of well-balanced travel are not overlooked.

In practically every park considerable effort is devoted to the task of inducing upholstery-minded tourists to abandon their usual means of transportation and become acquainted with the unique joys incident to the use of saddle blankets and shank's mare.

How to See the Parks

Look on a typical bulletin issued by one of the national parks and one is struck by the emphasis placed on hiking and trail riding. The automobilist may have his ranger-conducted caravan, but he who would really know the parks is constantly advised to put on his hiking boots or saddle breeches and get out on the trails.

No automobile road leads to Cache la Poudre meadows; no automobile road reaches Indian Henry's Hunting Ground; no automobile road climbs Two Medicine Pass. If one would figuratively shake hands with mountains, he must needs park his car, and either grab his alpenstock and hoof it, or else patronize the pack-and-saddle industry.

And those who return to the cities declaring they have seen any one of the national parks, without having ventured forth on the trails are self-deceived. They may have been there, but they have seen very little. For the best of the parks are hidden from the car window and the motor road. Their mysteries are revealed only to those who earn them.

So the national parks are performing a very actual service in inducing numberless visitors to step out of the motor age, throw off the mental shackles which bind so many tourists to the paved highways, and recapture some of the tranquillity, some of the serenity, some of the sublimity which too often seem to have fled the cities and now wait beyond some sequestered ridge to reward the pilgrim with the seeing eye.

Yes, the guidebooks record the names, mark the trails, chart the museums and the lecture walks; but they modestly refrain from speaking of the intangibles which the parks are offering to millions of visitors each year. Yet the wise tourist would do well to consider these hidden features, for they remain in memory long after the tracings on the route map are forgotten.

* * *

And, now that the prologue is delivered, we must be off. It is well we have thought of intangibles, for they are to play as important a part in the enjoyment of our journey as does the equipment packed behind us in the trailer.

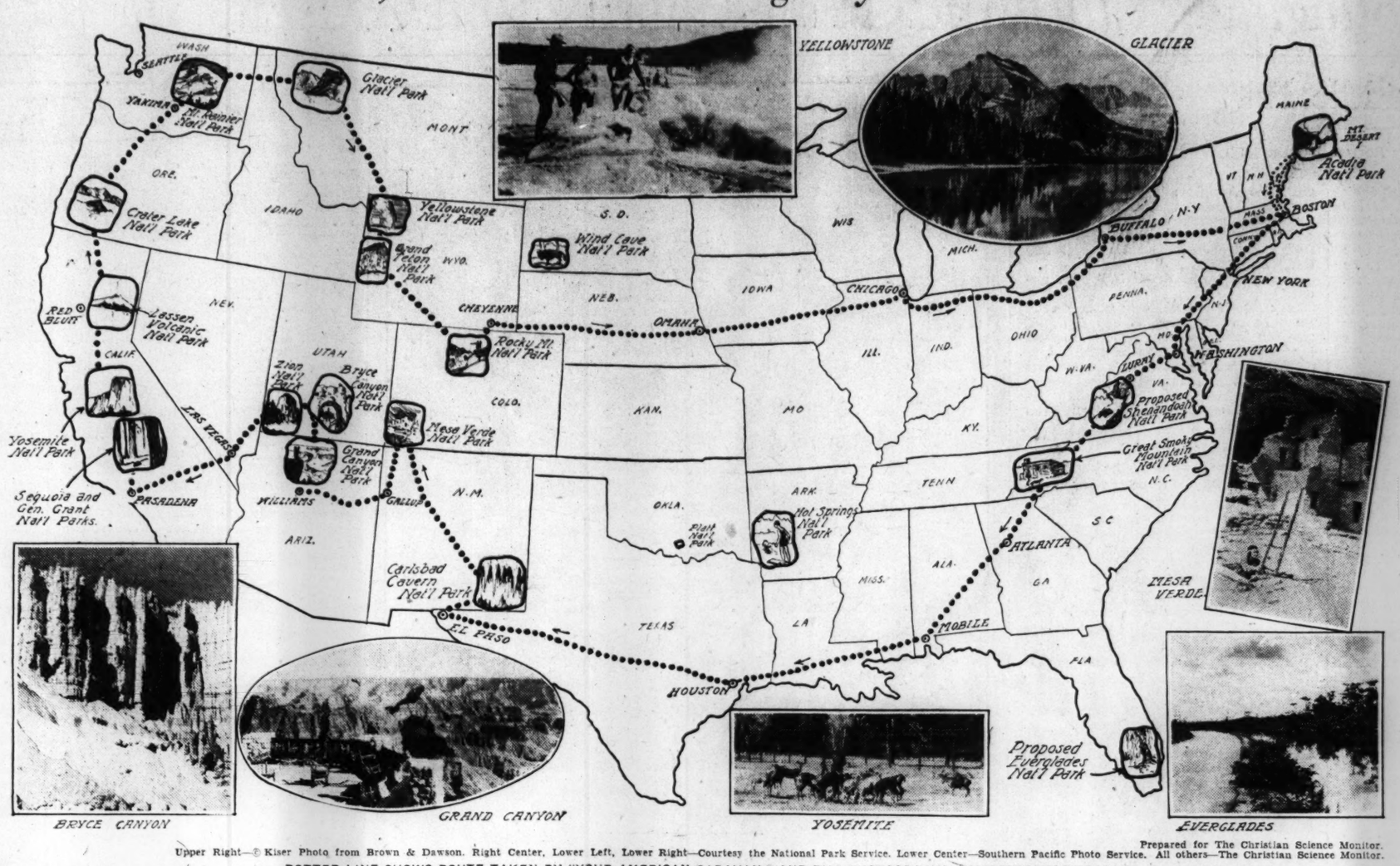
Very well, we turn the key to our town house. We grasp the wheel. The home looks somehow forlorn as we wheel out of the yard.

Good-by! Good-by, you comfortable old house! We're off to the national parks!

Honk! Honk!

And the next installment, April 6, continues the adventure.

Now Then, Here's How to Tour Right by Your Own Fireside



Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor.

Upper Right—© Kiser Photo from Brown & Dawson. Right Center, Lower Left, Lower Right—Courtesy the National Park Service. Lower Center—Southern Pacific Photo Service. All others—The Christian Science Monitor.

DOTTED LINE SHOWS ROUTE TAKEN BY "YOUR AMERICAN CARAVAN," AND THE PHOTOGRAPHS, INCIDENTS ON THE WAY

The National Parks at a Glance

(Prepared especially for The Christian Science Monitor by the National Park Service, Department of the Interior.)

Acadia—Maine coast. Granite mountains upon Mount Desert Island and bold point on opposite mainland.

Bryce Canyon—Southwestern Utah. Box canyon filled with countless fantastically eroded pinnacles.

Carlsbad Caverns—Southeastern New Mexico. Beautifully decorated limestone caverns.

Crater Lake—Southwestern Oregon. Lake of extraordinary blueness in crater of extinct volcano.

General Grant—Middle eastern California. Sequoia grove containing the celebrated General Grant Tree.

Glacier—Northwestern Montana. Rugged mountain region of unsurpassed alpine character.

Grand Canyon—North central Arizona. The greatest example of erosion and the most sublime spectacle in the world.

Grand Teton—Northwestern Wyoming. Includes most spectacular portion of Teton Mountains.

Great Smoky Mountains—North Carolina and Tennessee. Greatest mountain upthrust in East.

Hawaii—Hawaii. Interesting volcanic areas.

Hot Springs—Middle Arkansas. Reserved by Congress in 1832 as the Hot Springs Reservation to prevent exploitation of hot waters.

Lassen Volcanic—Northern California. Only recently active volcano in United States proper.

Mesa Verde—Southwestern Colorado. Most notable and best preserved prehistoric cliff dwellings in United States.

Mount McKinley—South central Alaska. Highest mountain in North America.

Mount Rainier—West central Washington. Largest accessible single peak glacier system.

Platt—Southern Oklahoma. Sulphur and other springs.

Rocky Mountain—North middle Colorado. Heart of the Rockies.

Sequoia—Middle eastern California. The Big Tree national park.

Wind Cave—South Dakota. Cavern having several miles of galleries and numerous chambers containing peculiar formations.

Yellowstone—Northwestern Wyoming, southwestern Montana, and northeastern Idaho. More geysers than in all rest of world together. Grand Canyon of the Yellowstone, remarkable for gorgeous coloring. Large lakes. Many large streams and waterfalls.

Yosemite—Middle eastern California. Glacier-carved valley of rare beauty.

Zion—Southwestern Utah. Magnificent gorge, with precipitous walls. Of great beauty and scenic interest.

CONCERN FELT OVER ROUMANIA'S FOREIGN POLICY

Country's Failure to Effect Soviet Pact Held as One Reason

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

BUCHAREST, Roumania—Signs of rifts in the Gibraltar of Roumania's foreign policy—the alliance between France, Poland and the Little Entente, are at present troubling those here who are concerned with Roumania's external affairs.

This country is said to have a rather unfriendly press in Paris now, and it is felt that both France and Poland are annoyed because Roumania has failed to conclude a non-aggression pact with the Soviets, thus holding up the pacts they had agreed upon with Russia.

Besides this, a tendency has appeared recently toward the setting up of a central European economic alliance, including Austria and Hungary, and this is held to threaten Roumania's connections with Yugoslavia and Czechoslovakia.

Further, the ever-growing movement for treaty revision, led by defeated powers and aided by supporters in many neutral lands, adds to the uneasy feeling of the Roumanians. And this is especially so since Italy, a former ally, has become an aggressive advocate of treaty revision. It is also stated here that there is a strong tendency in Italy in favor of a restored Hungary—that, in short, the tide there seems to be moving against the Roumanians.

With Russia on the east openly claiming Bessarabia, with Bulgaria's claims to Dobroudja unabated, with Poland and France nursing at least a slight indisposition, with Italy enthusiastically supporting Hungary, with Czechoslovakia making tentative economic agreements with Hungary and Austria and with most disinterested peace advocates vaguely though ardently seeking treaty revision, Roumania's position is not any too secure, it is believed.

LEFT-DRIVE CARS BANNED

PORT OF SPAIN, Trinidad, B. W. I. (By U. P.)—Importation of left-drive automobiles will be forbidden after May 1, under a recent proclamation issued by the Governor, Sir Claud Hollis. The prohibition was considered necessary to avoid accident risk, as all automobiles here, as in England, keep to the left-hand side of the road.

The Roller-bearing OLYMPIAN

Chicago—Spokane
Seattle—Tacoma

For 656 wondrous mountain miles behind powerful electric locomotives—smokeless, sootless, cinderless. The World's longest continuous *electrified* ride! Every luxury. Open observation cars. Meals by Rector.

Leaves Chicago 10:45 p. m.

This Summer—fares *lowest ever.*

Plan a Pacific Northwest Vacation. Ask

Geo. B. Haynes 1200-33
Passenger Traffic Manager
841 Union Station, Chicago, Illinois

The MILWAUKEE ROAD
AMERICA'S LONGEST ELECTRIFIED RAILROAD

SPEED-O WINDOW WASHER

WINDOWS EASY TO CLEAN THIS NEW WAY
FOR ONLY $1.00
NO MESS NO BOTHER

Fill the fountain handle with water, and then it works like magic. No rubbing, or hard work, or soiled hands and clothes. A few strokes and the Speed-O Window Cleaner will wash, dry and polish any window, show case, mirror, tile, etc. Cleans and shines the dirtiest windows at amazing speed. Eliminates pail, rags and compounds.

Sent postpaid upon receipt of $1.00. Complete satisfaction or your money back.

W. F. HALMI CO., INC.
Room 4709-C 70 E. 45th St., N. Y.
DISTRIBUTORS WANTED

Start the day with flavor!

LEON JANNEY—popular young screen star

A BOWL of crisp Kellogg's Corn Flakes and cool milk or cream at breakfast makes your appetite get busy. And it's great for you! Rich in food value. Enjoy Kellogg's for lunch. And what could be better for the children's supper? Kellogg's make any meal *better? Quality guaranteed.*

Enjoy a bowl of Kellogg's

Try before you buy

The best proof of a face powder or cream is in its use. We therefore offer a test sample of Dijon Cream and 3 new shades of powder for 10c (stamps or in coin holder) to cover cost of packing and mailing.

DIJON LABORATORIES
WESTPORT, CONN.

dijon CREAM POWDER

REPRESENTATIVES WANTED

20% Reduction
ON NORTH ATLANTIC LINES TO
EUROPE
ON 1ST, 2ND AND TOURIST CLASS RATES.
EFFECTIVE AT ONCE

Drastic reductions now make it nearly as economical to travel as to stay at home. Send for our European Book and learn what this means. Twenty-eight Tours to select from, described in day by day detail with costs, itineraries, etc. All types of accommodations and all countries. Many interesting special features.

CONDUCTED TOURS

In charge of our own competent Tour Managers. Everything taken care of, including tips at hotels, baggage, transfers, special side trips, etc. You are spared all worries. Our own representatives meet our parties at all seaports and cities. Parties are limited in number and Tours are planned to avoid hurry and confusion.

INDEPENDENT TOURS

Arranged to suit, with special itineraries and any desired class of accommodation. Our representatives are at your service at all principal points. Tours of from a few days to any number of weeks. All countries, all routes. We render a complete travel service. Write, 'phone or call.

SPRING TOUR TO EUROPE

Via Mediterranean, sailing April 15th—by S. S. "Conte Grande"—Naples—Amalfi—Rome—Hill Towns by motor—Venice—Switzerland—Rhine—Bel, Europe—Paris and London. Follows the Spring with most interesting itinerary.

We are OFFICIAL AGENTS for all lines—make reservations at once before choice accommodations are taken. Because of extraordinary low cost, European travel will be very heavy this year. We have available deck plans and full information. Our salesmen are experienced travelers and know the best features of each steamer and route. Lowest possible rates.

Call, telephone or write.

WALTER H. WOODS CO.
80 BOYLSTON STREET BOSTON

THE CHILDREN'S PAGE

Riddle Hill

By Rosalee Hawthorne

Chapter IV

[Nick and Lonny Arnold live with their mother at Riddle Hill, a ranch of 200 acres. Upon them descends Josephine Joy to spend the summer. The two boys are none too pleased at the prospect of a girl visitor, but Jo-Joy turns out to be very different from what they expected. She is a Scout, and her Scout possessions, especially her knot-board, arouse the boys' keen interest. On the day after arrival they set out on burros to explore the ranch, accompanied by the magpie, Maggie.]

"DO YOU mean it's a mystery?" Jo-Joy's eyes darkened with excitement.

"Well, it's nothing I'd get excited about," Nick loftily assured her. "It's just a common old hill with a common old shack plunked up against it."

"But there must have been something puzzling or mysterious about it for anyone to think of naming it *Riddle* Hill," insisted Jo-Joy. "And if no one knows why it was given that name, then THAT's a mystery at least. I've always wanted to unravel a mystery—even if it was only a tiny bit of a mystery. And think what fun it would be to unravel one right here on Riddle Hill ranch. If we explored real thoroughly, there's no telling what we might discover. And it would be exciting just to find out whether there really is a riddle about the hill or not."

"I'll explore with you!" Lonny kindled to the idea. "That's Riddle Hill over there—the one with the rocks piled around so they look like a frog."

"Why, it does look exactly like a frog!" Jo-Joy exclaimed. "Maybe the frog has something to do with the riddle."

"Here's the cabin," said Nick, as they reached the end of the trail.

It was a sturdily built structure of heavy logs, low and abutting upon the sheltering slope of the hill behind it. The trail that must once have been worn to its door had long ago vanished beneath a thick, springy carpet of brown needles contributed by the pine and spruce trees that looked down benignly upon the little cabin. On either side of the heavy door was a window made up of half a dozen small panes of glass, and from the back rose a stalwart chimney of rocks.

"Is it empty?" Jo-Joy inquired as they guided the burros between the trees.

"Yes, it's been empty ever since I can remember," Nick told her. "It's too far from the house to be used for anything."

"Is it all right for us to go in and explore it, or is it locked?" Jo-Joy wanted to know.

"It isn't locked, and you can go in and look at it if you want to," was Nick's indifferent response. "But there's nothing to explore. Just some old furniture and junk strewn around."

"But I'd love to see what it's like inside," Jo-Joy affirmed as she slipped from Bittersweet's round back.

* * *

The children left the burros lolling their heads in lazy contentment, but Maggie insisted upon accompanying them into the cabin. It seemed dusky and cold in contrast to the bright warmth of the sunshine outside, but Jo-Joy gazed eagerly about the one large room of the little log house. An ample fireplace of native rocks occupied the center of the end against the hillside. Even the hearth was made of flat boulders fitted cleverly together.

The furnishings were crude and fashioned wholly of the materials that could be found in the vicinity of the cabin. There was a bed that looked like a large, shallow cradle built of pine slabs and supported by short pine stumps. Aspen trees had supplied the legs for the sturdy table and stools, and against the wall were a number of rustic cupboards. The furnishings were completed by a sort of bin, shaped like a manger, and built against the wall to the right of the fireplace.

"What do you 'spose this was for," wondered Jo-Joy, peering into its dusty depths.

"Jiminy crickets! Can't you even guess that—when there are chunks of wood right in it!" Nick exploded. "Why, it's a wood box, of course."

"I wonder what's in the cupboards,," Jo-Joy said, prying at one of the stubborn doors. Presently it gave way to disclose several cluttered shelves. There was a sudden whir of wings—and Maggie alighted in the cupboard. She cocked her head and inspected the contents inquisitively.

"Maggie likes to explore, too," Lonny laughed.

"Haul her out and come on," urged Nick. "We can't spend any more time poking around in here now. It must be nearly noon. Anyway, I'm hungry as a bear."

"I'm pretty hungry, myself," Jo-Joy admitted. "There seems to be something about this air that makes you hungry 'most all the time."

She reached up to remove Maggie from her perch on the shelf, but Maggie was not ready to leave such interesting territory and eluded Jo-Joy's outstretched hands with a huffy "Hurrah!" It was a word used by Maggie only when she was extremely annoyed.

"Wait—I'll get her," Lonny interposed, turning toward his ruffled pet. And Maggie quite docilely allowed him to pick her up.

"Do you suppose we could come back and investigate some more this afternoon?" asked Jo-Joy as she reluctantly left the cabin.

"We'll see," was Nick's indefinite answer.

"It's such an interesting place and it must be awfully old," Jo-Joy reflected. "Do you know anything about who built it and how long it's been here?"

"It was built by the first Silvercrest settler—but I've forgotten just when," said Nick.

"Ask Mother," Lonny advised. "She can tell you about it."

* * *

The children remounted the burros and Nick headed Nugget down the trail leading to the ranch house.

"The ranch seems to have everything on it but what I expected to see," Jo-Joy commented as they trundled along.

"What was that?" Nick quizzed.

"Lots of cows and horses."

"This used to be a big cattle ranch when there was still open range," Nick explained. "But the cost of feeding kept going up and the price for cattle kept going down until we had to sell them off at a big loss. We just have two cows left."

"Well, even if it is different from what I expected, it's a million times nicer,," came Jo-Joy's heartfelt assurance.

Nick and Lonny looked pleased.

"Did you enjoy your ride?" Mrs. Arnold inquired when they entered the kitchen.

"Oh, every single minute of it," Jo-Joy smiled. "I hope I'm in time to help with lunch. I passed my table-setting test at our last troop meeting—so I'm sure I can do it without mistakes. I'd love to do it as a regular caper, if you'd like to have me."

"That would be a real help," Mrs. Arnold assured her. So Jo-Joy competently set the table.

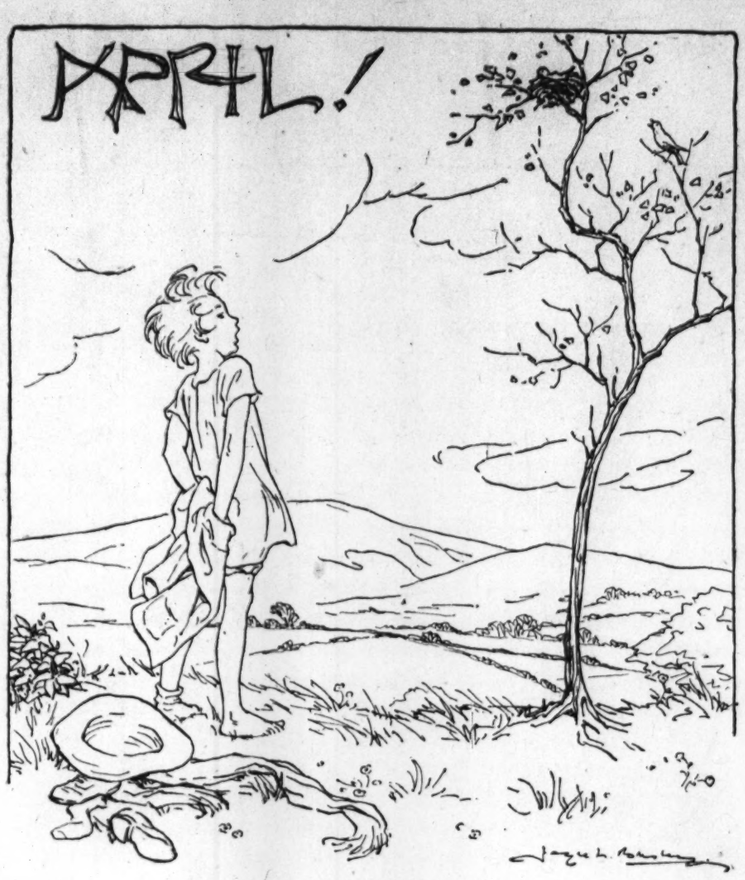
Later, when they were discussing their morning's experiences, Jo-Joy asked Mrs. Arnold about the cabin's early history.

"There have been a number of queer tales about it," she continued. "It was built about 70 years ago by the first settler to make his way into this locality. Others followed later, but he was the trail-breaker. It seems that he was a very solitary man with neither kith nor kin—and he kept pretty much to himself even after other folks began to settle in the vicinity. He had a number of claims scattered around and the old-timers say he struck pay dirt in several of them and panned out a lot of gold. But no one knows what became of it, if he really did. The place was sold for unpaid taxes several times after he went. People would buy it, thinking they might find the gold he was supposed to have accumulated. Then they would give up the search and let the taxes lapse again. Finally Grandfather Arnold bought it for a ranch."

"And couldn't they ever find out why he named it Riddle Hill?" Jo-Joy asked with breathless interest.

"No—that was one of the things he kept to himself," said Mrs. Arnold.

(To be continued next Monday)



April

Listen to me, oh, listen to me!
The blue's in the sky and the leaf's on the tree,
The flow'r's in the grass and the bird's on the nest,—
April! oh April, the month I love best!

Joyce L. Brisley

Marigold's Voyage to New Zealand

(Founded on Fact)

By Anna E. Williams

"MARIGOLD, you must not go so far alone," said Mrs. Moorhen to one of her large family. "You are more venturesome than all your little brothers and sisters put together. I simply do not know what to do with you, and I never know where you are!"

"But really, Mother dear," returned Marigold, "I am quite big enough to go out and see the world. Why, I have hardly seen anything of the island across the lake, and as for the lawns—oh, the grass looks so cool and attractive, I long to go and walk on it."

"It is entirely out of the question at present, dear child. I do wish you could be contented with the little swims and walks that you have with the other children. One day you will go wandering off and find yourself in New Zealand!"

"New Zealand! Oh, how thrilling! How do people go to such wonderful places?"

"Human travelers go in boats and travel for days round the world."

"Could I go? I could walk and swim and float—oh, who will come with me to New Zealand?"

Four little moorhens shook their heads. "No long journeys for me," each one said. "It is much nicer to stay with Mother and to see the corners of the island when she takes us for a trip."

Marigold sighed. She was such a venturesome bird and longed to go and do something different from the ordinary things that moorhens did every day. To go sailing right around the world seemed a desirable thing to do; and ever since Mrs. Moorhen had mentioned New Zealand her whole thought was given up to wondering which way she would start out on such a great journey.

* * *

Then one day an amazing thing happened. A boat came sailing over the lake, and in the far-off distance she could see the figure of a human traveler, stooping down near the water's edge evidently waiting for the boat to take him to the other side of the world. What a marvelous opportunity. Certainly one not to be missed.

She looked round to see where the rest of the family were, but there was no one in sight. She had no time to dash home and say good-by; she would have to write to them from New Zealand when she arrived there. Hastily shaking her feathery wings out of the water in a final good-by wave, she carefully picked up her little orange feet and got onto the boat as it drew near. How wonderful to be sailing over the bobbing waves and ripples! And how splendid to be starting on this great voyage of adventure!

She sat on the deck of the little toy boat, preening her feathers and shaking the moisture off her head. New Zealand was getting nearer, and she could see how much bigger the human traveler looked as the gallant ship made for the shore. What fun it was! and how near the land she was now.

"All change," sang out the little boy on the shore. "All change for Europe-Asia-Africa-an'-America."

"Dear me!" thought Marigold, "this ship does not go to New Zealand after all. I wonder where I am? Still it is all adventure. I'll go to Europe-Asia-Africa-an'-America. I can write home from there."

She hopped off the boat just as the little boy was turning it round with a long stick. But as soon as the boat commenced sailing the other way, she hopped onto the deck again and sat down waiting for her new destination.

Across the bobbing ripples, round little tufts of grass and very near purple iris blooms, the boat sailed gayly along, and the swish of the water against the keel made a very pleasant sound.

More land in sight. This must be the place with the long name—her new land of adventure. She could not quite remember what it was called, still, it did not matter in the least.

* * *

"All change! All change! for France-Spain-Italy-and-New Zealand," sang out the little boy, as he saw his ship approaching. He had run round the bank to head the vessel off before it ran ashore.

"Dear me," thought Marigold, "there seems to be a lot of changing on this journey. Still, I will go."

She hopped off as before, going aboard again after the necessary turn had been accomplished.

More sailing round grasses and reeds, more rocking and bobbing on the ripples, and then she sighted land again, a cozy bank with tall shady branches overhanging the water and trailing their tips below the surface. What an ideal place to live in, she thought; it was even better than the New Zealand that had sounded so attractive when her mother had spoken of it.

Little sounds of splashing, voices of birds that sounded familiar, a mother moorhen and her family sailing near her. What fun to meet other moorhens on this new side of the world!

The little family swam nearer, and lo and behold, it was Mrs. Moorhen and four of her children.

"How did you get to New Zealand?" asked Marigold in amazement. "It has taken me three long voyages on this little boat." She hopped off the deck and swam toward her family.

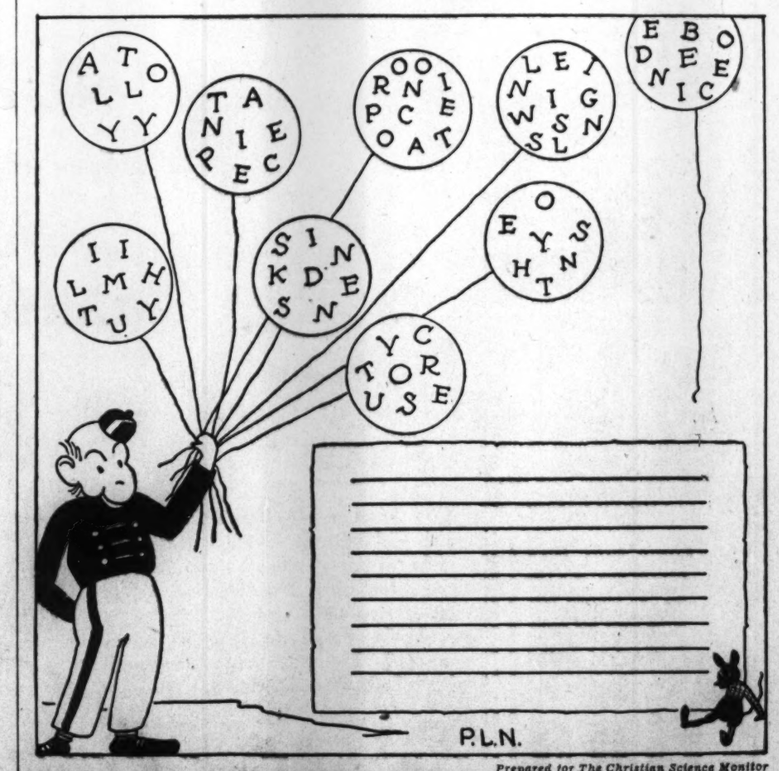
"'New Zealand, dear child? What are you talking about? This is the lake where we have always lived; here is the bank where I built the nest. You have been sailing across the water where you have swam ever so many times before."

Marigold looked round at the scene. Of course, it was her own home. But what fun it had been sailing on the little ship. She had felt the blow of the breezes as the boat sailed over the open stretches, and the rush of the tide round the grass tufts. It had been great fun, but she was glad to be home again.

"Dear," she said, as she rubbed her small red beak on her mother's wings, "I have had an enormous amount of pleasure. I shall go for a voyage every day if the little boy brings his ship down again."

And that is why, if you happen to be there, you will always see Marigold sitting on the deck of the vessels that go sailing across the lake.

Balloon Puzzle



Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

The Letters That Are All Jumbled Up in the Balloons the Happy Monkey Is Holding Spell Qualities Which We Should All Try to Acquire. Find These Words and Write Them in the Panel the Little Mouse Is Sitting In.

Thoughts

My mind is dressed in lovely clothes,
Dreams made of gold and blue and rose.
I cannot always go away
When I would like, but every day
My mind goes traveling afar
To ports as distant as a star.
In books I journey far from home;
Across a thousand seas I roam.

My mind can build a thousand things,
And in my heart their wonder rings,
And all their strangeness is to me
Beauty to touch and sights to see.

Eleanor Alletta Chaffee.

Mail Bag

Dear Sponge: La Grande, Oregon

I have been waiting to write to you for a long time to tell you how I became acquainted with you, but first I will tell you something about myself, so that you will know me.

One cool morning last November, I walked into a yard behind a little cottage and was just looking around when a big man came out of the door. "Hello!" he said, "Whose little kitten are you?" He picked me up so lovingly and took me into the house and said to my mistress, "Look, Mother, isn't this a bunchy little boy." Of course they wondered where I had come from. I did not remember having any other home and wanted so much to stay right there, and I did.

At first my folks thought they would name me Sponge or Buzzy. My mistress took me on her lap by the fire and told me all about you and Buzzy and Snubs, the Boss, and dear Mr. and Mrs. Scroggins. I surely enjoy every one of you. Sponge, wouldn't you love to attend one of Mr. and Mrs. Scroggins' parties and meet Florrie and Fib and dear little Levi?

I find so many wonderful things to do. I love my orange wool ball, and have lots of fun with a short piece of bead chain, but the sewing machine is best of all. I love to dance and juggle a spool or ball, and give a full performance every evening after dinner. My folks say it is better than a picture show.

When I came here I was not very large; now my mistress says I am nearly as broad as I am tall.

Every night I am put to bed in the wood shed. In the mornings my big master comes for me as soon as the fires are built and I have my corn flakes with cream and sugar. I am very fond of baked potatoes, too, with nice rich milk.

I am sure I would not like to be a "puss in sea boats," would you? But they call me Barnacle Bill sometimes. You and I will have to keep the home fires burning, won't we?

I send lots of love to all the little kittens and puppies and to every precious little boy and girl in the whole world.

Bunchy Boy.

Dear Editor: Derby, Colorado

We live in Derby, about seven miles from Denver. I am 10 years old and have a little sister six years old. We both go to a private school in Denver. We also attend Christian Science Sunday school there as there is no church in Derby. Denver has five Christian Science churches. It is a beautiful city and has a number of parks. I should like to visit Boston and see the old Publishing House and the new one and The Mother Church With loving wishes to all the Mail Baggers,

Hulda W.

Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada

Dear Editor:

The Mail Bag has always been interesting to me. I am 11 years old and in the sixth grade.

In the summer time I like to go to a beach where there are not too many people and plenty of trees. Last year I had four tame ground squirrels. They would come into our cottage and would always eat the sugar and butter before they would eat the biscuits.

I have an Alsatian sheep dog named Rolf. He comes to the beach with us and enjoys it as much as I do. I like swimming and baseball and my hobby is collecting foreign stamps. I should like to hear from girls of my age and also receive foreign stamps.

Iris P.

Lake Grove, L. I., New York

Dear Editor:

Here at Winnwood the boys have an airplane club and are making model airplanes of balsa wood for an exhibition that we expect to have soon. Each boy makes models of his own design.

Each week we have to give a current topic which we usually get from the Monitor. We have clippings from the Monitor on our bulletin board all the time.

I am especially interested in horseback riding and have jumped a horse in a show. I am 11 years old and should be glad to hear from anyone interested in horses and airplanes.

George T.

RULES FOR CORRESPONDENCE

1. Letters to Mail Bag correspondents should be inclosed in an envelope stamped and partially addressed, and mailed to the Editor of the Mail Bag, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston, Mass. The Editor will see that the addresses are completed and that the letters are forwarded to their destinations. A note giving the full name and address of the sender must also be inclosed. Do not write in asking for names and addresses.
2. When there is any doubt about postage rates, inquiry should be made at the local post office. To most foreign countries the rate is 5 cents.
3. If you are writing from outside the United States inclose stamps of your own country for forwarding your letters, but do not attach them to the envelope. These can be exchanged for American stamps here.

For Young Bird Students

THE following suggestions for studying bird tenants are given in "Bird Lore" by Mr. T. Gilbert Pearson:

If those young observers who put out bird houses this spring will watch closely they may see many new and delightful things happen. The birds come to make their nests in them. Let me suggest that each of you have a notebook and keep a diary of what takes place about the bird box. When you once begin this there will be so many things to write down that you will find it hard to know just what to include in your notes. In order to guide those who may be interested in keeping a notebook, I am going to ask some questions which, if you can answer correctly at the end of the summer, will show that you have made a good study of the birds you have been watching.

1. At what date did the bird first appear in your box?
2. What kind of birds chose your box for their home? Did any other species attempt to drive them away?
3. When did they first begin to bring material for the nest, and how many days before they ceased to perform their work?
4. At what time of day did the birds do most of their task, and how early in the morning and late in the evening did you see them thus engaged?
5. Did the male and female both build the home? If not, which one appeared to be the more active in the work?
6. How many days passed after the birds stopped carrying nesting material before the eggs hatched?
7. How often were the young fed before 8 and 9 o'clock in the morning and 5 o'clock in the afternoon on two different days? Did both birds feed the young, and could you tell what they fed them?
8. How many days after the eggs hatched before the young left the nest?
9. Did the young know how to fly at once upon leaving the nest, and do you think the old ones taught them to fly?
10. When the birds have left the nest not to return again, take out the nesting material and see of what it is composed. How many feathers, twigs, strings, pieces of grass and other articles did it contain?

WANTED HOME FOR OUR DOG SNUBS
A real stuffed likeness of SNUBS 10 inches high 1/12 life size 2.12
Our Catalogue of gifts sent on request.
SCOVELL NOVELTY CO.
P.O. BOX 610 HOLLYWOOD, CALIFORNIA

CAMPS FOR BOYS

BOYCROFT
Lake Winnipesaukee, Wolfeboro, N. H.
Eleventh season. Boys 6 to 16. Junior and Senior divisions. Providing a happy summer of play and safe adventure. Ideal mainland location. All land and water sports, including riding, sailing, riflery and trips. Adult counselor for each 5 boys. Camp mother. Special care for juniors. 40 boys. Moderate all inclusive fee. Ask for booklet M or interview
MR. and MRS. M. H. MEYER, Directors
Cohasset, Mass. Tel. 0392-W

MOWGLIS
EAST HEBRON, N. H.
THIRTIETH YEAR
The Aims—HAPPINESS—FAIR PLAY—CO-OPERATION
The CUBS: 7 to 9 years.
The PACK: 10 to 14 years.
Placed in this newspaper in appreciation for its standards.

SANGAMON
FOR BOYS
"The Camp with the Pioneer Spirit"
Woodcraft, swimming, ponies, pets, studio, shop, gardening, farming, tennis, riding, canoe trips. Fee $180. Brownies 6-9 years. Pioneers 10-15 years.
Free Booklet
MR. AND MRS. L. E. SMITH, Pittsford, Vt.

LEELANAU FOR BOYS
A Character Building Camp. *12th Season*
All land and water sports, including hand craft, model airplane making and boat building. A camp where a real boy may find real men and boys.
For information write to
WILLIAM BEALS, Director, GLEN ARBOR, MICHIGAN
Leelanau advertises only in The Christian Science Monitor

An Ideal Camp for Boys of all Ages
CAMP ROPIOA
Expressing our standard of thought
REFLECTION OF PERFECTION IS OUR AIM
on Long Lake, Harrison, Maine
GEO. A. STANLEY, Director
RIDGEWOOD, N. J.

CAMPS FOR GIRLS

WAUKESHA *Girls 8 to 18*

ON LAKE WAUKESHA
FARMINGTON FALLS, ME.
Near Belgrade and Rangeley Lakes
All land and water sports; crafts, dancing, mountain climbing, many fine trips. Fee includes horseback riding. College trained Counsellors. Tutoring, if desired. Booklet on request. MRS. HOWARD R. CARTER, Director, 197 PINE ST., PORTLAND, ME.

CAMP WATATIC
ASHBURNHAM, MASS.
For Girls 4 to 16 *14th Season*
On Lake Winnekeag. Altitude 1200 feet.
Easily accessible. Lodges well screened. Instruction in swimming, canoeing, riding, nature study, handicraft, music and dramatics. Experienced staff, delicious food, modern sanitation.
Rate $235 for eight-week season
Catalog, MISS A. M. ROBERTS, Mount Kisco, N. Y. Box 717.

Mrs. Norman White's
Camp Mayflower
A Cape Cod Camp for Girls
Mrs. Norman White announces the opening of her 19th consecutive season on July 2d. Personal interviews in Boston, New York, Philadelphia.
Camp Viking for Brothers.
MRS. NORMAN WHITE
18 Gramercy Park, New York City

KOHAHNA for GIRLS
In the North Woods on Lake Michigan
Land and Water Sports, Crafts, Dramatics, Dancing, Campcraft. Carefully chosen Saddle Horses. Staff College Women. Tutoring if desired. Booklet.
MRS. MAUDE BEALS TURNER, Director
5571 Chamberlain Avenue, St. Louis Mo.
Advertises only in The Christian Science Monitor

TEELA-WOOKET ROXBURY, VERMONT
The Horseback Camps

A 300-acre wonderland in the heart of the Green Mountains. Famous for beautiful horses, free riding, and thorough instruction in horsemanship. Land and water sports. Private golf course. Cabins. Showers. Delicious food in abundance. NO EXTRAS. The kind of leadership readers of our paper appreciate. Mr. and Mrs. C. A. ROYS, 18 Ordway Rd., WELLESLEY HILLS, MASS. Camp Idlewild for Boys, Lake Winnepesaukee, New Hampshire

THE HOME FORUM

A Londoner Looks Upward

THE spring breaks over London in innumerable bursts of emerald, here throughout the broad splendor of a park, there from a tiny recreation ground or an old-fashioned churchyard tucked in between grimy buildings. When the sun reveals a patch of sudden green smiling across a street noisy with mechanical traffic, one must be dull indeed not to feel one's heart uplifted. The mere size of London, its interminable expanse—a long series of towns, really, strung together with no more pattern than a primitive forest—prevents one saying that it is full of trees; and yet it often seems to be, at this time of the year when the eye is so constantly delighted by them.

The trees provide an excellent excuse for going exploring, even the commonest of them. Such small flowering bushes as hawthorn and blackthorn will soon hold up their white banners to signal the indubitable spring from the northern heights of Hampstead, to the rolling land that looks southward from Wimbledon Common and Richmond Park toward the open Downs. The long line of hawthorns near Parliament Hill on Hampstead Heath will be smothered in blossom, and I do not know where I could go to see a better display. For the finest horse-chestnut avenue (not counting that in Bushey Park) one goes to Regent's Park. It crosses the park from south to north, and almost every tree is above average size. Charlton Park, in the far south-east by Blackheath, has a fine avenue of chestnuts, though not so imposing as the one at Regent's Park. But it boasts also a remarkable avenue of old elms, and some noble individual specimens of Spanish chestnut and lime and yew. In Charlton Park is also an ancient mulberry, nearly nine feet in girth with a spread of some twenty-five feet. It is said to be at least three hundred years old. Tradition also says that another old tree, now derelict, in the same park, was the first mulberry to be brought into England.

The plane, no doubt, is preëminently London's tree. It seems to thrive everywhere, and some individuals of the species are among the sights of the Metropolis. If you are in London, do not forget this spring to gaze at the famous one, known as the Wallace Tree, at the entrance of Gray's Inn Gardens, or the giant in St. Dunstan's-in-the-East churchyard. My favorite, however, although it is no giant, is the handsome plane which stands in the narrow oblong of buildings in Stationers' Hall Court, just off Ludgate Hill.

One needs a good deal of time as well as enthusiasm to classify the most imposing trees in any reliable order of merit; but, following up for a moment the idea of mere size, I should think the wonderful arbutus (Strawberry) Tree in Waterlow Park would take some beating. It has five thick stems and a spread of something like thirty-five feet. In Charlton Park you can hardly miss the huge leaning Judas tree, but there is a still bigger one (it cannot be less than forty feet high) in the gardens of the Dulwich Picture Gallery. Some of the biggest black poplars I have seen in London are to be found along the Regent's Canal, near the Zoölogical Gardens.

* * *

A good thing about this questing for trees in a vast city is that it makes us look up much more than we customarily do. What with the traffic and the glamorous shop windows, we almost forget that the sky is still there. It must have been my interest in the secluded planes in the Middle Temple Gardens that brought an unexpected object to my attention. For I saw a pawing, prancing horse, a winged Pegasus, in the sky. It seemed to be traveling to the southwest. Its wing-tips were blown to northeast by the soft spring breeze. A moving wisp of white cloud explained its apparent motion, but of course it was the handsome weathervane on the Inner Temple Hall.

And, when I turned back and gazed upon the spire of the curious Round Church that is surrounded by literary memories of the eighteenth century, for the first time during a life lived in London I saw the handsome cock that stands there always crowing against the wind. Thereafter, in my pleasant pilgrimage, trees and vanes conspired together to make me look up. Walking round the new façade of the Bank of England, after peeping inside the courtyard to see how the old trees had fared there, I could not miss the Grasshopper on his lofty perch above the Royal Exchange. I had to go to Smithfield Market to find another handsome Cock, but in walking by way of Cheapside I came near the church of St. Lawrence Jewry, the spire of which is surmounted by what looks like a cross-word puzzle without any clues, a metal grid of sixteen squares. The spikes on one side show that it is indeed meant for a gridiron. There are other vanes representing inanimate objects, but this is surely the most curious one in London. Compared with it, the realistic anchor above St. Clement Danes in the Strand is quite reasonable; and so is the Mitre on Lambeth Palace, the gardens of which are worth visiting anyhow if only to see the five huge fig trees, two of them nearly forty feet high. These were offshoots from older fig trees in the gardens, said to have been planted there in the sixteenth century by an archbishop.

The next day I was near Gray's Inn, and, noticing another vane of interest, a fierce looking Griffin, I looked round the gardens, not content this time with seeing only the Wallace Tree by the ancient gates. For Lord Bacon, while still a humble lawyer, was for some years in charge of the gardens; and the immediately noticeable tree in the midst of the garden, supported by many poles, is a catalpa which Bacon is said to have planted.

The Griffin of Gray's Inn is outdone in fierceness by another and stranger creature that snuffs up the wind on the other side of the city. The vane on Bow Church is a splendid Dragon. But Bow Church had to be visited on one of my tours, even if it had lacked this curiosity, for no one has a right to the name of Cockney who is not born within the sound of Bow Bells.

Coming back from Bow in search of a St. George for this Dragon, a visit to St. George's-in-the-East was well rewarded by the sight of the big mulberry trees and the bigger catalpa, as well as fig trees, acacia, and hawthorn in its early green foliage. Alders, catalpas, and a splendid avenue of birches beautify Stepney's Churchyard, in the heart of the East End. At the eastern gate of the City (Aldersgate) one cannot miss St. Botolph's. There are some fig trees and small planes, but the most conspicuous tree is an old poplar in the center. Close to Billingsgate Fish Market I came across the soot-grimed St. Dunstan-in-the-East, in the yard of which towers a sixty-foot ash, with a girth of nearly seven feet. There also is the plane tree with a much bigger girth (quite nine feet, though of lesser height), which claims to be the biggest in London. But what about St. George? He was not here, nor in the fish market, which sports a porpoise with a fish in its mouth. The porpoise always has its tail to the wind, probably from fear of losing the fish.

Although it meant going eastward again a little way, missing the Tower of London seemed out of the question when one had reached Billingsgate. Trees again, mostly planes and limes. An avenue of the planes in the grounds was planted at Queen Victoria's suggestion, nearly a century ago. Most attractive perhaps were the old vine and the fig, both trained along the riverside wall against the moat. The fig is believed to be quite two hundred years old. It covers about fifty feet of the wall. I was so interested in it that I began to go away at last without looking higher. Remembering just in time that I had an excuse for this idle rambling, I saw him who could deal with the Dragon of Bow. The sovereign, at least the pound, may be gone, but there was St. George on the tiptop of the Tower of London. With an easterly breeze, he should be able to sniff a whiff of sulphur coming across the crowded roofs of the East End.

But I hear Big Ben booming from St. Stephen's, up West, and I know it is time to go home. R. L. M.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

Founded 1908 by MARY BAKER EDDY

An International Daily Newspaper

Published daily, except Sundays and holidays, by THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY, 107 Falmouth Street, Boston, Mass.

Communications regarding the conduct of this newspaper, articles and illustrations for publication should be addressed to

THE EDITORIAL BOARD OF THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

If the return of manuscripts is desired, each manuscript must be accompanied by a stamped and addressed envelope, but the Monitor Editorial Board does not hold itself responsible for such communications.

Subscription price, payable in advance, postpaid to all countries:
One year . $9.00 Three months $2.25
Six months $4.50 One month... 75c
Single copies, 5 cents

Member of the Associated Press

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use or republication of all telegraph and local news credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper.

All rights of republication of special dispatches herein are reserved to The Christian Science Publishing Society.

The Christian Science Monitor is on sale in Christian Science Reading Rooms throughout the world.

Those who may desire to purchase the Monitor regularly from any news stand where it is not on sale are requested to notify The Christian Science Publishing Society.

Cost of remailing copies of the Monitor is as follows:

Foreign
14 pages .... 3c 24 to 30 pages 6c
16 to 22 pages 4½c 32 pages 7½c
Including Canada, Newfoundland and any Pan-American countries.

United States
14 pages .... 2c 24 to 30 pages 4c
16 to 22 pages 3c 32 pages 5c

NEWS OFFICES

WASHINGTON: 1281-1287 National Press Building Washington, D. C.
EASTERN: 270 Madison Ave., New York City.
CENTRAL: Room 1058, 332 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago.
PACIFIC: 625 Market St., San Francisco.
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA: 210 West Seventh Street, Los Angeles.
EUROPEAN: 2, Adelphi Terrace, London.
PARIS: 3 Avenue de l'Opéra.
BERLIN: Unter den Linden 59A.
GENEVA: 16 rue du Mont Blanc.
ROME: Via Fontanella di Borghese 23.
VIENNA: Reisnerstrasse 42/8 Vienna III.
AUSTRALASIAN: Perpetual Trustees Buildings, 100-104 Queen Street, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

BRANCH ADVERTISING OFFICES

New York ..... 270 Madison Avenue
Detroit...3-101 General Motors Bldg.
Chicago.....1058 McCormick Bldg.
Miami.....1220 Ingraham Bldg.
St. Louis ..... 1775 Rwy. Exchange Bldg.
Kansas City, 405 Nat'l Fid. Life Bldg.
San Francisco. 625 Market Street
Los Angeles 210 West Seventh Street
Seattle ..... 824 Skinner Bldg.
London ..... 1 and 2, Adelphi Terrace
Paris ..... 3, Avenue de l'Opéra
Berlin ..... Unter den Linden 59A
Florence ..... Via Magenta 11

Advertising rates given on application. While endeavoring to accept only reliable advertisements, The Christian Science Publishing Society will not be responsible to the public for advertisements and the right to decline or discontinue any advertisement is reserved.

CIRCULATION SERVICE BUREAUS

NEW ENGLAND: 107 Falmouth Street, Boston, Mass.
EASTERN: 270 Madison Avenue, New York City.
CENTRAL: Room 1058, 332 So. Michigan Avenue Chicago.
WESTERN: 911 Van Nuys Building, Los Angeles.
EUROPEAN: 1 and 2, Adelphi Terrace, London.

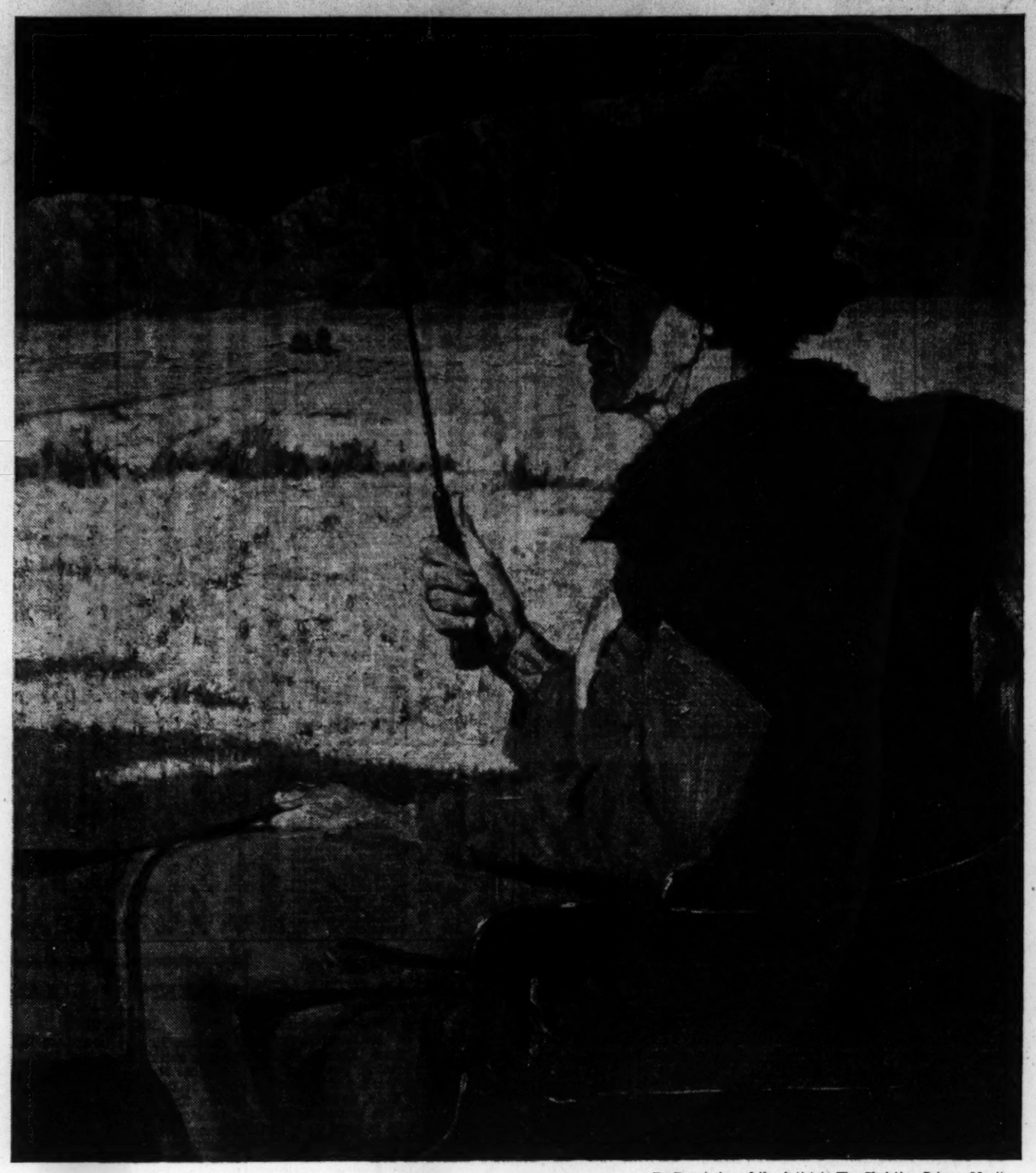
Published by
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY
Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

Publishers of
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE JOURNAL
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SENTINEL
THE HERALD OF CHRISTIAN SCIENCE
(German Edition)
(French Edition)
(Scandinavian Edition)
(Dutch Edition)
(Braille Edition)
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE QUARTERLY

My Chinese Chain

My Chinese chain of aquamarine,
Tinted with salt and the green sea's sheen,
Carved in its beads the rhythm of spray,
That leaps with tides on a wind-swept day.
My Chinese chain chants music to me—
Wild symphonies of the unplumbed sea.

LEILA USHER.



By Permission of the Artist to The Christian Science Monitor

"The Passer-by": From a Painting by Wood Woolsey

Scheveningen and Its Interpreter

Perhaps there is no better introduction to Scheveningen, its life, its people, its joys and sorrows, its narrow closes and tiny courts, than through the medium of the Mesdag Museum on the patrician Laan van Meerdervoort. . . . It is the gift of Hendrik Willem Mesdag, the artist interpreter of the Scheveningen strand and the North Sea in all its moods. . . .

When one counts on the walls the number of paintings portraying the fisher life of Scheveningen, one realizes that without this unique fishing-village, an humble neighbor of the rich capital of the Netherlands, there would in all probability never have been a Mesdag Museum. It seems that Mesdag, born in Groningen, after a business life of many years, devoted himself entirely to painting and collecting the masterpieces of other artists. From youth up he had given his leisure to drawing and sketching, but in middle age the call came loud and clear. He worked in 1866 in Brussels with his friend Alma-Tadema and with Roelofs. The summer of 1868 he passed at Norderney. There by the sea he "found himself," as the Germans express it. From thenceforth he knew in what direction his calling lay, and, having made his home at The Hague in the immediate vicinity of Scheveningen, he became with the years the finest interpreter of the capricious North Sea and the life of its famous strand. . . .

The old Scheveningen is still to be found, only, like all else worth seeing in the Netherlands, one must seek for it. The Old Church, the fishermen's church, still stands at the end of Keizer Straat, a sentinel of the centuries, just behind the dunes. . . . There is a break just here in the line of dunes that stretch from The Helder all along the coast of North and South Holland and save the land from being engulfed. By this break, the sea, until the building of the esplanade, a small dyke in reality and a comparatively recent structure, came up in times of high water as far as the spot where now stands the Promenade Hotel, a distance of a mile inland toward The Hague, and stood three feet deep beneath the trees of the Old Scheveningen Road.

Behind the dunes and below the lighthouse is the present village, one can hardly say "built," for the mass of tiny huddling houses seem to have burrowed into the unstable hills. They are hidden by them from most points of view, and the overtopping sands drift upon them and threaten the very roofs. . . .

It was but a few steps across the dunes, set sparsely with coarse hummock grass, the roots of which hold down the shifting sands, to the abrupt edge of the sandhill from which Scheveningen is best seen. Just here I could have stepped from the dunes upon the little red or black tiled roofs below. When I turned to look behind me I saw the waters of the fishers' havens, inner and outer, filled with black weather-beaten pinken, and beyond these, the sea of dunes, lonely, solemn, but not dreary, billowed far and away to the horizon and into the mists of sunset. — MARY E. WALLER, in "Through the Gates of the Netherlands."

The Little Green Orchard

Some one is always sitting there,
In the little green orchard;
Even when the sun is high
In noon's unclouded sky,
And faintly droning goes
The bee from rose to rose,
Some one in shadow is sitting there,
In the little green orchard.

Yes, and when twilight is falling softly
On the little green orchard;
When the grey dew distils
And every flower-cup fills;
When the last blackbird says,
"What—what!" and goes her way—
s-sh!
I have heard voices calling softly
In the little green orchard.

Not that I am afraid of being there,
In the little green orchard;
Why, when the moon's been bright,
Shedding her lonesome light,
And moths like ghostles come,
And the horned snail leaves home;
I've sat there, whispering and listening there,
In the little green orchard.

Only it's strange to be feeling there,
In the little green orchard;
Whether you paint or draw,
Dig, hammer, chop, or saw;
When you are most alone,
All but the silence gone—
Some one is waiting and watching there,
In the little green orchard.

—WALTER DE LA MARE, in "Poems, 1901 to 1918."

NO FIGURE is more typical of the West than the ranch woman. Cowboys, often mere dude wranglers nowadays, are colorful in their big hats, stitched boots and checkered shirts; but it is the ranch woman, in her faded clothes, whose steady, patient hand keeps the small ranch going.

Wood Woolsey has painted her as she may be seen any day, driving in from one of the ranches near Taos, New Mexico, perhaps with the week's supply of butter and eggs. She still drives an old mare hitched to an open buggy, and holds her umbrella aloft as protection from the brilliant sunshine. Nevertheless her eyes squint, bringing out the deep wrinkles in her weather-worn face and neck. She wears a rusty black hat, a cape and a faded blue dress. But, in spite of these old clothes, there is courage and determination in her face and in her long hands which hold the reins and umbrella. Mr. Woolsey has depicted her so clearly that one knows her and her story: long years of work with alfalfa fields and cattle culminating in the satisfaction of having made a home on a high, dry mesa.

Beyond her set profile there is the brown mesa, the valley with its few precious trees and the brilliant green of alfalfa fields, before the world slopes up to meet the blue mountains.

"The Passer-by" is painted with such simplicity and honesty as to give it force. Vivid colors of the background set off the somber figure. The modeling of the face and hands is especially admirable. Mr. Woolsey is a young painter who has recently come to Taos and has already set an original mark for himself.

Ο ΚΑΙΡΟΣ ΤΟΥ ΘΕΟΥ ΕΙΝΑΙ ΤΩΡΑ

Μετάφρασις τοῦ περὶ Χριστιανικῆς Ἐπιστήμης ἄρθρου ὅπερ δημοσιεύεται καὶ ἀγγλιστὶ εἰς τὴν παροῦσαν σελίδα

Εἰς ἓν ἄρθρον τιτλοφορούμενον "Τώρα καὶ Τότε," ἐν "The First Church of Christ, Scientist, and Miscellany," (Τῇ Πρώτῃ Ἐκκλησίᾳ τοῦ Χριστοῦ, τῇ Ἐπιστήμονι, καὶ Ἀνάμικτα) ἡ Mary Baker Eddy κάμνει τὴν ἑξῆς δήλωσιν (σελ. 12, 13), "Αἱ καλαὶ πράξεις τῶν ἀγαπητῶν τέκνων εἶναι κοσμήματα εἰς τὰς συνθέσεις τῆς ἀνδρότητος καὶ γυναικότητος. Τὸ καλὸν ὅπερ ἐπιθυμοῦν νὰ πράξωσιν ἐπιμένουν ὅπως πράξωσι τώρα. Δὲν διαλογίζονται οὔτε περὶ τοῦ παρελθόντος, τοῦ παρόντος, οὔτε περὶ τοῦ μέλλοντος, πλὴν, μὴ μεριμνῶντα διὰ τὴν αὔριον, ἐνεργοῦν ἐν τῷ καιρῷ τοῦ Θεοῦ."

Τὸ νὰ ἀναμετρᾷ τις τὸ "τώρα" τοῦ καλοῦ φέρει εἰρήνην καὶ θεραπείαν. Ἡ προσευχὴ ἥτις, μᾶς λέγει ἡ Mrs. Eddy, "καλύπτει ὅλας τὰς ἀνθρωπίνας ἀνάγκας," "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" (Ἐπιστήμη καὶ Ὑγεία μετὰ Κλειδὸς τῶν Γραφῶν σελ. 16) περιλαμβάνει τὰς ἱκανοποιούσας ταύτας λέξεις, "Τὸν ἄρτον ἡμῶν τὸν ἐπιούσιον δὸς εἰς ἡμᾶς σήμερον." Ὁ Ἰησοῦς οὐδέποτε παρεδέχθη ἀνάγκην τινὰ δι' ἀναβολὴν θεραπείας. Ἔτι καὶ ἐπὶ τοῦ σταυροῦ, ἐκ τῆς ὑψίστης του εὐσπλαγχνίας καὶ ἀγάπης ἠδυνήθη νὰ ὁμιλήσῃ εἰς τὸν παρὰ τὸ πλευρὸν του κακοῦργον τὰς παρηγορητικὰς ταύτας λέξεις· "Σήμερον θέλεις εἶσθαι μετ' ἐμοῦ ἐν τῷ παραδείσῳ." Ὁποία ἐλπὶς καὶ παρηγορία εἰς ὅλους τοὺς ἄλλους ἀδίκους! Τὸ ὅτι δύναταί τις νὰ ἀρχίσῃ νὰ συναισθανθῇ ἐν μέτρῳ τινὶ ὅτι ἡ θεία κατάστασις τῆς συνειδήσεως δύναται νὰ κατορθωθῇ ἐδῶ, ἐπὶ τοῦ παρόντος τούτου καιροῦ, εἰς οἱονδήποτε περιβάλλον ἐνδεχόμενον νὰ εὕρῃ τις τὸν ἑαυτόν του, εἶναι εὐλογία τὴν ὁποίαν ἡ Χριστιανικὴ Ἐπιστήμη φέρει ἀπροσωπολήπτως εἰς ἕνα ἕκαστον.

Τὸ παιδάριον δὲν θέλει νὰ ἀναβάλλῃ τὸ καλὸν ἐφ' οὗ αἰσθάνεται ὅτι ἔχει δικαίωμα. Ἐὰν ἔχῃ τι νὰ δώσῃ, θέλει νὰ ὑπάγῃ ἔξω ἀμέσως καὶ δοκιμάσῃ τὴν χαρὰν τοῦ συμμερισμοῦ. Ἐὰν ἔχῃ τὴν προσδοκίαν ταξειδίου ἀνυπομονεῖ νὰ ἐκκινήσῃ τώρα. Ἐὰν δὲν εἶχεν ἐκπαιδευθῇ ποτὲ νὰ φοβῆται ἢ ἀμφιβάλλῃ ἢ νὰ πιστεύῃ ὅτι δὲν δυνάμεθα νὰ διαφύγωμεν μερικὰς φάσεις τοῦ κακοῦ, τὸ κανονικὸν παιδίον θὰ ἐδράττετο τῆς θείας αὐτοῦ κληρονομίας ἀμέσως.

Ἡ μελέτη τῆς Βίβλου μετὰ τῆς Science and Health (Ἐπιστήμης καὶ Ὑγείας) καὶ τῶν ἄλλων συγγραμμάτων τῆς Mrs. Eddy βοηθεῖ πολλοὺς νὰ ἐξαλείψωσι τὴν ἀναβολὴν καὶ τὸ στοιχεῖον τοῦ χρόνου ὅπερ τοὺς ἠμπόδιζε νὰ ἀναγνωρίσωσι τὴν πανταχοῦ παρουσίαν τοῦ Θεοῦ, ὅστις εἶναι πανάγαθος καὶ πάντοτε καλός. Οἱ ἄνθρωποι ἤσαν διατεθειμένοι νὰ ὁρίζωσι τὸν χρόνον τῆς θεραπείας τῆς ἁμαρτίας καὶ ἀσθενείας, ἔτι καὶ ὅταν παρεδέχοντο τὸ δυνατὸν τῆς θεραπείας αὐτῶν διὰ τῆς ἀληθείας. Ἀλλ' ἡ Χριστιανικὴ Ἐπιστήμη μᾶς γνωρίζει ἐκ νέου μὲ τὰς ὑποστηριζούσας ὑποσχέσεις τῆς Βίβλου, καὶ μᾶς διδάσκει νὰ δεχώμεθα αὐτὰς ἄνευ ἐπιφυλάξεως. Δυνάμεθα νὰ μάθωμεν νὰ κάμωμεν τὰς ὑποσχέσεις ταύτας ἰδικάς μας τώρα, νὰ συναισθανθῶμεν ὅτι ἡ Ἀγάπη εἶναι στιγμιαίως ἐπωφελής.

Ἐκεῖνο ὅπερ φαίνεται ἐνίοτε νὰ προξενῇ χρονοτριβὴν εἶναι ἡ ἀμφιβολία περὶ τοῦ καλοῦ, ἡ ἡ πίστις εἰς τὴν ἰσχὺν καὶ ἐνύπαρξιν τοῦ κακοῦ. Ἔτι καὶ οἱ ἐνθερμοι ζητηταὶ δὲν εἶναι πάντοτε ἕτοιμοι νὰ παραιτήσωσι τὰς ὑλικὰς δοξασίας ὑπὲρ τῆς ἀληθείας περὶ τοῦ ἑνὸς Θεοῦ, ὅστις εἶναι "παν-ἁρμόνιος" Science and Health (Ἐπιστήμη καὶ Ὑγεία, σ. 16) Πιθανὸν νὰ φαίνηται σχεδὸν ἀγέρωχον νὰ κηρύττωμεν τὴν τελειότητα ὅταν ἐμφανῶς ὑποφέρωμεν ὑπὸ πόνου, ἢ αἱ οἰκίαι μας εἶναι σκηναὶ διαμάχης καὶ δυστυχίας. Ἀπαιτεῖται θάρρος καὶ ἐπιμονὴ ἵνα ὑπακούῃ τις τὴν ἐντολὴν τοῦ Παύλου ὅπως συλλογίζηται πράγματα ἀληθῆ, ἔντιμα, δίκαια, προσφιλῆ, ἁγνά, καὶ εὔφημα, ὅταν ὁ κόσμος φαίνεται τόσον πλήρης μὲ τὰς ἀντιθέτους ὑποβολὰς τῆς ἀσυμφωνίας καὶ ἀποθαρρύνσεως.

Καθὼς ἀποκτῶμεν σοφίαν καὶ πνευματικὴν ἀντίληψιν, πειθόμεθα ὅτι μόνον τὸ καλὸν εἶναι πραγματικόν, καὶ ὅτι ἡ πραγματικότης αὐτὴ εἶναι ἀμέσως εὐαπόδεικτος. Καθὼς ἐρχόμεθα εἰς γνῶσιν τῆς κυριαρχίας ἣν ὁ πνευματικὸς ἄνθρωπος κατέχει, εὑρίσκομεν ὅτι ἡ σκέψις ἤτις ἀντανακλᾷ τὴν Ἀγάπην δὲν δύναται νὰ ἐκδηλώσῃ φόβον. Οὕτω μανθάνομεν νὰ ἐξασκῶμεν τὴν πνευματικὴν ταύτην ἐξουσίαν, βαθμηδὸν κατ' ἀρχάς, κατόπιν δὲ μετὰ μεγαλυτέρας ἀποφάσεως καὶ βεβαιότητος, μέχρις ὅτου ἡ ἀναγνώρισις τοῦ πραγματικοῦ ἀνθρώπου καταστῇ συνήθης εἰς τὴν καθημερινὴν ἡμῶν πεῖραν. Συντασσόμενοι μετὰ τῆς ἀληθείας, μετέχομεν τοῦ καλοῦ συνεχῶς· καὶ οὕτω αἱ θεραπείαι αἵτινες εἶναι δυναταὶ τὴν σήμερον καθίστανται φυσικαὶ, καὶ πολλάκις γίνονται στιγμιαίως.

Ὁ προφήτης Μαλαχίας προσκαλεῖ ἡμᾶς νὰ δοκιμάσωμεν τὸν Θεὸν "τώρα εἰς τοῦτο"· καὶ αἱ ἑξῆς λέξεις ἐκ τῶν Ψαλμῶν εἶναι θετικαί: "Ὁ Θεὸς εἶναι καταφυγὴ ἡμῶν καὶ δύναμις, βοήθεια ἑτοιμοτάτη ἐν ταῖς θλίψεσι." Ἂς γνωρίζωμεν ὅτι, καθὼς ἡ Mrs. Eddy σαφῶς διδάσκει "Miscellany" (Ἀνάμικτα, σελ. 12) "Πίστις εἰς τὴν θείαν Ἀγάπην προμηθεύει τὴν παντα-χοῦ-παροῦσαν βοήθειαν καὶ τώρα, καὶ δίδει τὴν δύναμιν νὰ ἐνεργῇ τις εἰς τὸ ζῶν παρόν."

Πληροφορίαι ἀφορῶσαι τὴν ἐν τῇ γλώσσῃ ταύτῃ ἐκδιδομένην γραμματολογίαν τῆς Χριστιανικῆς Ἐπιστήμης δίδονται εἰς τοὺς γράφοντας εἰς τὴν Ἐκδοτικὴν Ἑταιρίαν τῆς Χριστιανικῆς Ἐπιστήμης (The Christian Science Publishing Society).

Half an Hour

To pack into so short a space of time so much of changing beauty seems the special genius and prerogative of the East. And it seemed to me that the best way of realizing to the full the wonderful transformations which take place in the half hour which follows sunset was to find one thing of special beauty, and watch its various reactions to the quickly changing light. The way in which the building of my choice, the Shwe Dagon Pagoda, responded to the test was a revelation which I can never forget.

From sunrise, through the brilliant Eastern day, until a few moments before sunset, its golden spire glitters dazzlingly against a pale blue sky. Then, as the sun drops down to meet the horizon, the glitter changes to a soft golden-flushed pink, rosy and lustrous with the slanting rays.

Suddenly the sun has gone; and almost at once the sky is drained of all color, leaving an emptiness of strange white light. Even in the west only a faint stain of amber still remains. I looked back at the Pagoda, and the rosy glow was gone, the spire incredibly transformed to the delicate paleness of old brass, almost silver, fragile and unreal with its strange green luster, gleaming against the empty whiteness of the sky.

Across the high wall of trees which makes the foreground of my view, faint wreaths of smoke from the evening fires are slowly drifting; turning their dark leafiness to a hazy blue which swallows all distinctions of shape and color, save only the brilliant emerald green of the sheshum leaves, which stand out in delicious relief, scorning a shared and claiming an individual beauty.

And now, with that curious suddenness which defies one's watch for it, the afterglow is here, revitalizing the darkening air, bathing everything in its opalescent brightness, and transforming the Pagoda yet once more. Behind the trees the sky is flushed to a rosy glow, and from the Pagoda's soaring spire the silvery paleness slips away as the warmth of the afterglow woos it back to a soft rich gold. day's last lovely gift to this exquisite building which draws so much of its beauty from the sky.

God's Time Is Now

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

IN AN article entitled "Now and Then" in "The First Church of Christ, Scientist, and Miscellany," Mary Baker Eddy makes this statement (pp. 12, 13): "The dear children's good deeds are gems in the settings of manhood and womanhood. The good they desire to do, they insist upon doing now. They speculate neither on the past, present, nor future, but, taking no thought for the morrow, act in God's time."

To ponder the "now" of good brings peace and healing. The prayer which, Mrs. Eddy tells us, "covers all human needs" (Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures, p. 16), includes these satisfying words: "Give us this day our daily bread." Jesus never admitted any necessity for postponement of healing. Even on the cross, out of his supreme compassion and love he was able to speak to the malefactor at his side these consoling words: "To day shalt thou be with me in paradise." What a hope and comfort to all other wrongdoers! That one may begin to realize in some measure that the divine state of consciousness can be attained here, at this present time, in whatever environment one may find himself, is a blessing which Christian Science brings to each one impartially.

The little child does not want to postpone the good to which he feels entitled. If he has something to give, he wants to step out at once and experience the joy of sharing. If he has the prospect of a trip, he is eager to start now. If he were never educated to fear or doubt or to believe that we cannot escape certain phases of evil, the normal child would grasp his divine inheritance at once.

The study of the Bible together with Science and Health and Mrs. Eddy's other writings is helping many to eliminate procrastination and the element of time which have kept them from recognizing the ever-presence of God, who is all good and always good. People have been disposed to set time limits to the healing of sin and disease, even when admitting the possibility of healing them through the truth. But Christian Science acquaints us anew with the sustaining promises of the Bible, and teaches us to accept them without reservation. We can learn to make these promises ours now, to realize that Love is available instantly.

What seems sometimes to cause delay is doubt concerning good, or belief in the power and immanence of evil. Even earnest seekers are not always ready to relinquish material beliefs for the truth about the one God, who is *"all-harmonious"* (Science and Health, p. 16). It may seem almost presumptuous to declare for perfection when we are apparently suffering with pain, or our homes are the scene of strife and unhappiness. It requires courage and persistence to obey Paul's injunction to think on things true, honest, just, lovely, pure, and of good report, when the world seems so full of the opposite suggestions of discord and depression.

As we gain in wisdom and spiritual understanding, we are convinced that only the good is real and that this reality is immediately demonstrable. As we become aware of the dominion which the spiritual man possesses, we find that thought which is reflecting Love cannot manifest fear. So we learn to exercise this spiritual authority, gradually at first, then with greater determination and assurance, until the acknowledgment of the real man becomes habitual to our daily experience. Holding to the truth, we partake of good continuously; and thus the healings that are possible in this present day become natural, and are oftentimes instantaneous.

The prophet Malachi bids us prove God "now herewith"; and these words from the Psalms are positive: "God is our refuge and strength, a very present help in trouble." Let us know that, as Mrs. Eddy clearly teaches (Miscellany, p. 12), "Faith in divine Love supplies the ever-present help and *now*, and gives the power to 'act in the living present.'"

[In another column will be found a translation of this article into Greek.]

Whistling Boy

I saw him walking through the field of grain;
The golden stream closed after as he went.
Not even shadow marked the stalks he bent,
So quickly did his light step lift again.
His lips shaped notes that rose upon the air
Crystal on crystal, and dissolved in light;
Above him on the sky the swallow's flight
Carved out its pattern like a silver snare.
They called him down the road and up the hill
But nothing answered, nothing echoed back;
Upon his horse the drooping reins hung slack,
The idle plow stood mute and strange and still.
Only there hung upon thin air the note
Fashioned within his careless, pulsing throat.

ELEANOR ALLETTA CHAFFEE.

SCIENCE AND HEALTH

With Key to the Scriptures

by MARY BAKER EDDY

The original, standard, and only Textbook on Christian Science Mind-healing, in one volume of 700 pages, is published in the following editions:—

Library Edition, cloth..$3.00
Vest Pocket Edition, khaki sheep, Bible paper 3.00
Vest Pocket Edition, black morocco, Bible paper 3.50
Stiff Leather Edition, same paper as library edition 4.00
Pocket Edition, black or blue morocco, Oxford India Bible paper..... 5.00
Edition de Luxe, black or blue levant, heavy Oxford India Bible paper, wide margins... 8.50
Large Type Edition, black morocco, Bible paper 11.50
Braille Edition, Grade One and a Half, for the Blind. 5 vols.....12.50

FRENCH TRANSLATION

Library Edition, cloth..$3.50
Pocket Edition, cloth, Oxford India Bible paper 4.50
Pocket Edition, black morocco, Oxford India Bible paper 7.50

GERMAN TRANSLATION

Library Edition, cloth..$3.50
Pocket Edition, cloth, Oxford India Bible paper 4.50
Pocket Edition, black morocco, Oxford India Bible paper 7.50

The book may be read or purchased at Christian Science Reading Rooms throughout the world or sent prepaid to any address

Other works by Mrs Eddy may also be read or purchased at Christian Science Reading Rooms. A complete catalogue sent on request

Address orders and make remittances payable to

HARRY L. HUNT
Publishers' Agent
107 Falmouth St., Boston, U. S. A.

UTILITIES AND RAILS IN NEW LOW TERRITORY

Substantial Losses Recorded Before Moderate Rally Sets In

NEW YORK, April 4 (AP)—The stock market began the new week by digging still further into new low ground today.

Utilities and rails were again conspicuously weak, as selling swelled to substantial volume in the earlier hours of trading. News of a character to influence the market was meager, but sharp declines in the bond market, and a further slump in the price of stock exchange seats, were presumably unsettling to stocks.

Stocks rallied slowly in the last hour, reducing and in some instances erasing early losses of 1 to 4 points. Closing prices, however, were generally lower.

New York Central and Case made full recovery, while U. S. Steel, American Telephone and American Can halved declines of one to three points.

Trading was fairly active until after noon, but offerings then dried up and a moderate amount of short covering ensued.

Transactions approximated 1,500,000 shares.

Stock exchange seats, which sold as high as $155,000 in March, dropped to the lowest price since 1924 at $83,000. There was a tendency in several quarters to attribute the drop in seat prices to the proposed federal tax on stock transfers. Stock exchange seats at the lowest price since 1924, with prices of industrial shares around the levels of that year, would not seem unduly low if it were not for the large increase in the amount of listed stock since that time, and the growth of common stock ownership. Another factor, of course, is that the number of seats has been increased by 25 per cent.

Interest in Motors

What little cheer could be found in Wall Street was attributable largely to the early reports of the public attendance at the special automobile displays opened late last week throughout the country by General Motors and the Ford Motor Company. Automobile production, as estimated for the latest week, shows a fair gain, largely attributable to Ford, and some authorities are predicting a fair pickup for the month of April, which should be immediately felt by steel and related industries.

Weekly advices issued by some of the leading investment advisory services at the start of the week continued to caution security buyers to keep funds liquid pending further clarification of the federal taxation situation.

In some quarters, too, it was suggested that first-quarter earnings reports, to appear in large numbers during the next six weeks, would be disappointing.

On the other hand, some observers felt that a convincing sign of improvement in business might bring a marked change in sentiment. The more hopeful quarters feel that the importance of the improvement in the banking situation is being overlooked.

Bonds Drop Lower

The bond market was comparatively friendless today, and prices of all classes of securities continued to drift to lower levels.

At the same time the United States Government list and major foreign issues maintained a fairly stable tone, and offerings of domestic loans diminished substantially on the downward trend.

The apathy of investors generally was attributed to uncertainties still hanging over the tax and budget situation at Washington and to the fear that first-quarter earnings reports of various industries yet to report may be even worse than was anticipated.

Railway mortgages, as during the last week, were subjected to considerable liquidation, and practically all of the carriers registered losses of from fractions to 2 or more points. Nichel Plate 6s added to their recent declines by slumping around 10 points, and were off more than 28 points in the last seven days, falling to 31, compared with a high of 74⅞ this year.

Further weakness was exhibited by loans of Baltimore & Ohio, Delaware & Hudson, Illinois Central, Canadian Pacific, Missouri Pacific, Frisco and Erie.

There was a little more resistance shown by the utilities and industrials, but most of them were inclined to give ground. American Telephone and Consolidated Gas liens, however, advanced moderately. Heaviness was exhibited by mortgages of International Telephone, Postal Telegraph, Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron, Kreuger & Toll and Western Electric. The fairly steady ones included Armour & Co., Goodrich, International Match, Phillips Petroleum and U. S. Rubber bonds.

Among the foreign obligations French 7s, German 7s, Brazilian 6½s and various Argentines were firm.

CHICAGO BOARD

(Reported by Clark, Childs & Co., Boston)

	Open	High	Low	Close	Net Chg
Wheat					
May	.56	.56⅞	.55¾	.57⅛+	⅜
July	.58¾	.60¼	.58¼	.5A3⅝+1⅛	
September	.60½	.62⅜	.60⅜	.61¾+1½	
Corn					
May	.35¾	.36⅜	.35⅜	.36¼+ ⅛	
July	.39⅜	.39¾	.38⅜	.39⅛	
September	.41⅛	.41½	.40½	.41⅜+ ¼	
Oats					
May	.23⅞	.24⅜	.23¾	.24¾+ ⅜	
July	.24⅜	.24¾	.24⅜	.24¾+ ¼	
September	.25	.25¼	.24⅞	b.25¼+ ¼	
Lard					
May	4.52b	4.52	4.50	4.52	
July	4.70b	4.70	4.65	4.67	—.03
September	4.85b	4.85	4.82	4.85a	

b—Bid. a—Asked.

Kansas City Wheat

	High	Low	Last	Net Chg
May	.50⅝	.48⅞	.50¼	+1⅛
July	.52⅜	.50⅝	.51⅞	+1¼
September	.54	.52⅜	.53¾	+1½

Winnipeg Wheat

	High	Low	Last	Net Chg
May	.63⅜	.62⅛	.63	+ ½
July	.65⅝	.63⅞	.65	+ ⅝
October	.67⅜	.66⅝	.67⅜	+ ½

MARCH BOND FINANCING

New bond financing in March amounted to about $127,800,000, it is estimated, compared with $65,344,000 in February and $696,586,000 in March, 1931.

MONDAY'S NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Closing Prices

1932 High	1932 Low	Div. in $		Sales	High	Low	Last	Apr. 4	Apr. 2
			Abitibi pf	100	8½	8½	8½	8½	
98	98	7	Abraham & S pf	30	93	93	93		
52¾	33¾		Adams Express	1400	37⅜	33¾	33¾	37⅛	
70	55	5	Adams Exp pf	100	62¾	62¾	62¾		
13	10¾	1	Addressograph	100	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜		
3½	2⅜		Advance Rumely	100	2½	2½	2½	2½	
16½	10	1.60	Affiliated Prod	6400	10⅝	8⅞	9⅝	10⅞	
62½	46	4½	Air Reduction	3400	48	46⅜	47¾	48¾	
2	1¼		Airway Elec App	100	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	
16⅝	11⅜	.50	Alaska-Juneau	2300	16⅝	15⅞	16¼	16¼	
4	2⅜		Albany PW Pap	100	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜		
3¼	1¼		Alleghany Corp	2400	1⅜	1½	1⅜	1½	
7⅜	2½		Allegh pf ww xxx	300	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	
85½	62	6§	Allied Chem	14700	71¾	67¾	71¾	71¾	
13⅝	9¾	.50	Allis Chalmers	1100	9⅞	9⅝	9¾	9¾	
10	7	1	*Alpha Port Cem	1400	7½	6⅞	6⅞	7½	
¾	¾		Amal Leather	1300	¾	¾	¾		
14⅜	12	2	Amerada	1100	13	12⅝	12⅝		
7½	5¼		Am Ag Ch Del	200	5½	5¼	5¼	5½	
18¼	12½		Am Bank Note	1100	13½	12¼	12¾	12½	
47	40	3	Am Bank Note pf	10	40	40	40		
15½	10¼	1.60	Am Brake S&F	700	11	10¼	10¼	11	
90	75½	.50	Am Brake S&F pf	10	80	80	80		
73⅞	54⅛	5§	Am Can	299200	60¾	57½	59⅜	60⅛	
8¾	5		Am Car & Fdry	1100	5⅛	5	5	5½	
39⅞	25	7	Am Car & F pf	10	26¾	25	25	26	
6	3		Am Chain	100	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛		
37⅛	29	3§	Am Chicle	100	30	29¼	30	29	
6	3		Am Colortype	100	4½	4½	4½		
11	9½		Am Com Alcohol	2100	9½	8¾	9⅛	9¼	
10½	4½		Am European	700	4½	4½	4½		
9¼	3⅛		Am & For Pow	3200	3⅝	3⅛	3¼	3⅜	
38½	15		Am & For Pow 7	400	15½	14¼	14¼	16⅛	
17¼	6		Am & For Pw 2pf	700	6½	5¾	5¾	6⅛	
2⅛	1⅛		Am Hide & L	100	1½	1½	1½		
12	9		Am Hide & L pf	100	9½	9½	9½		
21⅜	12	2	*Am Ice	100	17⅛	17	17	17½	
8½	5¼		Am International	200	5½	5¼	5¼	5⅝	
9⅛	5¼		Am Locomotive	1400	5½	5¼	5¼	5¼	
44⅝	30¼	7	Am Loco pf	400	37½	37½	37½	38	
3½	2		Am Mach & Met	1400	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¾	
6⅜	3⅛		Am Metal	100	3½	3⅜	3½		
33	28	3	Am News	10	28	28	28	28	
16⅛	8	1	Am Power & Lt	3100	8¼	7¾	8	8¼	
58	32⅛	6	Am P&L 6% pf	400	31½	31	31	32	
49¾	24⅜	5	Am P&L pf A	400	26	25⅜	26	25	
8½	5	.40	Am Radiator	7200	5¼	5	5¼	5⅛	
80	69	7	Am Republics	300	¾	¾	¾		
13	7⅜		Am Rolling Mill	1200	8⅛	7⅜	8⅛	8⅛	
29¼	21¼	3	Am Safety Razor	100	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼	
25½	18½	5	Am Shipbuilding	10	18½	18½	18½		
18⅜	9½	.50	Am Smelt & Ref	500	10⅜	9⅛	9⅜	9¾	
55	32¼	6	Am Smelt&R 2pf	100	35	35	35		
8⅜	5⅝		Am Steel Fdries	300	5¾	5¾	5¾	5⅜	
80	69	7	Am Steel F pf	20	70	70	70	70	
36⅜	33½	2½*	Am Stores	1200	34	33¼	34	34½	
39¼	15⅛	4	Am Sugar Ref	1400	18⅛	15⅛	16¼	19	
137⅜	107¾	9	Am Tel & Tel	39400	111½	108⅝	111⅜	110¾	
70	20		Am Type F pf	100	40	20	20	20⅜	
34½	23⅛	3	Am Wat W&E	1400	24¾	23⅛	24½	25	
22	21½	3	Am WW&E ct	400	21½	21½	21½	22	
5⅝	3		Am Woolen	400	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
30⅛	15½		Am Woolen pf	6400	26	24¾	26	25⅝	
4	¾		Am Writ Pap ct	100	¾	¾	¾		
3⅜	½		Am Zinc Lead&S	100	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼	
12⅜	5⅜		Am Zinc L&S pf	100	19⅛	19	19		
123⅜	123¼	2.40	Anaconda Cop	5700	6	5⅝	5⅞	5⅞	
17¼	12¾		Anchor Cap	100	13	12¾	12¾	13	
12	8	1	Archer Daniels	600	8⅜	8	8	8⅛	
2	1		Armour Ill A	100	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
1⅞	½		Armour Ill B	1600	¾	¾	¾	¾	
14¼	6⅝		Armour Ill pf	100	9⅛	8½	8½	9⅛	
3½	3		Arlington Corp	10	3½	3½	3½	3	
2⅝	1⅝		Asso Apparel Ind	100	1½	1½	1½		
8¼	4⅛		Asso Dry Goods	100	4⅜	4⅛	4⅜	4¼	
94	58	6	Atchison T&SF	200	61½	57⅜	61½	61	
86	72½	5	Atchison pf	100	73	72⅜	72⅝		
41½	18	4	Atl Coast Line	400	18½	18½	18½	18⅞	
127⅛	83⅜	1	Atl Refining	1500	10½	10¼	10½	10½	
25½	16	2	Atlas Powder	100	16	16	16	16	
79½	71	6	Atlas Powder pf	100	71	70	70		
5¼	4½	.60	Atlas Stores	100	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞		
151¾	62	4§	Auburn Auto	19400	63¾	55¼	61½	62⅞	
16	14	1½	Austin Nichols A	10	14	14	14		
3½	2½		Aviation Corp Del	2300	3	2¾	3	2¾	
			—B—						
8½	4¼		Baldwin Loco	700	4½	4⅜	4⅜	4½	
28½	10¼		Baldwin Loco pf	20	10⅝	10	10	10⅛	
21¾	11½		Balt & Ohio	6100	12	10½	11⅜	11¾	
41½	15¼		Balt & Ohio pf	200	14½	12¾	14½	15½	
99	82	6½	Bamberger pf	20	82	82	82		
24½	17	2	Bangor & Aroos	100	17¼	17¼	17¼	20	
5¼	4		Barnsdall A	2100	4⅛	4	4	4¼	
43½	23½	4	Beatrice Cream	1100	24¾	24	24½	23⅞	
95	78	7	Beatrice Cr pf	100	78½	78½	18⅜		
4¾	2⅜		Belding Hem	200	4	4	4	4	
83⅜	71	.60	Bendix Aviation	7100	8½	8⅛	8⅜	8⅜	
24⅞	18¼	2	Best & Co	1700	18¾	17¼	18	18⅝	
24⅞	15⅛		Bethlehem Steel	300	17	16	17	16½	
74	40½	7	Beth Steel pf	100	41	39½	40¾	41	
8¾	1	.50	Blaw Knox	200	7	7	7	7	
61	55	7	Bloomingdale pf	10	55	55	55		
22½	11¾		Bohn Alum & Br	100	11¼	11	11	12	
43⅛	34¾	3§	Borden	5300	37½	35⅝	37¼	37⅜	
12⅜	7	1	Borg Warner	700	7¼	7⅛	7¼	7	
11¾	7⅞	1	Briggs Mfg	3200	8½	8⅛	8¼	8¾	
50½	30¼	4	Brooklyn Man T	9200	41⅞	37½	39	42	
78⅜	66¼	6	Brooklyn M T pf	400	66½	66	66⅛		
10	7¼		Brooklyn Queens	100	7¾	7	7		
89½	72½	5	Brooklyn Un Gas	100	75	74⅛	74⅛		
36	33¼	3	Brown Shoe	100	34	34	34	34	
2	1⅞		Brunswick Balke	100	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛		
2	1		Bruns Terminal	100	1	1	1	1	
5	4⅛		Bucyrus Erie	200	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛		
8⅛	5½		Bucyrus F cv pf	600	6⅛	6	6	6⅛	
2¾	1		Budd Mfg	100	1¼	1	1	1⅛	
14	10		Budd Mfg pf	100	10	10	10		
4½	3		Budd Wheel	400	3¾	3¾	3¾	3⅞	
7⅝	3⅜		Bullard	100	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4½	
3½	2		Bulova Watch	200	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	2	
1½	½		Burns Bros B	100	½	½	½		
13	8⅝	.80	Burroughs Add	2100	9	8	8	9	
21¼	15¾	2½	Bush Terminal	100	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅜	
⅞	⅝		Butte & Superior	100	¾	¾	¾	¾	
10	10½		Byers	3100	11	10	10½	11	
			—C—						
11⅞	8⅛		Calif Packing	1300	8½	8⅛	8⅛	8½	
7⅛	5⅜		Campbell Wy&C	100	5¼	5¼	5¼		
13½	9⅜	1.20	Canada Dry	1100	9⅝	8¼	8½	9⅜	
20⅜	10⅞	1¼	Canadian Pacific	2400	14⅛	13¾	14¼	13⅜	
6⅛	3		Capital Admin	100	5	5	5		
43⅜	26⅛		Case Thresh	17200	30⅞	27⅜	30½	29⅜	
78	41½	2	Case Thresh pf	10	51¼	51	51		
15	7	1	Caterpillar Trac	100	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7¾	
5	3		Celanese Corp	200	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼	
12½	11	1½	Central Aguirre	400	11⅜	10⅝	11⅛		
15	10	1	Cerro de Pasco	10	7½	7⅛	7½	7½	
7	4¾		Checker Cab Mfg	1700	6	5⅝	6		
20⅝	10⅜	3	Chesapeake Corp	3300	10⅜	9	10⅜	11½	
31¼	16⅜	2½	Ches & Ohio	8300	17½	16	17½	17	
4¾	2⅜		Chi & Gt West	100	2½	2½	2½		
15½	7½		Chi & Gt W pf	100	7½	7	7⅛		
3¼	1¾		Chi Mil & St P	100	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1¾	
5¼	2½		Chi Mil & St P pf	1400	2½	2¼	2¼	2½	
12⅜	5⅜		Chi & N'western	1100	6	5⅜	6	6	
6¾	2⅝		Chi Pneu Tool	300	3	2¾	3	3	
17¾	4		Chi Rock Isl & P	100	5	5	5	5	
16⅜	5½		Chi Rock Isl & P	200	6	5⅜	6	57⅜	
27½	10½		Chi RI&P 7%	400	10½	10½	10½	10½	
9	7		Chickasha Cot O	100	7	7	7		
15¾	9⅞	1	Chrysler	25600	10⅜	9⅞	10¼	10½	
28½	21	3.60	City Ice & Fuel	200	24½	21½	24½	24½	
68	63	6½	City Ice & F pf	20	64	63½	64		
85	70	5	City Investing	190	75	70	70		
8¾	8		Clark Equipment	100	8	8	8	8	
31½	24¾	2½	Colgate-Palm-P	100	25¼	23¼	25¼	23⅝	
10⅞	7		Collins & Aikman	1700	7¾	7½	7¾	7¾	
10½	9		Colonial eBa Oil	400	10½	10½	10½		
16⅛	10⅛	1½	Columbia Gas	1400	11	10⅛	10⅜	11	
79	64	6	Columbia G pf A	200	66	66	66	68	
41⅜	27	3	Columbian Carb	2200	29	27½	29	28⅜	
11	8⅛	1	Comm Credit	900	8½	8¼	8¼	8½	
21¼	17	1¾	Comm Cred pf	20	17	17	17		
68⅞	56	6½	Comm Cred 1pf	40	64⅞	63	63	64	
27⅝	15½	2	Comm Inv Tr	4900	18¼	16½	17½	18	
77	58	6	Comm I Tr cv pf	300	69	68	68		
10¼	6½	.60	Comm Solvents	8400	7⅛	6½	7	7¼	
4⅞	3	.30	Comwlth & So	14000	3⅜	3	3	3⅛	
68½	53½	6	Comwlth & S 6pf	200	54	54	54	56	
1	8	1	Congoleum Nairn	700	9	8¾	9	8¾	
5⅜	3⅜		Consol Film Ind	300	2½	2¾	2¾	2⅝	
11¾	8½	2	Consol Film I pf	600	8⅝	8½	8½	8⅝	
68¾	54⅛	4	Consol Gas	14700	57	55⅜	56⅞	56¾	
95	89	5	Consol Gas pf	300	89½	89	89	89½	
10⅞	8¼	1	Consol Laundries	200	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¾	
7⅛	4¼		Consol Oil	4100	5⅛	5½	5⅝	5⅞	
11½	8	2	Consol Rys Cu pf	100	8	8	8		
⅝	⅜		Consol Textile	400	¼	¼	¼		
92	79	8	Consol Oil pf	300	90	89	89		
7	3⅝		Cont Baking A	300	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞		
1	⅜		Cont Bak'nb B	1600	⅜	⅜	⅜		
47¾	40	8	Cont Baking pf	700	40½	40	40	40	
41	31¾	2½	Cont Can	6100	34⅝	32½	33	34¾	
25½	18½	2.40	Cont Insurance	800	18⅞	18½	18⅝	19	
1¾	1		Cont Motors	700	1	1	1	1	
7	5⅜		Cont Oil	2500	6	5⅞	6	6	
3¼	⅞		Cont Shares	600	½	½	½	½	
47¾	37	3	*Corn Products	4700	39½	37⅝	39	40	
43¼	25⅝		Coty	1700	3	3	3	3	
23	19¾	2§	Cream of Wheat	700	21	20	21	20	
19⅛	10¼		Crex Carpet	1800	18	16¼	16⅝	18	
15⅝	11¾	1.20	Crown Corp & S	100	11¾	11¾	11¾		
24	21	2.70	Crown Cork pf	200	20⅜	20	20	20½	
23¼	15		Crucible Steel	500	15	14	14	15	
49⅞	30	7	Crucible Steel pf	10	30	30	30	32	
1¾	1		Cuba Co	100	1	1	1	1	
1¾	1		Cuban Am Sug	300	1	1	1	1	
3½	2	4	Cudahy Packing	300	33	32¾	33	33	
31	18½	2	Curtis Publishing	100	18½	18½	18½		
2¾	1		Curtiss-Wright	7400	1⅛	1	1	1¼	
3⅜	1½		Curtiss-Wright A	1700	2	2	2	2	
10	6¾		Cutler Hammer	200	6¾	6¾	6¾	7	
			—D—						
5¼	2¾		Davison Chem	100	2¾	2¾	2¾	3	
15¼	7⅞	1.40	Deere & Co pf	100	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	8	
89¼	65	9	Del & Hudson	700	64	60	63	64½	
28¾	12¾		Del Lack & W	900	14	12¾	14	13½	
13¼	10¼	.60	Devoe & Rey A	100	10½	10½	10½	10½	
15⅞	12½	1	Diamond Match	200	13¾	13½	13¾	13⅞	
24⅜	21⅝	1½	Diamond M pf	700	24	23⅞	24	23⅞	
11⅜	7½	1	Dome Mines	1700	9¼	9	9	9⅜	
18	13	1.20	Dominion Stores	100	15½	15½	15½		
12½	8	2	Dresser B	100	8	8	8		
59¾	43¼	4	Du Pont de Nem	18100	95	43¼	44⅞	44	
105	99	6	Du Pont deb	200	102	101¾	101¾		
10⅛	9¾	1	Duplan Silk	100	10	10	10		
			—E—						
87⅞	67½	5	Eastman Kodak	3600	71¼	67½	71¼	69⅝	
8	4¼	.50	Eaton Axle & Sp	1400	4¾	4¼	4½	4¾	
1¼	½		Eitingon Schild	500	½	½	½	½	
32¾	17⅛	4	Elec Auto-Lite	61700	19	17⅛	19	19	
100¼	88¼	7	Elec Auto-L pf	20	88	88	88	88	
2½	1¼		Elec Boat	500	1½	1½	1½	1⅝	
4	2¾		Elec & Mus Ind	2100	3	2⅞	3	3	
15⅜	7	1	Elec Pow & Lt	7200	8¼	7¾	8½	7⅞	
64	29	7	Elec Pow & L pf	800	31	29¼	29¼	30½	
55½	24	6	El Pw&L 6%pf	300	27	27	27	24½	
33½	24	3	Elec Sto Battery	900	24¼	24	24		
36⅛	25½	3	Endicott Johnson	100	27¼	27¼	27¼	27	
51	40⅜	5	Engineers P S 5pf	100	40⅜	40⅜	40⅜		
19	17¼	2½	Equitable Off Bldg	700	17½	17¼	17½		
10	4⅜		Erie RR	3400	5¼	4⅝	4⅝		
13½	7¼		Erie RR 1pf	100	8	8	8	8	
7¼	3½	2	Eureka Vacuum	400	5¾	5¾	5¾	5⅞	
2¼	1⅛		Evans Products	100	1½	1½	1½		
11¾	5¾	¼	Exchange Buffet	40	10	10	10		
			—F—						
7⅞	2½		Fashion Park pf	110	2¾	2½	2½		
22	17	1½*	Fed Lt & Trac	100	18	18	18		
64	53	6	Fed Lt & Tr pf	10	55	55	55		
3⅜	2		Fed Motor Tr	200	2	2	2		
2	1¼		Fed Screw W	100	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	
10⅜	3⅛		Fed Water Serv	900	6½	5¾	6½	6	
27¾	20	2.60	Fidelity Phe FI In	400	20⅜	20¼	20½		
94	86	6½	Filene's pf	10	86	86	86	86	
15⅜	11¾	1	Firestone T & R	100	12¼	12¼	12¼	12	
53	41½	2½	First Nat Stores	2400	46	45	46	45½	
⅜	⅛		Fisk Rubber	200	¼	⅛	¼	¼	
1⅜	¼		Fisk Rub 1pf	100	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜	
1⅛	⅛		Fisk R 1pf cv	90	⅞	⅝	⅞		
10	7¼		Florsheim Shoe	100	7¼	7⅛	7¼		
7½	4		Follansbee B	900	4¼	4	4		
12	6½		Foster-Wheeler	200	6⅝	6½	6⅝	6½	
21½	15½	1.10	Fourth Nat Inv	300	17¼	17¼	17¼		
4½	2		Foundation	800	2¾	2	2		
5⅝	2⅜		Fox Film A	600	2⅝	2½	2⅝	3	
19½	13¼	2	Freeport Texas	1900	16	15¾	16	16	
			—G—						
13⅝	¾		Gabriel Snub A	100	1	1	1	¾	
3⅝	2⅜		Gen Am Inv	500	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2½	
61	47½	6	Gen Am In pf ww	100	47½	47½	47½		
35⅜	25	4	Gen Am Tnk Car	1400	26¾	25	26½	27	
15½	9¼	1	Gen Asphalt	400	10	9¾	9¾	10	
19⅝	11	2	Gen Baking	900	15	14½	14⅝	15	
103⅝	97	8	Gen Baking pf	20	104	103¼	103¼		
16½	11¾		Gen Cable pf	80	11½	11	11	12	
26½	16⅜	1	Gen Electric	41600	17	16⅜	16⅞	17	
11¼	6⅞	.60	Gen Elec Sp	1200	11	10⅞	10⅞	11	
40½	31⅝	3	Gen Foods	3900	35	33⅜	35	35	
23⅝	19⅜	8	Gen Gas & E A	1100	11½	11¾	11½	11½	
37	31⅜	3	Gen Mills	100	32¼	32¼	32¼	33	
88	86	6	Gen Mills pf	100	87	87	87		
248⅝	141½	2	Gen Motors	48500	15	14½	14⅞	15	
87¼	72⅜	5	Gen Mot 5% pf	1100	75¾	72¾	73⅜	76¾	
4	3½		Gen Out Ad	500	4	3⅝	4	4	
9	6		Gen Out Ad A	100	6½	6½	6½	6½	
14	10	1	Gen Print Ink	40	10	10

STEEL TRADE HOPEFUL OF NEW BUYING

Operations 22 Per Cent of Capacity—Looks to Motor Industry

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

NEW YORK, April 4—Operations in the steel industry are down to 22 per cent of capacity, the lowest during the business recession except during the Christmas holidays.

However, there are indications that steel production this spring may follow the general plan of 1930 during which year operations declined during March, reaching its bottom point at the end of the month, only to make a moderate advance during April.

Tangible evidences have come to light of increased purchasing on the part of the automobile makers. Mr. Ford has shown his hand in every respect, which means that Mr. Ford, his competitors and the buying public know where they stand as to models, prices, etc.

Mr. Ford is now buying considerable quantities of materials, ranging from machinery and equipment for making his own iron and steel to finished steel itself. Those steel making districts which cater to the automobile industry are usually showing a gain in the operating rate.

Structural Steel Active

Fabricated structural steel business is fairly active, the largest award of the week having involved 7500 tons for a post office at Detroit.

Railroad purchasing is in fair volume. The New Haven Railroad just purchased 10,000 tons of 130-pound rails which is in line with its program of replacing its 107-pound rails from New York to Boston. The "Soo" Line has bought 5000 tons of track fastenings. A railroad out of Chicago has bought 2000 tons of rails.

As to prices the leading point of interest is whether the advanced prices for second quarter shipment are to hold. The steel makers have a grim determination to hold them, partly because bankers have insisted that steel makers procure more remunerative prices.

At the same time miscellaneous consumers of steel have not been anticipting future needs, whereas had they purchased before the rise took effect they could have saved $2 a ton, provided of course, that the announced higher prices are actually adhered to.

Tin Plate Operations Low

Tin plate producers are now operating at 45 per cent of capacity compared with 40 per cent a week ago, the higher rate being due to the coming into production of the Farrell works of the American Sheet & Tin Plate Co.

Another constructive development has been the lessened pressure to sell Welsh tin plate into this country. The Welsh have taken measures to restrict their production and have advanced prices to a minimum of 16 shillings a box of 100 pounds.

The consumption of tin plate in canning this year will probably be considerable less than last year. For one thing, many unemployed and others will be raising gardens this year and thus providing their own foodstuffs similar to the war gardens of 1918, which will mean a smaller consumption of canned goods.

Moreover, the surplus supplies held over from last season will cause canners to be conservative as to production this year.

Consumption of cotton ties for baling cotton will be less this year. The acreage planted will be 10 per cent less, and the yield promises to be another 10 per cent less from the fact that it had been unusually heavy last year.

Steel Sheets in Demand

Demand for steel sheets is better, and so are the prospects for additional sales. The automobile industry has of course been a good outlet. Moreover, with the coming of spring the call for galvanized sheets is much better, these being used for roofing barns and other farm buildings. Demand for fencing and wire nails has improved to some extent.

Pig iron demand continues quiet in all producing and selling centers. March shipments were in some cases better than during February, one or two producers reporting them the best of the year, but general and uniform improvement is less convincing.

Producers of pig iron complain of the large quantities of foreign iron being offered in this market, yet sales of this material are apparently very light.

The principal change among the non-ferrous metals has taken place in tin which has dipped to the lowest level since 1898, selling on Friday at 19⅝c a pound, though advancing later in the day to 20¼c.

Weakness in tin was due to heavy selling on the continent and probably due also to the belief that tin production was not being cut drastically enough to conform to the lower consumption.

Lead has been the most active of the metals, a brisk business having been done each day. By April 1 producers opened books for May shipment and began booking good tonnages immediately for shipment next month.

New York Bond Market

(Quotations to 1:30 p. m.)

	High	Low
Alleghany Corp 5s '44	17	15½
Alleghany Corp 5s '49	16	15
Alleghany Corp 5s '50	16½	15¼
Allis Chalmers deb 5s '37	81	80
Amer & Foreign Pw 5s 2030	28½	27
Amer Metals Co 5½s '34	53	51½
Amer Smelting 5s '47	84	83
Amer Sugar Refining 6s '37	101⅞	101⅛
Amer T&T 4s '36	97½	97½
Amer T&T 4½s '39 cv	101	101
Amer T&T coll 5s '46	101⅝	100½
Amer T&T deb 5s '60	98	97
Amer T&T 5s '65	98	97½
Amer T&T 5s '65	98	97½
Amer T&T deb 5½s '43	102⅜	102
Amer Writing Paper 6s '47	28½	28½
Armour & Co 4½s '39	76½	76½
Armour & Co of Del 5½s '43	66	65
Associated Oil 6s '35	100¾	100¾
Atch T&SF adj 4s '95	77¾	77¾
Atch T&SF gen 4s '95	83	82½
Atch T&SF 4½s '48	85¼	84
Atlanta & Danv 1st 4s '48	25¼	25¼
Atl Gulf & WI col 5s '59	58	58
Atl Refining deb 5s '37	92¼	92⅛
Balt & Ohio 4s Tol & C div '59	53	53
Balt & Ohio 4s Tol & C div '59	65	65
Balt & Ohio 4½s cv '60	36	32¼
Balt & Ohio rfg 5s '95	53¾	51
Balt & Ohio 5s ct Swn div '50	70	70
Balt & Ohio 1st 5s ct '48	89	88⅝
Balt & Ohio 5s series D 2000	51	51
Bangor & Aroos 4s '51	56⅜	56⅜
Bell Tel of Pa 5s '60 C	102½	102½
Bell Tel of Pa rfg 5s '48 B	102	102
Ben Ind Loan 6s '46	75½	73½
Beth Steel pur mon 5s '36	95	94
Beth Steel rfg 5s '42	90	89¾
Boston & Maine 5s '67	68	68
Botany Cons Mills 6½s '34	13½	13½
Bklyn-Man Tr st 6s '68	85¼	84¼
Bklyn Un El 1st 5s '50	78	76
Bklyn Un Gas 5s '45	103⅛	103¼
Bklyn Un Gas 5s '50	94	93¾
Bush Term con 5s '55	61	60½
By Products Coke 5½s '45	50	50
Can Nat Ry 4½s '51	80¼	80⅛
Can Nat Ry 4½s '56	79⅝	79⅛
Can Nat Ry 4½s '57	79¾	79⅝
Can Nat Ry 4½s '68	79¼	82
Can Nat Ry 4¾s '55	82½	82
Can Nat Ry 5s '70	85¼	85⅛
Can Nat Ry 5s July '69	85⅛	85⅛
Can North 4½s '35	92½	92½
Can North deb 6½s '46	100	99¾
Can North deb 7s '40	98	97¼
Can Pacific deb 4s	60	59¾
Can Pacific 4½s '60	71	71
Can Pacific 5s '44	78	78
Carolina Clin & O 5s '38	90	89
Carolina Clin & O 6s '52	85¼	85¼
Cen Ill El & Gas 1st 5s '51	59¾	59
Cen Steel Co 8s '41	89	89
Ches Corp 5s '47	51⅛	50
Ches & O gen 4½s '92	85½	85½
Ches & O 4½s B	75	75
Chicago & East Ill 5s '51	10	10
Chicago Gt West 4s '59	45	44½
Chicago Ind & L gen 5s '66	36½	36½
Chicago M &StP gen 3½s '89	37⅛	37⅛
Chicago M&StP gen 4s '89	37½	37½
Chicago M&StP 4½s rcts E '89	66	66
Chicago M StP&Pac adj 2000	6¾	6
Chicago M StP&Pac 5s '75	28	27¼
Chicago & Nw 4½s 2037 "C"	30	29¼
Chicago & Nw 4¾s cv '49	18	17
Chicago & Nw 4½s	30	30
Chicago & Nw rfg 5s 2037	30½	30½
Chicago Railway 5s '27	40½	40½
Chicago RI@P gen 4s '88	64	62¾
Chicago RI&P rfg 4s '34	43	40½
Chicago RI&P 4½s '52 'A'	35½	38
Chicago RI&P 4½s cv '60	22¼	22
Chicago St L Pitts 5s	99½	99½
Chicago TerHau & SE 5s '60	36	36
Chicago Un Sta 4½s A '63	88½	88½
Chicago Un Sta 5s '44	98	98
Chicago Un Sta 6½s C '63	111¼	110¼
Chicago & W Indiana 4s '52	67¼	67¼
Chicago & W Indiana 5½s '62	84½	84½
Childs Co 5s '43	23½	23⅛
Chile Copper 5s '47	57¼	56¾
Cin Gas & Elec 4s '68 A	58½	58¾
Cin Unit 5s	97½	97½
Clev Un Term 4½s '77	78¼	78
Clev Un Term 5s '73	82	82
Clev Un Term 5½s '72	92½	92½
Colo & So 4½s '80 A	65	64
Columbia Gas & Co 5s deb '61	75	72
Columbia Gas & E 5s '52 May	75¾	75
Columbus Ry Pr L 4½s '57	89½	88
Com Credit Co 5½s '35	91½	91½
Com Inv Trust 5½s '49	87½	87¼
Con Coal (Md) rfg 5s '50	19½	19½
Con Gas 4½s '51	94	93
Con Gas Co deb 5½s '45	104½	104
Consum Pow uni 5s '52	101¼	101
Container Corp 5s ct '43	11½	11½
Container Corp 6s '46	31	30
Crown Wil Paper 6s '51	72½	72½
Crown Zellerbach 6s ww	56	55½
Cuban Dom 7½s '44 ww	1⅝	1⅝
Del & Hudson rfg 4s '43	79	78
Del & Hudson 5½s '37	88¾	88
Den Gas & Elec 5s '51	90½	90½
Den & Rio G Wn 5s '55	18	17⅜
Den & Rio G Wn rfg 5s '78	29½	29½
Detroit Ed 5s '49	100⅛	100½
Dodge Bros cf 6s '40	75¾	75
Donner Steel rfg 7s '42	86	86
Duquesne P & L 4½s '67	95⅝	95⅝
Erie RR 1st con 4s '96	57	57
Erie RR ref 5s '67	25	23
Erie RR gen lien	41	38
Erie RR gen 5s '75	25½	23
Fed Lt & Trac 5s '42	75	74
Fed Lt & Trac 1st 6s '42	80	80
Fed Metal 7s '34	75	75
Fisk Rubber 8s '41	20	20
Gannett 6s '43	75¼	75
Gen Bak Co 5½s '40	95	94¾
Gen Cable Corp 5½s '47	45	45
Gen Mot Acc Corp 6s '37	101¼	100⅝
Gen Pub Svc 5½s '39	76½	76½
Gen Steel Cast 5½s '49 ww	51	50
Gen Theater Equip 6s '40	3½	3¼
Geo & Ala RR 5s	12	11½
Goodrich 6s '45	45	44½
Goodrich 1st 6½s '47	77	76¼
Goodyear Tire 5s '57	71	70½
Gould Coupler 6s '40	24	24
Grand Tk Ry Can 6s '36	95	94½
Grand Tk Ry Can 7s '40	97¾	97½
Great Northern 7s '36 A	85	82¼
Gulf States Steel 5½s '42	32½	32½
Havana Elec 5s '52	20	20
Houston Oil 5½s '40	56	56
Hudson Coal 5s '62	30½	30
Hudson Co Gas 5s "49	100	98
Hudson & Man adj in 5s '57	55	54¼
Hudson & Man rfg 5s '57	80	79½
Humble Oil 5s '37	98½	98½
Humble Oil 5½s '32	100⅝	100⅜
Ill Bel Tel rfg 5s '56	101⅜	101½
Ill Central 4s '52	45½	45½
Ill Central 4s '53	41¼	41¼
Ill Central 4¼s '66	36	34
Ill Central 5s "52	58	58
Ill Central CStL&NO 5s A '63	39	37
Ill Steel deb 4½s '40	97½	97½
Ind Limestone 6s '41	12	12
Indiana Nat Gas & Oil 5s	91⅛	91⅛
Inland Steel 4½s A '78	76½	76½
Inland Steel 4½s B '81	75	75
Inter Hydro El 6s '44	40¼	40
Inter Match 5s cv rcts '41	20¾	19½
Inter Match Corp 5s '47	19¼	16½
Inter Rap Tran rfg 5s '66	51⅞	50⅝
Inter Rap Tran 6s sta '66	52	50½
Inter Rap Trans 6s '32	34	29½
Inter Rap Tran? 7s '33	70½	69½
Int Ag col 5s sta '32	33	32¼
Int Cement Corp 5s '48	56¾	56
Int & G Nor 5s B '56	25	25
Int Mer Mar col 6s '41	48½	48½
Int Paper rfg 5s A '47	49¾	49¾
Int Paper 6s '55	27½	27½
Int Tel & Tel 4½s '52	29	28⅝
Int Tel & Tel 4½s cv '39	35¼	32
Int Tel & Tel 5s '55	32½	31½
Kendall Co 5½s ww '48	62	62
Kan City P & L 4½s '61	95	95
Kan City P & L 4½s B	95¾	95¾
Kan City So 1st 3s '50	59¼	59¼
Kan City Term 1st 4s '60	82¼	81½
Kan Gas & Elec 4½s '80	78	78
Kinney & Co 7½s '36	46⅝	46⅝
Laclede Gas rfg 5s '34	92½	92½
Laclede Gas 5½s '53 C	65½	65
L'Autaro 6s '54	7¾	7¾
Lehigh Val (Pa) con 4s 2003	40	36½
Loew's Inc 6s '41	80	79¼
Long Island rfg 4s '49	81	81
Louis Arkansas 5s '69	37	37
Louis Gas & Elec rfg 5s '53	96½	96½
L&N Pad Mem 4s	80½	80½
Manhat Ry con 4s '90	35	34½
McCrory Stores 5½s '41	77	77
Meade Edison 4½s '68	84½	84½
Metro Water 5½s '50	45½	44½
Midvale Steel col 5s '36	93¾	93¾
Min StP & SSM 4s '38	43½	43
Min StP & SSM 6s '46	21	21
Mo K & T pl 5s A '62	64	60
Mo Ill 5s	25	25
Mo Pacific gen 4s '75	19½	15½
Mo Pacific-rfg 5s A '65	36½	33¼
Mo Pacific 5s F '77	34½	32¼
Mo Pacific 5s G '78	33	32¼
Mo Pacific 5s H '80	32½	32¼
Mo Pac 5s I. '81	32¾	32½
Mo Pacific 5½s '49	18	15
Mobile & Ohio 4½s '77	10½	10½
Montana Power rfg 5s '43	88	88
Montreal Tram col 5s '41	22½	22½
Morris & Co 1st 4½s '39	74½	72⅝
Namm Sons 6s '43	80	80
Nassau Elec con 4s '51	45	45
Nat Dairy Prod 5½s '48	92	90¾
Nat Steel 5s	75¾	75
New Eng T&T 4½s B '61	93¾	93¾
New Eng T&T 5s '52	101¾	101¾
N O Term 4s	66	66
N O Pub Ser 5s A '52	75	75
N O Pub Ser 5s '55 B	73⅝	73⅝
NLC&HR 4s '42	80	80
NYC&HR 4½s N	54½	56¼
NYC&HR rfg & im 4½s 2013	87¾	86
NYC&HR rfg & im 5s 2013	65	63
NY Chi & StL 4½s '78	21½	20
NY Chi & StL 5½s '74	21	20
NY Chi & StL 6s A '32	38	38
NY Dock Co 5s '38	33¼	101
NY Edison 5s '44	104	101
NY Edison rfg 6½s '41	109½	109¼
NY NH&H 4½s '67	64¼	64
NY NH&H cit 6s '40	88	87⅞
NY NH&H cv 6s '48	85¾	84½
NY Ont & W gen 4s '55	41	40
NY Ont & W rfg 4s '92	53	51½
NY Railway inc 6s '65	1¾	1¾
NY Steam Corp 6s '47	104⅜	104⅜
NY Steam '56	94	94
NY Tel gen 4½s '39	99½	99¼
Norf & W div 4s '44	90	90
Nor Am Cement 6½s '40	19	19
North Am Co 5s '61	77½	77½
Nor Am Ed 5s C '69	79	78
Nor Am Ed 5s A '57	85½	85½
Nor Ohio Tr & Lt 6s A '47	98	96
Nor Pacific gen 3s 2047	83	82
Nor Pacific 6s B 2047	77	77
Nor States Pow 5s '41	70	70
Nor States Pow 6s B '41	101¾	101½
Ont Pow Niag Falls 5s '43	94¼	94¼
Ore Wash RR & N 4s '61	77	77
Pac Gas & Elec 5s '42	99	98½
Pac Tel & Tel 1st 5s '37	101¼	101¼
Paramount Publix 5½s '50	40	39
Park-Lex Leasehold 6½s '53	22	22
Paramount Fam Las 6s '47	42⅜	42⅜
Pathe Ex inc 7s '37	76½	75½
Penn Pow & Lt 4½s '81	83	82⅞
Penn Railroad 4½s D '70	63	63
Penn Railroad 4½s '63	70	70
Penn Railroad con 4½s '60	93	93
Penn Railroad 5s '64	80½	80½
Penn Railroad gold 6½s '36	99⅞	99½
Peoples Gas L&C (Chi) 5s '47	97¼	97
Phillips Pet 5½s '39	55⅝	55⅜
Philadelphia Co 5s '67	79½	78½
Philadelphia Elec Co 4½s '67	98	97¼
Phil & Read C&I 6s '49	38¾	38
Phil Railway 4s '37	18½	18½
Pillsbury Flour M 6s '43	99	99
Pitts CC&StL 4½s A '40	92¾	92¾
Portland Gen Elec 4½s '60	49	48
Postal Tel & Cable 5s '53	22	20
Pressed Steel Car 5s '33	70	70
Pub Svc E&G 4s	91	91
Pub Svc E&G 4½s '67	96½	96½
Pub Svc E&G 4½s 1970	96⅜	96¾
Pure Oil 5½s '37	69	68⅝
Pure Oil 5½s '40	65½	65
Purity Baking 5s '48	73	73
Remington Rand 5½s '47 ww	43½	42½
Rock I Ar&Lou 4½s '34	36	35½
St Joseph Ry LH&P 5s '37	79	79
St Louis & SF 4s A '50	20	19
St Louis & SF 4½s '78	14½	13½
St Louis & SF 5s B '50	24½	24½
St Louis SW 2d 4s '89	40	40
St Louis SW con 4s '32	55	55
StP Union Depot rfg 5s '72	95½	95½
San Ant Pub Ser 6s '52	86	86
Scioto Val 5½ NE 4s '89	79¾	79¾
Seabd AL gold 4s st '50	11⅛	11⅛
Shell Pipe 5s '52	63¼	60¼
Shell Union 5s '47	60⅝	60⅝
Shell Union 5s ct ww '49	60½	60½
Silesian Am Corp 7s '41	35⅝	35⅝
Sinclair Cn O col 6½s '38	86½	86½
Sinclair Cn O col 7s '37	91	90
Sinclair Cru O 5½s '38	97	96½
Sinclair Pipe L sf 5s '42	93	93
Southern Bell Tel & Tel 5s '42	101⅜	101
Southern Pacific col 4s '49	54	54
Southern Pacific rfg 4s '55	73	73
Southern Pacific 4½s '68	56½	56½
Southern Pacific 4½s '69 ww	57	57
Southern Pacific 4½s '81	53½	51
Southern Pacific col 5s '44	85	85
Southern Ry gen 4s '56	37½	37½
Southern Ry con 5s '95	75	75
Southern Ry gen 6½s '56	45¾	45¼
Southwest Bell Tel rfg 5s '54	101	100½
Stand Oil NJ 5s '46	101	100½
Stand Oil NY 4½s '51	90½	90½
Tenn Elec Power 6s '47	100	100
Texas Corp 5s '44	76	75¾
Third Ave rfg 4s '60	41½	41½
Third Ave adj 5s '60	30	28⅝
Trumbell Steel 6s '40	65¾	64
Union El & P rfg 5s '33	101	100⅞
Union El L & P 5½s '54	100	100
Union Pacific 1st 4s '47	89½	89½
Union Pacific 4½s '67	79	79
US Rubber Co 5s '47	24	23
Util Pow & Lt 5s '59 ww	25	24
Util Pow & Lt 5½s '47	27¾	27⅝
Vanadium 5s '41	40	37
Virginia Ry & Power 5s '34	99⅝	99⅝
Wabash RR 1st 5s '39	69½	69½
Wabash RR 5s B '76	7½	7½
Warner Sugar 1st 7s '41	102	101⅝
Warner Bros Pict 6s '39	21½	21
West Pa Pow 5s A '46	100⅜	100⅜
West Pa Pow 5s E '63	100½	100
Western Electric 5s '44	96⅞	96½
Western Maryland 5½s '77	57¼	57
Western NY & Pa 4s '43	80¼	80¼
Western Pacific 5s A '46	32½	32½
Western Union R E 4½s '50	62	62
Western Union 5s '51	59	57
Western Union 6½s '36	81½	81½
Western Union 5s '60	87½	87
Wilkesbarre & East 1st 5s '42	23½	22½
Wilson & Co 1st 6s '41	83¼	83¼
Wis Cen gen 1st 4s '49	30	30
Youngstown Sheet 5s A '78	67½	67½

LIBERTY BONDS

	High	Low	Last	Apr 4	Apr 2
3½s '47	100.2	100.	100.	100.	
1st 4¼s '47	100.9	100.8	100.8	100.10	
4th 4¼s '38	100.23	100.20	100.32	100.22	
US 3s '55	89.5	88.30	88.30	89.3	
US 3½s '49	91.1	91.	91.	91.5	
US 3¾s '43 March	94.31	94.28	49.28	94.28	
US 3¾s '43 June	95.3	95.-	95.2	95.3	
US 3¾s '47	94.20	94.18	94.18	94.20	
US 3¾s '56	97.15	97.10	97.10	97.14	
US 4s '54	100.11	100.6	100.6	100.7	
US 4¼s '52	103.2	103.	103.	102.31	

FOREIGN BONDS

Abitibi P&P 5s '53	33¼	33¼
Alpine Mon Stl 7s '55	49	49
Antioquia 1st 7s '57	9¼	9¼
Argentine Gov 5½s '62	49	48
Argentine Gov 6s June '59	55	55
Argentine Gov 6s Oct '59	55½	55¼
Argentine Gov 6s Sept '60	54¾	54¾
Argentine Gov 6s Oct '60	57½	57½
Argentine Gov 6s '57 A	56	55⅞
Argentine Gov 6s '58 B	56	56
Australia 4½s '56	55	55
Australia 5s '55	60¼	60
Australia 5s '57	60⅛	60
Austria (Gov) 7s '57	52	51½
Austria (Gov) 7s '43	92	92
Bavaria (State) 6½s '45	35	35
Belgium (King) 6s '55	85½	85
Belgium (King) 6½s '49	93	93
Belgium (King) 7s '55	99	99
Belgium (King) 7s '56	100	99½
Berlin (City) 6½s '50	26	25
Berlin Elec 6s '55	29	28½
Bolivia (Rep) 7s '69	5½	5½
Bolivia (Rep) 7s '58	5	5
Bolivia (Rep) 8s '47	7½	7¼
Bordeaux (City) 6s' 34	102½	102½
Brazil (Cen El Ry) 7s '52	22½	22½
Brazil (6½s '26-'57	24	23
Brazil (6½s '27-'57	23½	23½
Brazil (US) 8s '41	26	26
Bremen 7s '35	38¾	37½
Brisbane 5s '57	42	42
Brisbane 5s '58	43	43
Budapest (City) 6s '62	22¼	22¼
Buenos Aires 6s Apr '60	36	36
Caldas (Rep) 7½s '46	11⅜	11¼
Canada (Dom) 4½s '36	92¾	92¾
Canada (Dom) 4s '60	78⅝	78⅝
Canada (Dom) 5s '52	93¼	93⅛
Cauca Valley 7½s '46	13½	13½
Chile (Bank) 6s '61	12¾	12¾
Chile (Bank) 6s' 62	12¾	12¼
Chile (Rep) 6s '61	12½	12½
Chile (Rep) 6s '61 Sept	12	12
Chilean Loan 7s '60	8¾	8½
Cologne (City) 6½s '50	35	35
Colombia Agr Bk 6s '47	26⅜	26⅛
Colombia Mtg Bk 7s '46	20	20
Colombia Mtg Bk 7s '47	21½	21½
Colombia (Rep) 6s' 61 Jan	23	22¾
Copenhagen (City) 4½s '53	62½	62½
Cordoba (City) 7s '37	24	23¾
Costa Rica (Rep) 7s '51	35½	35
Cuba (Rep) 5s ('04)	44	90⅞
Cuba (Rep) 5½s '53	76	76
Czechoslovakia (Rep) 8s '51	96¾	96
Czechoslovakia (Rep) 8s B'52	96¾	96¾
Denmark (King) 4½s '62	68	67⅝
Denmark (King) 6s '42	86½	86½
Deutsche Bk 6s ctfs '32	62	59⅞
Dominic (Rep) 5½s 2nd '40	36	36
Dresden 7s '45	42	42
Dutch Kl 6s '47	86	86
Estonia Bank 7s '67	35½	35
Finland (Rep) 7s '50	86	86
Finnish A 6½s '54	54	54
French (Rep) 7s '49	115	115
French (Rep) 7½s '41	117¼	117
Geisenkirchen Min 6s '34	34	34
German 7s '49	59¾	59¼
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s '38	38⅝	38⅝
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s July '60	34	33½
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s Oct '60	33½	33
Germ Cen Ag Bk 7s '50	37½	37½
Germ Con Agr 6½s' 58 rcts	23½	23½
Germ El Pow '53	39	39
Germ Gen Elec 6s' 48	32½	32½
Germ Gen Elec 7s '45	43⅞	43⅞
Germ Gov Int 5½s '65	38½	37½
Greek 6s '68	25⅝	25
Greek 7s '64	37	37
Harpen 6s '49 ww	33	33

Several Industries Add to Employment

MORE men are being given employment at this season of the year. Particularly is this noticeable in the motor, motor accessory, and railroad equipment fields. Ford, Chevrolet, Chrysler, Nash, Hupp, Graham-Paige, and a number of other makers have stepped up production, thus increasing their working week. Briggs Manufacturing Company reports improved employment conditions, due to greater activity in the automobile industry. During March the company's four large Detroit plants showed a 59 per cent increase in pay rolls. It is making bodies for several makes, including Ford and Plymouth cars.

The Pullman Car & Manufacturing Company has added 500 to 600 men to its works at Chicago since the middle of January, at which time it began the installation of air-conditioning equipment. At the present time the company is installing such equipment on 61 cars, including sleeping, dining, observation, parlor cars and coaches. The Chesapeake & Ohio and other roads are now engaged in putting in air-conditioned train service.

	High	Low
Helsingfors 6½s '40	50	49¾
Hungary Ld Mtg 7½s A '61	23	22
Hungary Ld Mtg 7½s B '61	20	20
Hungary Mun 7½s '45	21¼	21¼
Italy (King) 7s '51	89½	88½
Jap (Con Pwr) 6½s '50	43¾	43¾
Jap (Im Gov 5½s '65	59¼	59
Jap (Im Gov 6½s '54	68¼	68
Karstadt 6s '43	18½	18½
Kreuger & Toll 5s '59	16¼	15
Lombard El 7s '52 ww	70	68
Meridionale El 7s '57	86	86
Milan (City) 6½s '52	66	66
Montecatin 7s '37 xw	81½	81½
Montevideo (City) 7s '52	18	18
New South Wales 5s '57	55½	54⅞
New South Wales 5s '58	55	55
Nord Rys 6½s '50	101¼	101
North German Lloyd 6s '47	27	27
Norway (King) 5½s '65	76¼	76¼
Norway (King) 6s '52	78	78
Norwegian El 5½s '57	62	62
Ost Pow Svc 5½s '58	53½	53½
Oriental Dev 5½s '58	49¼	49¼
Oriental Dev Ltd 6s '53	54⅝	54⅜
Oslo G&E 5s '63	69	69
Paris-Lyons-Med 6s '58	100¾	100½
Paris-Lyons-Med int ctf 7s '58	103	102¾
Paris-Orleans 5½s '68	96	96
Pauliat El Ry 7s '52	63½	63½
Peru (Gov) 6s '60	5½	5½
Poland (Gov) 7s '47	56¾	55⅝
Poland (Gov) 8s '50	60	59½
Prussia 6½s '51	26¼	26¼
Prussia 6s '52	25½	25
Queensland (State) 7s '41	88	82
Rhine Ruhr 6s '53	23	23
Rio de Janeiro (City) 6½s '53	10	10
Rio de Janeiro (City) 8s '46	12	12
Rome (City) 6½s '52	71	71
Royal Dutch 4s '45 ww	67½	67½
Sante Fe (Prov) 7s '42	42½	42½
Sao Paulo (Stat) 7s '40	60⅞	60⅛
Sao Paulo (State) 8s '36	38½	38½
Serbs Cro & Slov 7s '62	36½	36½
Serbs Cro & Slov 8s '62	39½	39
Silesia Bk 6s '47	24½	24¼
Silesia (Prov) 7s '58	41¼	41¼
Soissons (City) 6s '36	101¼	101¼
Sydney 5½s '55	45	45
Sweden (King) 5½s '54	84	83¾
Swiss Government 5½s '46	102¼	102
Taiwan Elec 5½s '71	51½	50½
Toho Elec Pow 6s '32	98¼	98¼
Toho Elec Pow 7s '55	84½	84½
Tokyo (City) 5½s '61	51⅞	51⅜
Tokyo Elec Lt 6s '53	49⅜	48¾
Tolima (Dept) 7s '47	10	10
Tyrol 7½s '55	51¾	51¾
Ujigawa El Pow 1st 7s '45	62	62
U K Gt Br & I 5½s '37	100	99¾
Uni Stl W 6½s A '47	15	15
Uruguay (Rep) 8s '46	42¼	42
Uruguay

General Classified

Advertisements under this heading appear in the Atlantic, Central and Pacific editions of The Christian Science Monitor. Rate 60 cents a line. Minimum space four lines. An application blank and two letters of reference are required from those who advertise under most of these headings. Write or call for detailed information.

REPRESENTATIVES WANTED

TO sell guaranteed high-grade hosiery less than store prices; you buy wholesale. Call or write LENOX HOSIERY COMPANY 386 Fifth Avenue, New York City

SALESWOMEN WANTED

A STEP toward financial independence is offered to few women of refinement through distribution of an exclusive cosmetic; commission. DIJON, Westport, Conn.

Local Classified

Advertisements under this heading appear in this edition only. Rate 30 cents a line. Minimum space three lines, minimum order four lines. (An advertisement measuring three lines must call for at least two insertions.) An application blank and two letters of reference are required from those who advertise under most of these headings. Write or call for detailed information.

APARTMENTS—FURNISHED

WEST NEWTON, MASS.—For rent, furnished apartment in private home; 3-room suite, bath. Frigidaire; garage optional. Tel. WEst Newton 2050.

APARTMENTS TO LET

87 ST. STEPHEN ST.

Suites, 1, 2 and 3 rooms, kitchenette and bath. Electric refrigeration. Rents reasonable. Apply on premises or

CHAS. E. CUSHING
209 Washington St., Boston Tel. Laf. 7040

CORSETIERES

ATTENTION to your individual requirements will assure you comfort if you have your corsets, corselettes or brassieres made to order; our prices are reasonable.
IDA GORDON
239 West 72nd St., New York City En. 2-7133

FURNITURE

NEW and used furniture of distinction; estate of Marie Eddy; free suburban delivery; open until 9. GEORGE'S AUCTION ROOMS (912 Columbus Ave). between 104th-105th, 6th-9th Aves.; "L" to door, New York City.

HELP WANTED—WOMEN

CAPABLE, refined woman (Christian Scientist preferred) can obtain home in private family and small compensation for keeping house and cooking. Apply JOHN A. PETTY, Rm. 302, 1417 K St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

HOMES WITH ATTENTION

HOME for rest and study where physical and other problems may be worked out mentally. 304 Greenwood Ave., Jenkintown, Pa., Philadelphia Suburbs. Ogontz 3831.

LOST AND FOUND

FOUND BY BOSTON POLICE DEPT.
294017—Auto Keys, 2 door and 1 tire key on ring.
Call LOST AND FOUND DEPARTMENT
Ken. 6700, Line 9

MOVING AND STORAGE

I SHALL deem it a privilege to serve readers of The Christian Science Monitor in their local and long distance piano and furniture moving. NOBLE R. STEVES, 134 Harvard Street, Dorchester District, Boston Mass Tel Talbot 2400

PAYING GUESTS

"THE STAFFORD"—Large, attractive home for tourists or permanent guests. 2808 Rivermont Ave., Lynchburg, Va., State Highway 60.

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE—Slayton Homestead, 5 miles to Dartmouth College; beautiful location near state road; 100 acres of land mostly timbered; 15-room house, 3 piazzas. Tel. 1048, Concord, N. H.

ROOMS TO LET

BOSTON, 79 Gainsborough St., Suite 4—To let, room with home privileges with MRS. N. GARDNER. Tel. Com. 2648.

BROOKLINE, MASS., Coolidge Corner—Sunny room, second floor, next bath, privileges; no transients; parking or garage. Regent 1332.

JAMAICA, L. I., N. Y., 83-18 160th St.—Large, comfortably furnished room, private family; desirable neighborhood; 1 or 2 gentlemen; breakfast if desired; references. Republic 9-7308.

N. Y. C., 412 West 110th (Apt. 72)—Large, sunny, studio type, newly decorated, Kelvinator, Kitchen privileges, reasonable. Clarkson 2-3695.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Single or double rooms, private bath, excellent meals, moderate rates; transients or permanent. MRS. S. P. FOWLER, 1523 16th St. N. W. Phone North 1197.

SEWING MACHINES

REPAIRING and renting all makes of sewing machines; some good used machines $7 and up. 817 Boylston corner Boston Com 6527

SITUATIONS WANTED—MEN

ACCOUNTANT—15 years' experience in corporation accounting, desires responsible position; best references furnished; will accept any office position. S-98, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

SITUATIONS WANTED—WOMEN

EXPERIENCED woman wishes position, infant's nurse; willing to assist with household; references. Write M. A. ZURCHER, 35 West 67th St., New York City, or phone Sus. 7-7540.

TEACHERS AND TUTORS

GOOD ENGLISH STUDIOS
Offer courses in PHONETICS, VOICE PRODUCTION and READING at reduced rates during the spring term. AUGUSTA MacLEOD, Director, 202 Huntington Ave., Boston. KEN. 7340.

HELEN CRAFTS
Voice Coaching—Piano Instruction
59 W. 56th St., New York City. Circle 7-4765

Classified advertisements for The Christian Science Monitor are received at the following advertising offices:

BOSTON
107 Falmouth St Tel Commonwealth 4330
NEW YORK
270 Madison Ave. Tel. Caledonia 5-2706
LONDON
2 Adelphi Terrace Tel. Temple Bar 1384
PARIS
3 Avenue de l'Opéra Tel. Gutenberg 42.71
BERLIN
59A Unter den Linden Tel. A2 Flora 0178
FLORENCE
11, Via Magenta Tel. 23.406
PHILADELPHIA
902 Fox Building Tel. Rittenhouse 9186
MIAMI
1229 Ingraham Building Tel. 3-2445
CHICAGO
1058 McCormick Building Tel. Webster 7182
DETROIT
3-101 General Motors Bldg Madison 3610
CLEVELAND
1499 Union Trust Building Tel Cherry 7699
ST. LOUIS
1775 R'lway Exch Bldg. Tel Chestnut 5173
KANSAS CITY
405 Nat'l Fid. Life Bldg Tel. Victor 3702
SAN FRANCISCO
625 Market St. Tel. Sutter 7240
LOS ANGELES
Van Nuys Building Tel Trinity 2004
SEATTLE
824 Skinner Building Tel. Main 1904
PORTLAND, OREGON
1022 Am Bank Building Tel Beacon 9395

Also by Local Advertising Representatives in many cities throughout the United States and other countries.

DELAWARE

WILMINGTON

MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

If the service you wish is not advertised in this issue of The Christian Science Monitor call 7032, where a bureau of local and national advertisers is maintained afternoons except Saturdays and holidays.

813 FRANKLIN STREET

I. Elmer Perry Co.
Dependable Coal
Dependable Service
Phone 2-3212
29th and Boulevard Wilmington, Del.

Gawthrop & Brother Co.
Plumbing and Heating
705 Orange Street
WILMINGTON, Del.

BUTLER'S INC.
BOOKS and STATIONERY
415 Market St., Wilmington, Del.

WILMINGTON (Continued)

MEGARY'S
SIXTH AND TATNALL STREETS
exclusive Wilmington agents for
WHITTALL RUGS
including the famous
ANGLO-PERSIANS
FURNITURE . . DRAPERIES . . CHINA

JAS. T. MULLIN & SONS, Inc.
WILMINGTON, DELAWARE
The Official Boy Scout Store of Delaware and the Del-Mar-Va Peninsula

Telephone 5017
HARDWARE
and
HOUSEFURNISHINGS
ALFRED D. PEOPLES
507 MARKET STREET

Handsome Wedding Gifts of Plate and Solid Silver
MILLARD F. DAVIS
JEWELER—SILVERSMITH
Since 1879
831 Market St. Phone 2-3613

Pittsburgh Independent Oil Co.
Use Pittsburgh Ethyl Gasoline
Pittsburgh Regular Gasoline
and 100% Pennsylvania Oil
Market & 12th Sts. Orange & 6th Sts.
Market & D Sts. 1619 Penn Ave.
Wilmington, Del.

Crosby & Hill Company
DEPARTMENT STORE
605, 607, 609 Market St., Wilmington, Del.

Beaux Arts Lighting Studios
LIGHTING FIXTURES
LAMPS
HAND WROUGHT FURNITURE
Phone 3-2822 1205 WASHINGTON

EDWARD COLTON
Cleaning and Dyeing
Coats Relined and Remodeled
Phone 2-3012 115 W. NINTH
WE CALL AND DELIVER

"HARPER METHOD"
Scientific Care of Hair, Scalp, Face
Special Department for Gentlemen
240 Delaware Trust Bldg. Tel. Wil. 2-0712

DIST. OF COLUMBIA

WASHINGTON

FLOWERS
for All Occasions
Moderate Prices
BOUQUET SHOP
732 SEVENTEENTH ST. N. W.
Phone District 6525 Delivery

MARINELLO BEAUTY PARLOR
1847 Columbia Road, N. W.
All branches of Beauty Culture
Realistic Permanent Waving
Phone Columbia 10153

DISTRICT NATIONAL BANK
1406 G Street, N. W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

EXCLUSIVE
Millinery *and* Gowns
Remodeling Hats a Specialty
HEMSTITCHING
MARY G. FIELDING
1729 Columbia Road, N. W.
Open Evenings

5010 CONN. AVE. Phone Cleve. 0535
Chevy Chase, D. C.
"PARKWAY"
Cleaners and Dyers
PROMPT SERVICE
Service to Your Home.

GEORGE R. GRAY
Printing and Publishing
1432 K St., N. W. S. E. Cor. 15th
Phone District 7014

RUDEMAR
BEAUTY SHOPPE

Eugene Permanents	$6.50
Nestles Clipless	5.00
Shampoo and F. Wave	1.00

201 COLORADO BLDG. Metropolitan 6018

MARYLAND

BALTIMORE

11 E. Baltimore St.
Baltimore
McPherson
PLaza 0735
Haberdashers and Shirtmakers Since 1862
"THE STORE OF STANDARD VALUES"

VIRGINIA

LYNCHBURG

Crutchfield
CLEANERS *and* DYERS
Delivery or Cash and Carry Service
PHONE 504-664

ADAMS & COBBS
The
"Sta-Kleen Store"
618 MAIN ST., LYNCHBURG

VIRGINIA

NEWPORT NEWS

NACHMAN'S
THE SHOPPING CENTER
Now Is the Time to Think of Home
Our New Spring Draperies, Curtains, Furniture, etc., Now Ready. Choice Collections and at Unusual Prices.

That GOOD GULF GAS *and* SERVICE STATION
Washing—Polishing—Greasing
Simonizing a Specialty
Phone 2560-W for Road Service
I. E. BANE, Prop.
Buxton Ave. at 25th Street

Newport News Laundry Corporation
QUALITY *SERVICE*
830 25th Street Phones 672-673
C. F. GARNER, *Manager*

EISENMAN'S SHOE HOSPITAL
Superior repairing at reasonable prices
137 28TH STREET

BARCLAY & SONS
JEWELERS
2605 WASHINGTON AVE.
Special Offering
BALTIMORE ROSE SILVER

W. T. EUBANK
Plumbing and Heating Contractor
Agent A.B.C. Oil Burner
3101 Jefferson Avenue Phone 2333

See our line of
Walk-Over & Vitality Shoes
The Broadway Shoe Store
WASHINGTON AVE. and 30TH STREET

FALCONER'S
TOILET GOODS
STATIONERY
CANDIES

NORFOLK

To the best — the very best
WERGLEY'S
French Pastry Shop
Confections and Ice Cream
Specialize in exclusive catering
Unexcelled in quality
No Order Too Small or Too Large
STORE 204 MARKET 22838
PHONE CITY MARKET 22291
NORFOLK, VA.

The Ames & Brownley Label Stands for Quality

GROVES MARKET
FANCY GROCERIES,
VEGETABLES, POULTRY
and MEATS
Genuine Smithfield Hams
1517 COLLEY AVE. Phones 25711—26656
809 COLLEY AVE. Phone 22695

Our Pride Bread
Ultra-Wholesome Because It
Contains 100% Liquid Milk Content

PENDERS
WORKMANSHIP THAT STANDS THE TEST OF TIME
CLAYTON M. LEAVITT
WATCH CLOCK REPAIRING
JEWELRY
601-4 NEW MONROE BLDG.
254 GRANBY STREET
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA

WILLIAM C. KUTZ
GENERAL INSURANCE
DWELLING AUTOMOBILE
FURNITURE BURGLARY
INSURANCE
116 BROOKE AVE., NORFOLK, VA.
Dial 24807

Benson's *Hairdresser*
All Branches of Beauty Culture
648 New Monroe Bldg., NORFOLK, VA.

HORNER'S
Incorporated
CLEANERS and DYERS
Phone 22264 745 Raleigh Ave.

WRIGHT COAL and WOOD COMPANY
Phone 22661 1022 40th St.

VACUUM CLEANER SPECIALTY CO.
Sales—SERVICE—Rentals
ALL MAKES
1722 GRANBY STREET Dial 24962

The J. Newton
FLORISTS
111 W. FREEMASON ST. Phone 24548
Member Florists' Telegraph Delivery

VIRGINIA

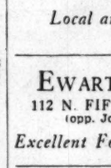
NORFOLK (Continued)

USUAL CONVENIENT TERMS
Willis FURNITURE COMPANY
"Quality Furniture at Popular Prices"
We Solicit the Patronage of Monitor Readers
GRANBY ST., OPP. PLATIRON BLDG.

TOKALON SHOP
Incorporated
Specializing in Ladies' Hosiery, Lingerie, Bags, Jewelry and Novelties
103 COLLEGE PLACE

RICHMOND

High Quality but Not High Priced
JACOBS & LEVY
THE QUALITY SHOP 705 E. BROAD ST.
Men's Apparel
—Kuppenheimer Clothes
—Heywood Shoes
—Knox Hats
Women's Apparel
Townfield and Goldex Tailored Wear.

SMITHFIELD HAM

Beaten Biscuits, Salads, Delicious Pies and Breads. Small Cakes Wrapped Carefully for Mailing. Nut-Bread.
Boston Brown Bread
SARAH LEE KITCHEN
701 West Grace, RICHMOND, VA.

J. FRANK JONES
Interior Furnishings
4th at Grace Dial 32802
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

F. W. DABNEY & Co.
(Broad at Fifth)
Shoes for the Entire Family
ENNA JETTICK 6.00 5.00
for Women
"You need no longer be told that you have an expensive foot."

Didenhover & DuBois
Incorporated
Grace and Second, Richmond, Va.
Correct Feminine Apparel
Watch for REAL VALUE in Bargains Here

INSURANCE
All Lines
THE DAVENPORT INSURANCE CORPORATION
1113 E. Main Dial 2-1671

Goodrich Silvertown
Incorporated
2700 W. BROAD Dial 5-1795
A Scientific Service for Every Car
AIR CONTAINERS! Ask about them!
H. M. BURROUGHS, Manager

HOFHEIMER'S
Reliable Shoes
PRICED MODERATELY
For the little tots and grown-ups.
Complete line of Gotham Gold Stripe Silk Stockings
117 E Broad St. and Broad at Third ta RICHMOND, VA.

BROOKS TRANSFER & STORAGE Co., Inc.
8-12 S. Linden Street, Richmond, Va.
Local and Long-Distance Moving

EWARTS CAFETERIA
112 N. FIFTH Dial 3-4356
(opp. John Marshall Hotel)
Excellent Food at moderate prices

Eclipse Laundry
1519 W. MAIN
Dial 5-4387—5-4388

KNOX *Sparkling* GELATINE
West End Market
117 N. Robinson

F. F. APT FLORIST 218 N. Second Dial 3-9075
Cut Flowers, Plants, etc.

MOSMILLER—Florist
Richmond's
Reliable Florist
115 E. Main Phones Mad. 1117-1118

PRINTING
T. S. LEAKE 6 So. 6th St.
Dial 2-1403
Richmond, Va.

Charming Guest Home
1618 MONUMENT AVE. Dial 4-7524
Large, Airy Rooms With or Without Bath
MEAL SERVICE—(SPECIALTY—
75-Cent Dinner)

ROANOKE

HANCOCK CLAY CO.
JEFFERSON ST. AT FRANKLIN ROAD
"The Best Place to Shop After All"
New Spring Fashions
in Frocks, Coats and Accessories
Ready Now

VIRGINIA

ROANOKE (Continued)

Always the first to show the newest in ladies' Ready-to-Wear, Shoes, Hosiery, etc., at *Popular Prices.*
SPIGELS
27 CAMPBELL AVENUE, WEST

FEET FIRST
Featuring Novelty Styles
Also Corrective Types in Footwear
Propst Childress Shoe Co.

We invite you to visit our new and modern plant.
You will be welcome
Garst Bros. Dairy Inc.
1108-1114 W. SALEM AVENUE
Phones 3414—3415

Fifty Complete Food Markets
MICK OR MACK
CASH TALKS
All 100% locally owned
Roanoke and Vicinity

Hickey-Freeman Suits and Coats
Stetson Hats—Knox Hats
Prices are much lower
BUSH & HANCOCK, Inc.
208 SOUTH JEFFERSON STREET

FALLON, *Florist*
Fine Cut Flowers
ROANOKE, VA.
Phone 1687 210 S. Jefferson St.

Try It for Breakfast
SHREDDED WHEAT
STANLEY'S
110 GRANDIN ROAD

WEST VIRGINIA

CHARLESTON

LOUISE C. CLAYTON
BEAUTY SHOP
Coiffure Reflections
Expert Service and Advice Pertaining to Branches of Beauty Culture
Coyle & Richardson Store
Branch 13 Phone 7700

ELK BAKERY
The Home of
GOOD BAKERY PRODUCTS
CAPITAL 989
S. K. Yarnell, Mgr. 311 Charleston St.

Kanawha Farm Dairy

Grade A Raw Milk	Grade A Pasteurized Milk
Coffee Cream	Whipping Cream
Buttermilk	Chocolate Milk
Cottage Cheese	Fresh Eggs

Phone Capitol 55F13
SARAH S. DAWLEY, Owner

CLARKSBURG

The Elaine Shoppe
A Live Tip
To our friends and customers. We are going to have a sale on our entire stock of ladies' ready-to-wear and millinery, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, April 7th, 8th and 9th.
PHONE 759
223 W. MAIN STREET

The PARSONS-SOUDERS Co.
One of West Virginia's Great Stores
SPECIAL
Ostermoor Inner Spring Mattress, $29.85

STONEWALL JACKSON BEAUTY SALON
MEZZANINE FLOOR
STONEWALL JACKSON HOTEL
THELMA W. COUGHANOR
Phone 4036

ANDERSON'S
The State's Largest Restaurant
407 WEST MAIN
F. H. JOHNSON, Manager

HUNTINGTON

KYOTO INN
JAPANESE RESTAURANT
also
LUNCHEONS and DINNERS
of
AMERICAN DISHES

Imperial
The Cream of All Ice Creams
THE IMPERIAL ICE CREAM CO.
Huntington, W. Va.

SHANK'S OIL CO.
Grateful for patronage, delivers free when in distress and out of gas.
We carry Kelly-Springfield Tires.
Phone 23394

Farmers
CLEANING & PRESSING
Phone 7171 814 SIXTH AVE.

HENRY SHOE COMPANY
915 FOURTH AVENUE
FASHION SHOES OF QUALITY
Huntington 4141
Parkersburg 600
Charleston 7600
BLACK and WHITE CABS

MOOTZ BUTTERNUT and SLICED BREAD
MOOTZ BAKERY
1913 THIRD AVENUE

WEST VIRGINIA

HUNTINGTON (Continued)

Midland Market Bakery
ROLLS
BREADS
PASTRIES
FRESH DAILY MIDLAND MARKET

WHEELING

HOME-PEARL LAUNDRY COMPANY
Launderers and Dry Cleaners
Office 1213 Eoff St., Wheeling, W. Va.
Laundry: Phone 540-472
Dry Cleaning: Phone 4254

Standard Policies, Same Rates With 25% Savings
Local Agency Service
ARMBRECHT
MUTUAL INSURANCE AGENCY
92 16th Street Phone 999

STAR SHOE REPAIRING
36 Eleventh Street
While U Wait Service

HOMESTEAD INN
Under New Management
SPECIAL HOME COOKED LUNCHES AND DINNERS
Open Sundays 12 to 8:00 P. M.
Cor. 15th and Eoff St. Wheeling, W. Va.
Mr. & Mrs. D. M. Francy, Proprietors

Now Is the Time
to consider your spring cleaning. Prices reasonable and first class work. Give us a ring.
Phone WHG. 1207
MULROY VALET SERVICE
66 15TH STREET

"You need no longer be told you have an expensive foot."
$5 ENNA JETTICK $6
SHOES FOR WOMEN
WALTER D. GILBERT CO
20 ELEVENTH STREET

Local Classified

Other Than United States and Canada

Advertisements under this heading appear in this edition only. Rate 1/3 a line. Minimum space three lines, minimum order four lines. (An advertisement measuring three lines must call for at least two insertions.) An application blank and two letters of reference are required from those who advertise under a Rooms To Let or a Post Wanted heading.

ACCOMPANISTS

MISS DOROTHY MARTIN
(L.R.A.M., A.R.C.M.)
3 Cumberland Mansions—West End Lane, London, N. W. 6. Phone Hampstead 3811. Experienced vocal and instrumental accompanist and coach, available for recitals, concerts, at homes and practices.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE

EARLSFIELD HOUSE
31 Courtfield Gardens, London, S. W. 5—Private residential hotel (also suites of rooms), gas fires & rings, constant hot water, good cooking; near tubes & buses; terms moderate. MISS PYNE. Frobisher 3357.

HAMPSTEAD, London, 30 Frognal, Finchley Road—Well-furnished board residence, 20 minutes by bus West End; excellent food & cooking, gas fires, constant hot water. Telephone Hampstead 3157.

KENSINGTON, LONDON, W.
A charming guest house overlooking Kensington Gardens; every comfort; excellent cooking; inclusive terms from 3½ guineas a week. Proprietress, 19 Prince of Wales Terrace W 8 (Phone Western 5021.)

LONDON, 1 BARKSTON GARDENS, KENSINGTON, S. W. 5—Quiet, comfortable guest house, double & single bedrooms, excellent cooking; moderate terms; close Earls Court & Gloucester Rd. stations. Frobisher 2259

LONDON, 3 Hurlingham Gardens, S. W. 6 (Close Putney Bridge Station)—Comfortable bed-sitting rooms, with breakfast, from 30/-; breakfast and dinner from 42/-; small, quiet house.

LONDON, Fleming's Hotel, 10 Kensington Gardens Square, W. 2—Quiet, comfortable, good table, gas fires, constant hot water, from 2½ gns.; bed & breakfast 6/6. Park 6751.

LONDON, NEWTON COURT HOTEL, 33 Leinster Square, Hyde Park, W. 2 (3 mins Whiteleys) Moderate terms. Park 1624 MRS. E. A. NEWTON

LONDON—Comfortable, well furnished bed-sitting rooms with partial or full board; dining room, every convenience; central. 21, Porchester Square, W. 2. Park 9867.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE WANTED

YOUNG gentleman wishes to live with family as paying guest; Christian Scientists preferred; would share flat; London or suburb. Box M-1014, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W.C.2.

BOARD FOR ANIMALS

LONDON—Holiday board and other accommodation under experienced care, offered for all animals. F. J. RICHMOND, 221 Queen's Road, Peckham. S. E. 15 New Cross 0496

BOARD FOR CHILDREN

"THE CHILDREN'S HOME"
Children needing experienced and skilled attention. Write or phone MRS. EDITH BAIN, 92 Wimbledon Hill, London, S. W. 19. Phone Wimbledon 3178

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

LONDON—For sale, residential hotel, West End Square; well furnished, 40 bedrooms, good public rooms; 22 years' lease; owners retiring. Box M-301, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE HOUSES

LONDON Quiet home for study with experienced care. Write or phone THE MISSES BRANFORD & ARMSTRONG, 119 Lansdowne Rd., W. 11. Park 3140

DECORATORS

DECORATIONS
All Household Repairs, etc., of every description, ROBINSON & WILLIAMS, 11 Lower Grosvenor Place, London, S. W. 1. T. N. Vic. 4802.

W.V.Wall 23 Crouch Hill, N. 4. Archway 2050
205 Park Road, N. 8. Tudor 2880

DRESSMAKING

MRS. PEMBERTON
Specialist in dresses, millinery & sportswear at really moderate charges. 128 Crawford St. London, W. 1. Welbeck 9488.

DUPLICATING

Duplicating—Shorthand
Typewriting. Office Staff, etc.
H. CRAIG-KELLY & CO.
20 Copthall Avenue, London, E. C. 2.
Tel. Met. 3180

FACTORY SITES

PARTICULARLY FINE
FACTORY PREMISES
in the heart of the City of London. Well lighted, with Sprinkler installation, power, hoists and all amenities. Total Floor space 30,000 sq. ft 999 years' Lease at £598 per annum Price £30,000. Would let on Lease at £2,500 per annum.
For further particulars apply to
ALLSOP & CO.
15 Soho Sq., London, W. 1. (Gerrard 5847)

FARM PRODUCE

EGGS guaranteed new laid, and fresh country produce supplied direct from English farms; deliveries in N. W. & W. London. BRISTOWE, Huron, Bovingdon, Boxmoor, Herts.

FLATS TO LET

LONDON, Kensington Gardens end of Queens Gate—Lease for disposal or would let furnished very attractive small flat in favourite building; 4 rooms, kitchen, bath; perfect order; many cupboards, constant hot water; liveried porter, passenger lift; sunny, airy and quiet. Box M-846, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

LONDON, Princes Gate—Attractive up-to-date flat, 3 reception, 7-8 bedrooms, 3 bathrooms, constant hot water, central heating, lifts; gardens back & front; porter; garage; rent £800. OWNER, 34 Kensington Gardens, S. W. 7.

LONDON—Well-furnished flat, 1 reception, 2 bedrooms, kitchen, bath (hot water circulator), electric light, phone; 3 gs. weekly; letter only. GOULDING, 6 B Golders Way, N. W. 11.

LONDON, Inverness Terrace — Unfurnished, sunny, 2-roomed flat with bathroom; £130; housekeeper. Box M-509, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

FLATS WANTED

CO. DUBLIN—Unfurnished flat, or part house, standing in own ground, within 10 miles of Dublin, C/o REDDY, 13 Stephen's Green.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

A BEAUTIFUL piano, 70 guinea model, Rockley gold model overstrung grand, for £50 or near. DARBYSHIRE, 3 Vine Villas, Clarendon Rd., South Woodford, London, E. 18.

HOME MADE sweets, chocolates & cakes; small or large orders taken; cafes served. PHYLLIS MATTHEWS, 118 Cholmley Gardens, London, N. W. 6.

GARAGES TO LET

LONDON, Belsize Lane, N. W. 3—To let, space for 2-3 cars in lady's private garage. Box M-627, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

HOMEMADE PRESERVES

PURE HOME MADE JAMS, JELLIES, PICKLES, etc., from the Still Room of the MOYLEN CONFECTIONS, Ltd., Bourne End, Bucks. Price list on application.

HOUSES FOR SALE

DORKING—Freehold detached house, Deepdene Avenue, garage space, main services, 4 minutes station, 3 bed, 2 reception, bathroom; £850. MORGAN, 17 Marloes Road, Kensington, London, W. 8.

LONDON—House for sale suitable for conversion or for letting; near Blackheath and 20 minutes from Charing Cross; 3 large reception, 8 bedrooms and light offices; large garden and space for garage; freehold £1450. Apply THE HOUSE BUREAU, 251 Fulham Road, S. W. 3.

LONDON—Freehold; artistically decorated, 4 bedrooms, 2 reception, large lounge hall; fittings included; near Christian Science church; £1650. STOBBS, 5 Western Ave., GOLDERS GREEN, N. W. 11.

LONDON—For sale, small house adjoining Hyde Park; 3 sitting rooms, open hall, 4 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, small garden; lease 13½ years; £1500. COLONEL KEY, 18, Albion St., W. 2.

LONDON, W.—Attractive residence, 10 rooms, 2 baths; garden, room garage, convertible 2 flats. Box M-432, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

HOUSES TO LET

ESHER, SURREY—Delightful Georgian residence to let furnished, 7 bed, 3 reception and music room; long period; fair rental; electric light. Tel. Esher 702. Clive Place, Esher.

HIGH WYCOMBE & AMERSHAM (between)—To let furnished for short terms, 5-roomed cottage, garage, stabling, central heating & telephone; 3 gns. weekly. Write BM/HBMC, London, W. C. 1.

KEW GARDENS, LONDON—Small well furnished labour-saving house; pretty garden; 4½ guineas weekly. Telephone Primrose 1960.

LONDON—Small modern house to let furnished; available from May till end of September; 6 rooms, kitchen, bathroom, electric light, gas; garage; nice garden; country aspect; 4 guineas per week. MR. CHANDLER, 200 Doyle Gardens, Roundwood Park, N. W. 10. Phone Willesden 3131.

LONDON, Chelsea—Furnished house for the season or six months; 3 reception rooms, 8 bedrooms, 3 bathrooms. Box M-1017, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

LAUNDRIES

IF you are needing a laundry, please telephone Putney 0127. We collect from all parts of London. Our prices are reasonable and our work good. THE CROWN LAUNDRY, Rigault Rd., London, S. W.

OFFICES TO LET

LONDON—Practitioner's office twice weekly; morning 9-1, afternoon 2-7; telephone, electric light, fire, 10/- per week inclusive. MRS. FINN, 16 Overstrand Mansions, Battersea Park, S. W. 11.

PAYING GUESTS RECEIVED

7 BELSIZE SQUARE, HAMPSTEAD, LONDON—Paying guests received in well-furnished, comfortable home; good garden; sunny outlook; near Tube station. MRS. COOK. Phone Primrose 1351.

SLOUGH, Bucks—Paying guests received in lady's comfortable house overlooking Windsor Castle; ideal for overseas visitors. Apply MORCOT EAST, Slough.

PIANO TUNING

LONDON—F. G. MUKLE, Music-Roll Manufacturer for all Piano-Players, & Repairer. 47 Airedale Ave., W. 4. Tel. Shepherds Bush 1358.

POST WANTED

ACTIVE woman seeks position in or near London as sole help to one lady, including simple cookery; is also experienced bookkeeper, banking; share work; solicitor's bookkeeper's routine, filing; very quick and accurate at figures; copy typist. Box M-215, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

CASHIER-BOOKKEEPER desires position Golders Green district; books to trial balance; knowledge French. BENDI, 35 Denman Drive, N. W. 11.

ENGLISH colonel about to retire needs employment; good administrator, organiser and accountant; French and German; staff college graduate. Box M-1011, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

GENTLEMAN with 17 years' experience in Colonies and other countries, used to natives, seeks re-employment in any executive position; home or abroad. Box M-1019, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

GERMAN LADY, knowing English, experienced in housework, cooking, etc., fond of children, desires post as supervisor or housekeeper in home or school in England; Christian Scientists preferred. Box M-1016, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

LADY (35), educated, artistic, seeks part-time or occasional work; secretarial, domestic or any capacity; adaptable, willing, reliable. L., 31a Westbourne Gardens, London, W. 2.

LADY (widow) seeks position school, hotel or club; any duties except cooking; excellent references; interview London. Box M-613, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

LADY seeks post secretary or companion-secretary town or country; experienced shorthand typist. Box K-1235, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

LADY, companion housekeeper, capable, active, willing to be useful. Box M-286, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

NANNIE wishes take first baby from the month; good needlewoman; 8 years' reference. C/o MRS. DUNCAN, The White Lodge, Sevenoaks.

PRACTICAL foreman, mechanical transport; 20 years in charge of 150 delivery vans. HILL, 33 Kingsmead Road, London, S. W. 2.

RECEPTIONIST, retoucher & finisher with high-class experience requires re-engagement; West-end photographer preferred. Write MISS D. GRANT, 63, Babington Road, Streatham, S. W. 16.

REFINED and educated middle-aged man (intellectually young) seeks whole or part-time work; wide commercial and general knowledge; secretarial, office or journeys; very modest pay. J., 31a Westbourne Gardens, London, W. 2.

TRAINEE with services (salary secondary) by paymaster R. N. R.; advertising, estate agency, or established business; experienced, commerce, shipping; travelled; responsible. Box M-1015, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W.C.2.

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHERS

WAITE & COOK, 170 Strand, London (Opposite Bush House). Tel. Temple Bar 5628. DUPLICATING, SHORTHAND & TYPEWRITING. PRIVATE DICTATION ROOM.

ROOMS AND BOARD

HOMELANDS, Dealtry Road, London, S. W. 15—Comfortably furnished sunny, in spacious house, homely; gas fires, own meters, constant hot water, electric light; garden; quiet, countrylike; near buses, parks, trains, all parts City; 20 minutes to Victoria; 1 guinea single, double 35/-; board optional. Phone Putney 5335.

ROOMS TO LET

LONDON, Bayswater—Comfortable divan sitting rooms from 13/6d; gas fires with rings; partial board if desired; foreigners welcomed; English lessons given. Park 7533. MISSES EVANS AND LIVESAY, 36 Colville Terrace, W. 11.

LONDON, West Hampstead—Two unfurnished rooms top floor; also three, one fitted as kitchenette; buses 53, 28, pass road; near station; suit business people. Box M-1013, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

LONDON—Bed-sitting rooms for professional women; divan beds, electric light, gas fires, bath, telephone; close tube & train; rents from 25/- weekly 31 Cunterstone Rd., W. Kensington, W. 14.

LONDON—Two good rooms, George Street, W. 1, first floor, suitable business or residence; rent £110 per annum, or would let furnished. Apply THE HOUSE BUREAU, 251 Fulham Road, S. W. 1.

LONDON—25/-, bed-sitting room & breakfast, comfortable flat; 2 mins. West Kensington Stn. 44 West Kensington Mansions. Fulham 6771.

LONDON—Bedsitting room with kitchenette and use of bath in lady's home; 25/-. 156 Castlenau, S. W. 13.

SERVICE FLATS

LONDON, Earls Court—Attractive service suites (unfurnished); quiet surroundings; from 30/- inclusive. Box M-42, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

STAMPS FOR SALE

FOREIGN STAMPS
Ask for approval sheets. H. WATKINS, 99, Leicester Rd., East Finchley, London, N. 2

TAILORS

AT SAVILE ROW
We build you a hand-made suit for 3 GNS. Pay us a visit, we are sure you will find it an economy to buy the VERY BEST CLOTHES from us at reasonable prices.
ENTICKNAPP & GRIMES
31A SAVILE ROW, LONDON, W. 1
Regent 3467

TEACHERS

ENGLISH to foreigners; specialist in pronunciation; certificated & recommended University of London; examinations in written, spoken English; Phonetics. MISS MONK, 23 Arkwright Road, Hampstead, London.

ENGLISH LESSONS TO FOREIGNERS
Elocution for speakers. AMY FISHER, 113 Gloucester Road, London, S. W. 7.

MADAME FLORENCE METCALF
Teacher of Singing; Special instruction for Broadcasting. Tel. Abercorn 4072. 37 Southwold Mansions, London, W. 9.

MIMOSA DOCKER
is holding instruction classes in ballroom dancing on Monday evenings from 6:30-8, 2/-, at the ANITA SCHOOL OF DANCING (5th floor), Victory House, 99 Regent St., London, W. 1.

MISS MARY HARRISON, L. R. A. M. Visits and receives pupils for pianoforte. Apply 54 Cleveland Rd., South Woodford, London, E. 18.

PIANO and French lessons given by experienced teacher; coaching for French matriculation a speciality; diploma of the "Institut d'études françaises de Tours-ine Université de Poitiers." MISS HOOPER, 5 Chepstow Crescent, London, W. 11.

PRIVATE pianoforte lessons at Chingford and Buckhurst Hill; would also like post as visiting mistress to a school. PHYLLIS JEFFERY, L.R.A.M., 64 Larkswood Rd., Chingford.

TOWN & COUNTRY PROPERTY

Maida Vale & St. John's Wood
Established 1884
MESSRS. SNELL & CO.
L. T. Snell, F.A.I.; S. H. Crosse, F.S.I., F.A.I.; S. P. Bird, F.A.I. P.A.S.I.; C. E. Ralfs,
Auctioneers, Surveyors
Valuers and Estate Agents
47 MAIDA VALE, LONDON, W. 9
(At the corner of Clifton Road and nearly opposite St. John's Wood Road)
Tel. Cunningham 1181 (4 lines)

The House Bureau
(M. A. RYAN)
HOUSES and FLATS
FURNISHED and UNFURNISHED
251 Fulham Road, London, S. W. 3

LONDON

LEYTONSTONE

SPRING CLEANING
BEARMANS
The House of Value
HIGH RD., LEYTONSTONE, E. 11
Tel. Leytonstone 1131 (4 lines)

G. J. HARDY
11 and 12 STATION PARADE
Noted for Hosiery, Gloves
Underwear, Frocks and Blouses
AGENT FOR JAEGER
Telephone: Leytonstone 2873

LONDON

MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU
If the service you wish is not advertised in this issue of The Christian Science Monitor, call Temple Bar 1364, where a bureau of local and national advertisers is maintained.
2 Adelphi Terrace, W. C. 2

LESLEY, LAY & LESLEY TAILORS
and
BREECHES MAKERS.
23, BUCKLERSBURY, E.C.4.
(3 Doors from Mansion House)
CENTRAL 8030. PERSONAL ATTENTION.

GWENETH
Limited
89 HIGH ROAD, WEMBLEY
Phone 0076
MILLINERY
JUMPER SUITS
HOSIERY COATS
FLOWERS

INSURANCE
SERVICE TO ALL
THANK YOU
STANLEY J. PETTINGALL
INSURANCE BROKER
25 Leadenhall St., E. C. Monument 2480
Telephone Nos.: Silverthorn 1899

GENTLEMEN'S TAILOR
Good Clothes at Reasonable Prices
EDMUND BROWN
48 Hans Crescent, S. W. 1 (opp. Harrods) Tel. Sloane 4385
Estab. 70 years

BRYDA,
FLOWERS AND FRUITS,
ARTISTIC FLORAL DESIGNS
We sell DROSTE'S COCOA
Chandos Court, Corner Caxton Street
Westminster Telephone Victoria 9354

CARPETS *and* RUGS
Every Make for Every Purpose
W. H. MINES
96 Newgate Street, E. C. 1. (National 7243)
Close to Post Office Station, C. L. R.
PERSIAN RUGS
10 to 5 Daily, Except Saturdays

HOPE'S LTD.
Furnishing Ironmongery, Cutlery, Woodware, Domestic Requisites. 204 Church Street, Kensington, W. 8. Ph. 1704 Park.
AGENTS FOR DIXON'S SOAP

Ladies' Hairdressing
Experts in Permanent Waving. Shingling, etc.
Haywards
68 Queen's Rd., Bayswater, W. 2
PARK 2615

BURGESS'S LAUNDRY
103 Walmer Rd., North Kensington. W. 10
Phone Park 7211
Depots, 103 Portobello Rd., North Kens.
159 High St., Notting Hill Gate
DYERS & CLEANERS
M. E. REPTON, Manageress

A. E. JAMES
for PERFECT FITTING SHOES
268 WEST END LANE, N. W. 6
Phone HAMPSTEAD 7074
and at
17 The Broadway, Wembley Park
Phone WEMBLEY 2497

PEMBROKE HOUSE LAUNDRY
22 & 24 Stanley Gdns., Acton Vale
Tel. Shepherds Bush, 2520
Speciality Silks & Flannels

EARLEY'S
COAL makes warm friends
135 Westbourne Park Road, W. 2 Park 3700

HAIRDRESSERS
Eugene Permanent Wavers
DAYMARD'S
(Founded 1887)
80-82 Pimlico Rd. (Nr. Sloane Square)
T. N Sloane 1032

TOM HILL
(SLOANE SQUARE) LTD.
TRUNKS, SUIT CASES & TRAVELLING REQUISITES
Umbrellas Re-Covered
44 Sloane Sq. Sloane 8969. Estab. 1870

The Guernsey Cake Shop
HOME MADE CAKES & PASTRIES
Light Luncheons and Afternoon Teas
36 Palmer St., Westminster, S. W. 1

THE SHOP WITH AN OBJECT
Arnall
Loose Covers, Curtains, Household Linens, Fancy Goods, American Hosiery, Bags, Necklaces, etc.
7 HARRINGTON RD., S. W. 7, close SOUTH KENSINGTON STATION, Kensington 7434.

LANGHOLM LAUNDRY
Point Pleasant, Putney Bridge Rd. S. W. 18
PUTNEY 0549

DAY & EVENING GOWNS
TAILOR-MADES
MILLINERY, BLOUSES, COATS, FURS, etc.
MAISON POMPADOUR
A STORE
4 WILLIAM ST., KNIGHTSBRIDGE, S. W. 1
(Opp. Woollands) Phone Sloane 3510

LONDON

LONDON
(Continued)

J. BRILLIANT
Jeweller, Silversmith & Certified Watchmaker
23 QUEENS ROAD, W. 2
A great variety of Watches and Jewellery of best Quality only. Cash sent by return for old Jewellery, Old Gold, Silver and Ornaments. All kinds of Property bought.
Established 42 years.

ARTHURS STORES
WESTBOURNE GROVE
Best Quality Goods Only
MEAT
FISH AND POULTRY
GROCERY AND PROVISIONS
COOKED MEATS
BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY
FRUIT, FLOWERS, VEGETABLES, RESTAURANT CATERING
Branches:
Coulthurst—3 Hereford Road, Bayswater
Lidstone—37 Thurloe Pl., So. Kensington
Hall & Co.—63, Long Acre, W. C.

Inexpensive HATS
Models or made to measure by
JENYVEN
JEAN STEWART & MARIANNE NIVEN
at 38 BEAUCHAMP PLACE, S. W. 3
They also stock
Furnishing and Decorating materials
Barcley Corsets which are individually made

"A Bargain in Every Purchase" is the slogan adopted by
Bradley & Perrins Ltd.
who supply only the best and most reliable goods at moderate prices.
General Fancy and Furnishing Drapers
357, 359, 361, 363, 365, 367 & 369 Harrow Road, Paddington, London, W. 9

LANGFIER STUDIOS
COURT PHOTOGRAPHERS
643 & 645 FINCHLEY ROAD, LONDON, N.W. 3.
5428 & 5429 HAMPSTEAD

The ART STORES Ltd.
(E. J. WILLSON & SONS)
53 Sloane Sq. and 101 Pimlico Rd.
Stationery and Die Stamping
Pictures
Artist Materials
Lending Library
Stationery
Cards
Inexpensive Gifts

INCOME TAX
RECOVERED and ADJUSTED
Consult MISS H. M. BAKER
275 High Holborn, London, W. C. 1
Income Tax Returns, Super Tax Returns, Repayment Claims of all descriptions, including those for British subjects resident abroad. Telephone Holborn 0377.

TROUSSEBUX A SPECIALITY
Lucille Burney Lingerie
2571 MAIDA VALE
14 CARLTON VALE N.W.6

F. WARREN & CO.'S
WARRANTED
COALS
Drayton House, Gordon St., W. C. 1
(Facing Euston Station)
Phone Museum 0732-3-4
Please mention The Christian Science Monitor

HERBERT B. PIKE
Court Hairdresser
Permanent Waving
Steam Process. No Heater System.
68 Gloucester Rd., S. W. 7
(St. George's Court)
Tel. Western 2233
Potter & Moore's Mitcham Lavender

Mrs. V. C. MARKS
Specialises in Tailor Mades
SPORTS CLOTHES, HATS, EVENING FROCKS, BAGS
115b Park Street, W. 1

MADELINE VENTRIS
BEAUTY SALON & MANICURE
Cleansing Creams & Powders Sold
Victory House, 99 Regent St., W. 1
(Regent 4645) Entrance Swallow St.

IONLITE SIGNS
NEON TUBES, all designs for all businesses; 23 shades; burns 1/5 of bulb signs; floral & decorative work of all descriptions carried out; cash or terms; nothing too big, nothing too small; send for particulars. Box M-860, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

The AMERICAN BOOK SUPPLY CO. LTD. 86 STRAND W.C.
ENGLISH BOOKS ALSO SUPPLIED
Phone: TEMPLE BAR 7128

PERMANENT WAVING
ETHEL OAKLEY Ltd.
Beauty Specialists & Hairdressers
50 BEAUCHAMP PLACE, S. W. 3
Close to Harrods. Phone Sloane 6341

Cutler MODEL MILLINERY Phone MAYFAIR 4195
Roxbur Che House, 273 Regent Street W.1.

UPHOLSTERY
Loose Covers *Curtains*
Pelmets *Furniture Repairs*
A. J. WHATLING
31 Grafton Rd., Kentish Town, N. W. 5
Phone Gulliver 2887

A HENNING
61 George St.
Portman Sq.
Welbeck 7858
Antiques
Also Modern China & Glass Useful Presents

For Day & Evening Wear
COATS and GOWNS
MISS BANHAM
10 CASPER MEWS
COURTFIELD GDNS., S. W. 5

MILDRED CARTER
Artist in Millinery
REMODELLING A SPECIALITY
Victory House, 99 Regent St., W. 1
Entrance in Swallow St. (Regent 4645)

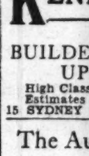
LONDON

LONDON
(Continued)

The BOWMAL Bed Settee

A thoroughly practical and comfortable Settee Bed attractive in appearance and easily converted. Can be made in any wood.
Solid fumed Oak, iron frame, wire spring mattress, 3 ft. 3 in. x 6 ft. 1 in. complete with woollen flock squab in Cretonne. 3 Cretonne pillows, canvas platform, and valance.
BOWEN & MALLON
163-167 Finchley Road, N. W. 3

"MASCOT" FOOTJOY SHOES
from 28/
Charles H. Baber
140 REGENT ST., W.1

Herbert Entwisle
TAILOR

BREECHES MAKER
LIVERIES
Telephone Mayfair 3137
12 GEORGE STREET
HANOVER SQUARE
LONDON, ENGLAND

CANTILEVER
"The Shoe with a Flexible Arch"

Comfort obtained by correct Shoe Fitting and Natural Foot Form
Your friends are satisfied—ask them.
COVENTRY SHOE CO. Ltd.
23 Coventry St., Piccadilly Circus, W.1

Lay & Moreton Ltd.
LADIES' COURT HAIRDRESSERS
EXPERT PERMANENT WAVERS
POSTICHEURS
MANICURE
Tel. Regent 4782
60 CONDUIT STREET *Ground Floor*
LONDON, W. 1

BRITANNIC CARBON COMPANY
E. C. H. HENDERY
Carbons, Typewriter Ribbons, Typewriting, Duplicating, Office Stationery, Printing, etc.
TRANSLATIONS
Phone National 2985
17 Gresham Street, London, E. C. 2

"Your Dress at Your Price"
THE SPHINX
DRESS SPECIALISTS
27 Eccleston Street, Eaton Square, S. W. 1
Sloane 3180
Tel. FLAXMAN 5265

KENDALL & SONS
(CHELSEA) Ltd.
BUILDERS—DECORATORS
UPHOLSTERERS
High Class Work in Town or Country. Estimates and advice willingly given.
15 SYDNEY STREET, CHELSEA, S. W. 3

The Austin Cleaning Co.
(MISS AUSTIN)
4 Little Sussex Place, Hyde Park W. 2
Paddington 3535
SPRING CLEANING
Wearing Apparel and Household Furnishings and Carpets
French Cleaned or Dyed at Moderate Charges.

FURNITURE REPAIRS
of Every Description
BEDDING REMADE
M. GUTTERIDGE
4, HOLBEIN PLACE Phone, Sloane 3039
SLOANE SQUARE, LONDON, S. W. 1

Women's Sportswear Manufacturer
with established trade wishes to represent in United States a foreign line of better grade suits and sweaters.
ST. LEON
1410 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, N. Y.

Day & Evening Gowns—Blouses
Evelyn Malcolm
51 South Molton Street, W.1.
Telephone Mayfair 3904

Telephone Regent 1776
A. MILLAR ROBINSON
TAILOR
2 Kingly Street, Regent Street
Back of Robinson & Cleaver's
London, W. 1

FREEMAN, HARDY & WILLIS Limited
FTHW FOOTWEAR FOR ALL
231 BROMPTON ROAD, S. W. 3
106 SOUTHAMPTON ROW, W. C. 1
19 BROADWAY, HAMMERSMITH

FULLER'S DOMESTIC LAUNDRY
3 York Road, Wimbledon, S. W. 19
"We serve to Deserve"
HIGH-CLASS FAMILY TRADE
Phone Wimbledon 3384

BUILDING DECORATING
Best Work—Moderate Prices
J. D. HOBSON Ltd.
2 Duke Street, W. C. 2 Temple Bar 1360

LONDON

LONDON
(Continued)

T. W. Winter
Ladies Tailor & Furrier
Smart coats made from ladies own cloth. Perfect fit.
Furs Cleaned & Remade
57 Marloes Road, Kensington.

Revilo-Powell
COURT DRESSMAKER
36 GEORGE STREET PORTMAN SQUARE W. 1
Tel. Wel. 1741

Fingringhoe Farm Shop
Limited
London Depot: 76 & 77 Buckingham Gate, S. W. 1
Surrey Chickens, New Laid Eggs, Fresh Butter, Fruit, Vegetables, Cut Flowers, Home-made Jam, Marmalade, Bottled Fruits, Chutney, etc., delivered punctually.
Phone: Victoria 5670

MUSWELL HILL
GOWNS
Models created on the premises to suit individual requirements.
Mde. Leighton
E. W. ELLIOT
2 & 3 Victoria Parade, N. 10 TUDor 1391

NORWOOD
A. E. BLAY
Ladies' & Gentlemen's Tailor
469 Norwood Rd., West Norwood, S. E. 27
Phone Streatham 0647 and at
31-33 High Holborn, W. C. 1
Phone Chancery 7795

UPPER NORWOOD
WilliamsonS
THE HOUSE OF QUALITY FOR GROCERIES and PROVISIONS
Family Trade—Prompt Attention—Efficient Service—Ask for complete price list as a guide to economical shopping.
14 WESTOW HILL Ph. Sydenham 2506/7

WEST NORWOOD
DAYS
H. DAY & SONS, Ltd.
Furniture & Removals & Storing
A Complete Service
West Norwood, S. E. 27
Phone Streatham 7520-1-2
and at Beckenham 1078
and Norbury. Pollards 2364

AGENT FOR *"K"* SHOES
LOTUS & DELTA
DIANA & CLARK'S "TOR" BRAND FOOTWEAR
McCANN & SON
Opposite St. Luke's Church
KNIGHTS HILL, WEST NORWOOD, S. E. 27
Phone Streatham 2071

PUTNEY
R. W. SAVAGE
& COMPY.
DRAPERS & HOUSE FURNISHERS
REMOVAL CONTRACTORS
Estimates free
FIREPROOF DEPOSITORIES
79-93 High St., Putney, S. W. 15
317-325 Putney Bridge Rd., S. W. 15

FLOWERS
from
C. H. BASTIN
(F. T. D. A. FLORIST)
277 Upper Richmond Rd., S. W. 15
Telephone *(always available)* Putney 4842

MISS DORNE
Invites Ladies and Children for
HAIRDRESSING
to 151a Upper Richmond Road, S. W. 15
(few doors from Putney High Street)
Careful Permanent Waving by Steam Process. Children a Speciality.
Phone Putney 1717.

HOME MADE CAKES & PRESERVES
Molly's
AFTERNOON TEAS
204A UPPER RICHMOND ROAD SWIS
PUPILS TAKEN PUTNEY 7488

HORNBY & CLARKE'S
DAIRIES
Head Office: 12 The Quadrant, Richmond and at
PUTNEY, BARNES, SHEEN, EALING, Etc.
Licensed Producers of Certified Milk

IRONSIDE'S STORES
Rinso 2 SIZES
Grocers & Provision Merchants
59-59a HIGH STREET
Fulham: Tel. Putney 0620

SOUTHFIELDS
Crosse & Blackwell
FOOD PRODUCTS
W. SCOTT
High-Class Grocery & Provisions
17 Replingham Road, Southfield S., S. W.
Tel. Putney 4538

STREATHAM
COOPERS
ERNEST A COOPER
Grocery and Provision Specialists
178 HIGH RD., STREATHAM, S. W. 16
6 & 8 UPPER MULGRAVE RD., CHEAM
Telephones Streatham 2366-2367, Sutton 1732

WOTTON & DEAN Ltd.
165 High Road, Streatham, S. W. 16
Phone Streatham 0244
349 Balham High Road, S. W.
Phone Streatham 1730
Purveyors of the country's best meat
Best brands of imported meat.

TOOTING
Ladies' Lingerie & Hosiery
F. & A. FISHER
34 HIGH ST., TOOTING
The recognised local shop for Ladies' Children's and Infants' Complete Outfitting
TELEPHONE STREATHAM 6736

IRELAND

BELFAST
Stormonth's Stores
43-45 ANN STREET, BELFAST
For High Class Groceries, Provisions, Confectionery, Fruit, etc.
We stock Peek Frean's and Jacob's Biscuits and Yorkshire Relish.

IRELAND

BELFAST
(Continued)

James
19-27 Lombard Street
BELFAST
HAND TAILORS to LADIES *and* GENTLEMEN
Excellent Work—Moderate Prices
Agents for "DEXTER" RAINCOATS

Erskine Mayne
3 Donegall Square West
Books, Best Souvenirs: Irish Authors, Charming Books
The Shop for Road Maps and Guides.

PARSONS & PARSONS
SOLE MAKERS OF THE
"Carlingford" Autocoat
From Fringed Blankets and Shawls
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Tailors
37 WELLINGTON PLACE, BELFAST

FOR BEAUTIFUL LAUNDRY WORK *Try*
Devonshire Laundry Ltd.
RAVENHILL AVENUE, BELFAST
PHONES 6663 and 6664
"THE LAUNDRY OF REPUTE"

JOHN NEILL'S COAL
46 QUEEN STREET, BELFAST
Branch Offices, 3 and 4 Queen's Quay
Telephones 221 and 222 Est. 1860

Robert Watson & Co., Ltd.
HIGH-CLASS FURNISHERS
EXTENSIVE DESIGNS
MODERATE PRICES
90-92-94 Donegall Street, BELFAST

BELL & LOGAN LTD.
BODONI HOUSE, LINENHALL STREET
Printers, Stationers, Bookbinders
Barlock and Barlet All-British Typewriters, Duplicators, Steel Office Furniture.
Milner's Safes.
Phones BELFAST 5573, 5574

DUBLIN
Switzers
Circulating Library
Worked in conjunction with "Times Book Club." London. Subscriptions from a guinea per annum.
SWITZER & CO., Ltd., Grafton St. Dublin

J.F. KEATINGE & SONS LTD.
42 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN
Unsurpassed as
HOME DECORATORS
Our WALLPAPER Showrooms are unique

LUCAN DAIRY MILK
IN SEALED BOTTLES
Cream, Butter, Eggs
Ice Cream
PARKGATE STREET, DUBLIN
Telephone 23036

PHOENIX LAUNDRY
RUSSELL STREET, DUBLIN
Established over 30 years
The Only Laundry in the Free State that can offer the Public 3 services.
For full particulars:
Send Postcard or phone Drumcondra 28

DIXON & HEMPENSTALL
Optical Instruments
12 SUFFOLK ST., DUBLIN

STEPHENS & BOURKE
Limited
For Ladies' Dainty Shoes
Agents for "Norvic" and "Lotus"
26 STEPHEN'S GREEN, DUBLIN

HELY'S—Dame Street
Stationery, Printing, Fount Pens, Sports Goods, High Class Fishing Tackle, Dog Requisites.
GOOD SERVICE

QUALITY & FLAVOUR HAFNER'S SAUSAGES
50 South Gt. George's St., Dublin
and 5 P. O. Bldgs., Henry St.

S. CALDWELL
Grocer and Purveyor
110 Upper Leeson Street, Dublin
Phone Dublin 61420

CHANCELLOR'S
CELEBRATED WATCHES
7 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN

"SAY IT WITH FLOWERS"
M. & G. JAMESON
FLORISTS
21 Nassau Street, Dublin, Ireland
Agents: Carters Tested Seeds
Telegrams: "Shamrock Dublin"
Phone 61473

W.G.GIBSON
Specialist in
SILKS, DRESS FABRICS *and* LADIES' HOSIERY
26 WICKLOW STREET

W. LEON
24 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN
Large Variety of Evening and Afternoon Frocks, Coats, Costumes and Furs

MISS A. PYNT
(Late of Switzer's)
BEAUTY SPECIALIST
17c DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN
Permanent Waving and Setting
Telephone 61809

RATHFARNHAM
MILK
HUGHES BROTHERS LTD
HAZELBROOK DAIRY
RATHFARNHAM

DAILY FEATURES

PATHFINDERS

Lydia Maria Child

1802—1880

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

Born at Medford, Mass. Her literary career began when she published her first story at the age of 17. Short stories and books that followed placed her as one of the literary leaders of that time.

After hearing Garrison speak she became an ardent Abolitionist and through the years that followed her pen fought valiantly for the cause of anti-slavery.

But it is not her interest in anti-slavery that makes her eligible for this series of articles.

In 1826 she founded the "Juvenile Miscellany" the forerunner of "Harper's Young People."

The First Juvenile Publication in the United States

Did You Know That—

(Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor)

More trains in England are said to travel at 55 miles per hour and over than in any other country?

The original manuscript of the "Star-Spangled Banner" is valued at $500?

Federal courts have no jurisdiction over questions regarding daylight saving laws such as the one in Massachusetts?

Members of the efficient British police force receive $18 a week and there is always a waiting list ready to join the ranks?

It costs the United States Government one cent to make a dollar bill?

It takes a force of 27 window-washers over two weeks to clean the 2900 windows in the Empire State Building?

The Hong Kong territory was ceded by China to Great Britain in 1841?

Registry of motorboats in the United States for 1931 showed a total of 158,531?

The life insurance industry is the biggest single investing agency in the United States?

Approximately 75,000,000 seed catalogues are mailed to prospective customers each year?

In Lighter Vein

The Enthusiast

First Golfer: "Shall we play another round next Monday?"

Second Golfer: "Well, I was to be married on Monday—but I'm sure we can arrange it."—*Montreal Star.*

Constantly

"Did you ever hear from that money you loaned your neighbor?"

"I should say I did. He bought a radio with it."

Not So Specific

Visitor (at station): "Is this the 3:15 train?"

Station Agent: "We've nothin' so precise es thet, sir. We jest calls 'er the afternoon train."—*Newport Recruit.*

More Howlers

A deacon is a mass of inflammable material placed in a prominent position to warn the people.

A litre is a nest of young puppies.

Expanded the Story

"How is the new comedian?"

"He's so big they can't write a story around him."

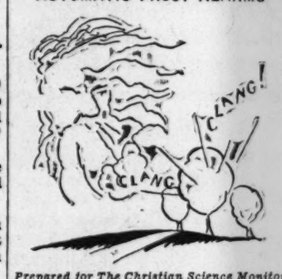
Once In a Lifetime

Editor: "Why on earth did you accept this story?"

Assistant: "We're all out of rejection slips."—*Pathfinder.*

Worth Knowing

AUTOMATIC FROST ALARMS



Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

Citrus growers on the Pacific coast have frost alarms which automatically ring whenever the temperature suddenly drops to 32 degrees. This warning enables the fruit growers to drop their other work and set smudge pots flaring, which provide a protective smoke blanket for the trees.

The Christian Science Monitor's

Quotation for Today

THOUGHTFULNESS has an instinct for seeing the little things that need to be done, and then for doing them.—RUSKIN

The Diary of Snubs, Our Dog

Last night the Boss was playing with his marbles and every now and then Sponge would dash out from behind a chair and chase after them—
Then she'd run and hide behind something else and get ready to do it all over again—
And the Boss seemed to think it was great fun—
But I tried the same trick this afternoon when he and Simmie were playing in the back yard—
And wow! what a bawling out I did get! Some things certainly are a puzzle, all right—

Drawn by a Staff Artist of The Christian Science Monitor

"I Record only the Sunny Hours"

Their Daily Bread

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

Sacramento, Calif.

ON A recent trip to this city, the writer, while seated at a table in a combination restaurant-bakery, noticed a stream of poorly clad men coming in the door of the bakery in front.

Upon inquiry she learned that all the bread, rolls, and cake left over from the day before were given out free from morning until night. This practice, and the giving of meals had been the custom of the place for many years, and even with the increased demands due to present-day conditions, none were turned away.

The place had a well-established following, with courteous service, reasonable prices and good values—all in keeping with the spirit of giving.

A Word a Day

Notes and Queries

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

Lydda, Æneas, Saron, Joppa, Tabitha, Dorcas (S. R.)—The first is pronounced *Lid'-a* (*i* short, *a* as in *sofa*).

The second is preferaby *E-ne'-as* (first *e* "quick-long" as in descend, second more sustained as in *key*, *a* clipped as in *account*).

The third, a variation of "Sharon," is *Say'-ron* (*a* long, *o* short). Not *Sahr'-run.*

The fourth is *Jah'-pa* (first *a* as in *arm*, second as in *sofa*). This Biblical town in Palestine is now known as "Jaffa."

The fifth is *Tab'-ih-tha* (first *a* short, *i* also short, second *a* as in *sofa*).

The last is *Dor'-kas* (*o* as in *orb*, *a* as in *sofa*).

Nahum—Sound the *h*, *Nay'-hum* (long *a*, short *u*). Not *Nay'-um.*

Variableness—Five syllables, and first *a* long, *vay'-rih-a-b'l-ness* (*i* short, second *a* as in *sofa*, *e* short). Avoid *vehr'-ih-b'l-nuss.*

Trode—Archaic past tense of "tread"; sound it with long *o.*

Vengeance—Two syllables, *ven'-janse* (*e* short, *a* clipped as in *account*).

Valiantly—Three syllables, *val'-yant-ly* (first *a* short, second as in *account*). Not *vah'-lih-ant-ly* or *val'-yunt-ly.*

Statement—Make it *-ment*, not *-munt.*

Correlated—*Kor'-e-layt-ed* (secondary stress on third syllable; *o* short as in *cot*—the syllable sounding nearly as *cahr*—first *e* and the *a* long, second *e* short). Not *co'-re-lay-ted.*

Relinquish—The *n* is as in *ink*, *re-ling'-kwish.*

Esse—Latin for "to be." Sound it *es'-e* (first *e* short, second as in descend).

Evangelist—*E-van'-jel-ist* (first *e* as in descend, *a* short, second *e* clipped as in novel, *i* short). Not *eh-van'-jul-ist.*

Note: First choice in Webster's New International Dictionary is accepted as authority for pronunciation.—Ed.

Brevities

Life: Anyone who can raise enough of a campaign fund to run on should make a fairly good President.

Montreal Star: A famous chess player says he hasn't played for five years. Still, it may be his move again any minute now.

Golf-O-Grams

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

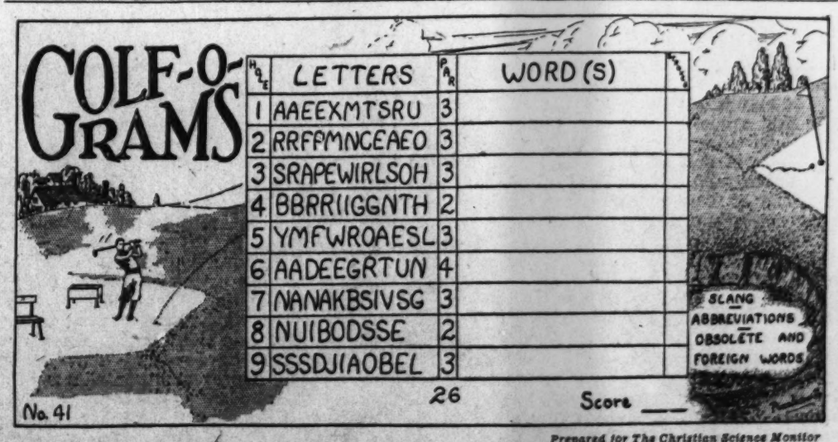
No. 39

(Published March 21, 1932)

Winners:

Mrs. W. H. du Moulin, Bridgeport, Conn.
John S. Rockwood, Portland, Ore.
Julian Warren, Napa County, California.
Miss Madeline Wilson, New York City.

Hole	Letters	Par	Word(s)	Strokes
1.	EEIOHTRSN	3	Sheet-iron	1
2.	TTTADUYHCMOSE	3	Mustache Dotty Mateth Custody Scatted Mouthy.	2
3.	OOURTDNHAUBT.	4	Turnabout Had Outbound Hart Doth Runabout.	2
4.	BEGHINORSSTTU.	4	Brightness Out But Shoe-string Those Bursting Shores Butting.	2
5.	IIIYTLBOFOSSP	2	Possibility Of	2
6.	KNGLYSYREECVII	2	Kingly Service Slicking Every	2
7.	CDOEATRIVE	3	Decorative	1
8.	DRRECODUBTEG.	3	Budged Rector Budget Record	2
9.	NFDEERTAOI	2	Federation	1
		26		15



Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor

RULES: The letters shown for each hole are to be used in forming words, which should be written in the designated spaces. Each word counts as a stroke, and each letter left over counts as a stroke.

If you beat par send in your score and list of words to the Feature Editor. The lowest score and list of words will be published with the winner's name two weeks from today.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BOSTON, MONDAY, APRIL 4, 1932 — *"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear"* — PUBLISHED BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

Editorial Board of The Christian Science Monitor

The Editorial Board as constituted by The Christian Science Board of Directors for The Christian Science Monitor is composed of Mr. Willis J. Abbot, Contributing Editor; Mr. Roland R. Harrison, Manager of The Christian Science Publishing Society; Mr. James E. Patton, member of the Board of Trustees of The Christian Science Publishing Society, and Mr. Frank L. Perrin, Executive Editor. It is the duty of the Editorial Board to consider and determine all questions within the Editorial Department of The Christian Science Monitor, and also to carry out the stated policy of The Christian Science Board of Directors relative to the entire news and editorial content of the paper. Each member of said Editorial Board shall have equal responsibility.

All communications regarding the conduct of this newspaper, articles and illustrations for publication should be addressed to the Editorial Board of The Christian Science Monitor.

EDITORIALS

Arms Bondage Rooted in Fear

THAT fear helps to determine many national policies in Europe is an unquestionable fact which has a considerable bearing on the Disarmament Conference. One could name country after country which behaves as though it expects to be attacked by its neighbor at no distant date.

This kind of fear is unreasoning. In some cases, a good deal could be said in defense of an attitude of vigilance, but in other cases one vainly seeks to justify apprehensions.

In a recent article, Mr. William Martin of the Journal de Genève properly remarks that a number of states which it might be supposed would be uneasy seem altogether exempt from fear. Thus the northern nations, such as Finland, Latvia and Estonia, do not live in perpetual dread of Russia. Turkey and Greece, hereditary enemies, are on good terms. Holland is not frightened of Germany, nor Spain of France, nor Portugal of Spain.

All of these countries could find just as good reasons for being timorous as other European countries. It does not seem to matter whether a country is strong or weak; it may equally be a victim to fear. Russia, for example, is immense and virtually unassailable. Yet there is no doubt that it thinks itself menaced.

France is another powerful European nation—perhaps the most powerful of all. It has a conscript army—the whole of its man power serving under the flag. It has good natural defenses and consolidated fortifications. It has remarkable air forces. It has the prestige of victory. Yet France is always asking for security and genuinely believes that it lives in a condition of insecurity.

Poland again would seem to be relatively strong, but it is troubled by the German demand for the revision of the Danzig Corridor. It prepares against any eventuality on either the German or the Russian side. It would be laughable were it not tragic to find on the other side of the border the Germans just as apprehensive of a Polish attack as the Poles are of a German attack.

A flamboyant article, or an irresponsible book, and between France and Italy there is another outburst of ill-humor. Italy has come to suppose itself menaced on one side by France, and on the other side by Yugoslavia. In turn, Yugoslavia thinks it is threatened by Italy and by Hungary and Bulgaria. Bulgaria discovers that it is surrounded by Greeks, Yugoslavs, and Roumanians. Roumania is alarmed at the proximity of Bulgaria and Hungary, to say nothing of Russia.

It is no exaggeration to say that, with certain exceptions, European countries exist in an unceasing distrust of each other. Their policies are influenced by this fear, and at the same time perpetuate fear. Disarmament becomes extremely difficult, though it should be a mere matter of common-sense arrangement. Moreover, if military disarmament is difficult, and financial burdens are thus needlessly accumulated, economic disarmament is equally hard to effect, though the encouragement of exchanges between European countries is primarily and profoundly necessary.

The elimination of fear is then one of the most important objects to which European statesmen could devote their energies. On such elimination depends the well-being of the continent.

Two Sides to the Art Question

THE exhibition of French paintings in London has attracted a third of a million visitors, and started a lively controversy in the press on the proper methods of art.

One school of thought holds that a picture should give a reasonably accurate idea of the outward appearance of its subject. It believes that a satisfactory painting of a motorcar, for example, will look sufficiently like a motorcar to prevent the casual observer from confusing it with a picture of Oxford winning the Rugger match or Queen Victoria gathering daisies.

On the other side it is urged that accuracy of this sort is of no account, and that to say of a picture that it looks like nothing on earth is probably a compliment. All that matters, it is held, is that a painting should be a harmonious and pleasing arrangement of lines, colors, and patterns.

The man in the street is undoubtedly behind the first school of theorists But it is well to remember that much of the finest art in the world, from ancient Egypt to Mr. Epstein, is not photographically accurate. It is said that a friend of Turner's, on being shown one of that master's pictures, made the observation, "I have never seen a sunset like that." To which Turner very properly answered, "But don't you wish you had?"

This disagreement about the virtues of realism does not affect painting only. It is rife in the theater and cinema. Most theatrical and film productions seek to be realistic to the last degree; but on the other hand there is the work of Craig and some rather radical producers of films to be considered. To the outside observer the reconciliation of these disagreements seems to be easy.

A theory is known by its results in practice. And in practice both theories have been amply justified by producing works of great and acknowledged beauty. They both err only in declaring that the other is necessarily and always wrong.

Another Dollar Raid Ends

THANKS to the sober view that has now come over the House of Representatives, the brief raid on the dollar is over, and the third dollar exchange upset in the last six months has been dissipated as rapidly as it arose.

Raids on the dollar were fairly familiar in pre-war days when the United States was a net debtor to Europe. The United States relied upon foreign capital for its continental development. Whenever the owners of that capital became frightened they started to withdraw their money, thereby causing a setback to American business. Between 1890 and 1894, for instance, the American gold reserve dropped from $190,000,000 to $65,000,000, and one of the chief reasons was the recall of British funds.

But the United States is now a net creditor. For the most part, the old pre-war debts have been paid off. American citizens have bought about $17,000,000,000 of foreign bonds; the American Government is owed another $10,000,000,000 in war debts; and American manufacturers have invested about $2,000,000,000 in factories abroad. In view of this great total, say $30,000,000,000, it might be wondered why there should be the same kind of worry about foreign withdrawals as there was in pre-war days, when the United States was really vulnerable.

The fact is that, in spite of this huge credit, the United States does owe to foreigners a considerable amount of money, which, moreover, differs in category and is governed by a different psychology from American holdings abroad.

Foreign holdings in the United States are not in the main represented by bond holdings and equities which cannot be translated easily into cash. They take the form of bank balances and investments for short periods. Indeed, when America's gold holdings reached the record of $5,000,000,000, President Hoover stated that of this colossal figure $2,000,000,000 could be accounted for in this way. The point to be observed is that much of the foreign money mentioned by President Hoover has already departed from American shores.

This is not the only encouraging aspect of America's gold situation. Legislation has recently been enacted which makes it much less vulnerable than many people assume. Under the Glass-Steagall Act, which enables the Federal Reserve System partly to back the Federal Reserve note issue with Government securities, the "free gold" of the United States, or the gold available for export, was increased by more than $750,000,000, being at present about $1,250,000,000 altogether.

Moreover, the United States is the only country in the world where gold remains actually in circulation. True, it takes the form of gold notes or certificates, but these are equivalent to gold, as they have been backed dollar for dollar with metal put by in the Federal Reserve vaults. Over a quarter of a billion of such notes are now in circulation. At a pinch their place could be taken by Federal Reserve notes, which require only 40 per cent gold backing.

With so much gold available, the Federal Reserve remained the least worried of anybody about the threat of another raid on the dollar, reducing the rate at which it would buy commercial bills on the very day that the exchanges started to turn against the United States.

New Cars and New Purposes

IT IS much more than the traditional gesture of welcome to spring that finds the American automobile industry launched today upon the most intensive sales campaign in its history. Behind the drive which started with such momentum a few days ago is an attitude that reflects a new kind of industrial thinking, one that contains a vital promise for a sounder and more substantial economic order.

The primary object of the effort to get those who can afford it to buy cars is not immediate profit for those who manufacture them. Motorcar manufacturers are without illusions on the subject of profits at the moment. They realize there can be but small hope for substantial earnings until some degree of economic equilibrium is restored.

The first step in that direction is recognized to be the creation of employment for the millions now idle. Even President Hoover has displayed his interest in the possibilities along this line by saying:

> There is nothing that provides widespread employment more than automobile construction. Every person contemplating buying a new car this year can make a real contribution to employment by putting in his order now, even though he does not take immediate delivery.

To meet its share of the common responsibility of all business enterprise toward employment, the automobile industry is willing temporarily to forgo hope of profit. That attitude is to be detected in the words of Henry Ford relative to the prices of his new car: "I'll say candidly we have quit figuring costs on the car. The more you figure costs the higher the price goes, and this is no time for high prices."

That other manufacturers, too, are giving more attention to what it will take to get the car into the buyer's hands than what it will take to produce the car is evidenced in the reduced prices, new mechanical features and renewed sales efforts which are engaging attention especially in the lowest priced field. General Motors, with new prices on its Chevrolet and Pontiac, is arousing interest with special motor shows in fifty-five cities. Walter P. Chrysler has advertised his intention to compete in the low price field even more actively with his Plymouth.

Nor is the competition limited to price or price classes. One after another these and other manufacturers have spurred each other on with engineering improvements in cars for the millions—six-cylinder motors, four-wheel brakes, a new engine mounting, free wheeling, and now an eight-cylinder motor by the pioneer in the mass production method. And in the higher-priced fields also manufacturers are continually vying with each other to give the buyer the most for his money.

The phenomenon the world is witnessing in the current performance of the automobile industry is in some measure a dispossession of selfishness from its hold on business thinking. The pessimistic may insist that it is but temporary and that there will be a relapse to the old attitude as soon as conditions improve. Yet, today at least the world is seeing the ideal ratified as the only practical attitude for the business community.

And in promoting the sale of the new cars the manufacturers are proclaiming again that the soundest immediate use for capital is to create buying by first creating buyers.

Women and Disarmament

WHILE the men delegates to the Disarmament Conference in Geneva have been wrestling, more or less successfully, with the possibilities of international understanding in regard to armaments and armed forces, the women of the "Shadow Conference" have arrived at an agreement.

They have issued an international "Peace Policy," and sent it on its rounds for ratification, and the fact is good to hear.

The "Shadow Conference" represents, in the fullest sense, the organized women of the world. Its members come as delegates from fifteen of those great international organizations which have branches in nearly every country, and have been enrolled into the service of an emergency body which, as the Women's Disarmament Committee, has now become of world-wide importance.

Women desire peace. They desire it with a fervency which recognizes no material sacrifice as too great in order to obtain it.

More than one of the international organizations concerned in the Women's Disarmament Committee has this year abandoned the holding of its own periodical conference in order that funds might be devoted instead to the peace work at Geneva.

After the initial activity of the committee had been accomplished—after, that is, it had successfully presented the 8,000,000 signatures of the Peace Declarations and Petitions to the Disarmament Conference, and had added to those signatures a further 1,000,000 collected after the actual presentation had been made, people began to ask whether it had not done all that could usefully be done, and whether it would not do wisely to disband. But the committee itself knew better.

In issuing its "Peace Policy" the women have laid down specific proposals of a technical character, but they have done more than this. They have drawn attention to the fact that, in every instance, practical disarmament and moral disarmament must go together, and that women are the people most likely to see the latter established.

No satisfactory agreement in regard to disarmament, they have argued, is likely to be reached without the assistance and support of women. If reached, it would never be held to, for the simple reason that agreement depends in the long run upon the public will to agree and upon little else. In the molding of public will, women are able to use their abilities individually as well as collectively, in whatever society they happen to be placed.

The Senate and the Air

THE word "join" never has been particularly popular with the United States Senate. Proposals to join this or that have been reluctantly considered and more often rejected than otherwise. Even joining with the House of Representatives must be accompanied by a certain degree of tentative protest. And now proposals have been made for the Senate to join a "network."

Although radiocasting has been adopted by some senators as a popular pastime, it never has been seriously considered as a group proposition. But supporters of the movement, who assert that the Senate is in the air a great deal of the time anyway, are urging a trial of the plan. While senatorial products may not be looking for a larger market, a more widespread distribution undoubtedly would serve to bring the public into a greater knowledge of the line of goods the Senate produces.

But the first step in getting the Senate "on the air" should be the selection of an official radio announcer. A theme song, too, appears to be essential to a well-regulated program. Here is an opportunity for the official announcer to offer a prize of a free season ticket in the Senate gallery for the best title to a Senate theme song, the title to consist of not more than ten words, which must be written on the back of the inside cover of a Senate calendar and mailed before a certain date "to the station to which you are listening." Such titles as "It's Log-Rolling Time in the Senate" and "Senate, Keep Away From My Doah," it is supposed, would be forbidden.

Editorial Notes

Bowling enthusiasts in Florida have discovered that grapefruit make an excellent substitute on the greens for wooden bowling balls, and several tournaments have been held. Well, many a breakfaster will testify to the uncanny aim of the grapefruit.

The Milwaukee (Wis.) Mayor's claim that his is the nation's most economically governed city brought a counter argument in favor of Boston. One wishes the officials of many other cities felt qualified to enter such claims.

The brevity of a recent dispatch from South America, telling of an airship's arrival from Germany, indicates the length of aviation's progress since columns were used to describe the first flight of that kind.

That peep-proof metal fence 9 feet high and 3½ miles long to be built around the World's Fair grounds in Chicago will be something to look at in itself.

One thing the new three-cent postage charge will mean to parents is that their sons in college will have to write home one cent sooner.

Watching the World Go By

By WILLIS J. ABBOT

Prospects for the Success of Disarmament

FRIENDS of Norman H. Davis, former Undersecretary of State, and present delegate to the Disarmament Conference, who returned to Geneva Saturday, after a brief stay in the United States, report that his personal utterances on the prospects of success at Geneva are rather more than mildly optimistic. Mr. Davis is nothing if not realistic. In his attitude toward foreign relations he was, of course, a follower of the Woodrow Wilson program, but nevertheless a patient seeker after information for his own use, and shrewd in his utilization of personal information.

I came into contact with him first in 1921 when I was a member of the round table discussing German reparations at the Williamstown Institute of Politics. Mr. Davis led the round table, and I heard then, for the first time, the note of distrust of Germany's capacity to pay, and of the expediency of the other nations receiving the great sums assessed against the German Republic. Much of the material brought out at that round table, under the skillful leadership of the New York banker and diplomat, was singularly prophetic of conditions existing today.

I understand that the chief reason for a certain amount of optimism concerning disarmament is the continuance of the widespread depression, and the consequent heavy pressure brought by the people at home upon the delegates to do something to reduce the burden of taxation for war purposes. Moreover, whatever the people of the United States may think, Europe is sincerely affrighted at the thought of another war and determined to avert it.

One suggestion which holds out a certain promise of security to such a country as France, as well as permitting heavy reductions in armament expenditures, is the prohibition of heavy mobile artillery as well as tanks. The argument is advanced that only by the fire of heavy guns can modern defenses be broken down, and that only by the advance of a column of tanks can the break in the defenders' line be carried for the entrance of infantry. Had Germany possessed no heavy movable cannon in 1914 the forts at Liége and Namur could never have been silenced, and the invasion of Belgium might have been made impossible. France is asked to accept this limitation upon the power of an assailant as a partial guarantee of security against invasion.

Nor can an army which has "dug in" be blasted out without heavy artillery and tanks following. When early in the World War the great military minds of Germany and France hit upon the idea which Lee and Grant had employed to the fullest extent in 1862, the war promised a stalemate. Perhaps some military genius may have ideas for the "next war" which were not employed in the late one. If so he may have to evade the regulations which the Disarmament Conference is now considering.

It is proposed to prohibit the construction of military aircraft in peace time, and to formulate an international agreement against the dropping of bombs from the air in time of war. The manufacture of poison gas comes under the proposal for absolute prohibition. One suggestion is that the military aircraft now in existence be turned over to the League of Nations for police service in the enforcement of its decrees.

How many and which of these suggestions shall find their way into treaties cannot yet be determined. The search is for offensive weapons first, that may be prohibited. Next they should be of such a character that no nation seeking to evade its duty under a disarmament treaty can manufacture them in secret. It is apparent that heavy mobile artillery and tanks fulfill both of these requirements. Both are used mainly for offense. Neither could be made in any considerable quantity without attracting attention and report to the League.

The cost of their manufacture is so heavy that material advantage would accrue to taxpayers if it were prohibited. And finally their disappearance from the field of armaments would give assurance of safety to nations which have fortified their frontiers against invasion, for without these powerful engines modern defensive works cannot be forced.

To my mind one of the brightest hopes for the success of the Geneva Conference is the restraint manifested by the press in reporting it. The Conference for the Limitation of Naval Armaments in 1927 was doomed by the pernicious activity of the correspondents at the outset. Every possible prophecy of failure was expressed. The views of lobbyists for armaments like Mr. Shearer were given publicity to the exclusion of the serious utterances of delegates. Rumor, speculation, evil forecasts, ridicule, the whole vocabulary of despair were all employed by correspondents eager to fill space, and to commend themselves to their home offices. But this year, whether by direction or as a result of riper experience, the correspondents are telling the news, not writing against space, and are seldom adopting the tone of pessimism. That is one of the hopeful symptoms of the day.

Books of Current Interest

And Now a Fourth Life

Hindenburg, the Man With Three Lives, by T. R. Ybarra. New York: Duffield & Green. $3.

HISTORY, according to the quaint theory of the pundits, repeats itself. So, it appears, does von Hindenburg.

"The Man With Three Lives," Mr. Ybarra calls him. Had the journalist-biographer waited some few fortnights he might have chronicled the beginning of a fourth. For Paul von Hindenburg expected that when 1932 ended his seven-year term as President of Germany, he would retire.

Retire? He had already retired three years before 1914, at the close of an active military career. The shot at Sarajevo called him back . . . Tannenberg . . . the Western Front . . . the World War.

The armistice . . . demobilization . . . again his work was done. But soon a constitution was drafted at Weimar. A new republic needed a President. Von Hindenburg entered upon his "third life" in 1925.

Yet within the past month history again met itself turning a corner. This time the Reich envisaged threats to its republican form of government; Communists descending from the left, Hitlerites charging from the right. Who could weld together the diverging parties of the center and unite the sentiment of north and south Germany? "Von Hindenburg, nocheinmal." Not retirement, but a "fourth life," commences with his virtual reëlection in March, 1932.

Of this man to whom Germany has so often appealed for leadership—one whose stature has grown both in peace and in war—Mr. Ybarra draws a sympathetic picture. Hindenburg's appeal to the masses is a part of the "Hindenburg Legend": it is a fact which Mr. Ybarra desires to have understood rather than protested. Von Hindenburg in the last days of the war failed to take advantage of a tactical situation which might have changed the complexion of events: very well, but he still was a great general. Von Hindenburg shifted his loyalties from his Emperor to a new régime: yes—and here Mr. Ybarra touches the simplicity and genius of von Hindenburg—he strove, "not to serve the Fatherland as it *was* but as it *is*."

Of necessity, Mr. Ybarra deals with the period of the war which constituted the Field Marshal's "second life." But it is unfortunate that he devotes so much time to the detailing of military maneuvers. The author is on happier ground when he depicts von Hindenburg at work upon the structure of the new Germany, strengthening the arm of ministers striving to rehabilitate the Reich. And he is happier still when he touches the character of this man with "the temper of steel and the ruggedness of rock and the strength of iron":

"'The old field marshal and various acquaintances were discussing what different persons did when they were nervous.

"'I whistle,' said Hindenburg.

"'But, Your Excellency,' objected one of those present, 'I have never known you to whistle.'

"'I never do.'"

C. E. G.

Notes From Cape Town

South Africa's Real 'Wealth'

MR. G. BERNARD SHAW has found South Africa very much to his liking. He has spent his time here surfing at Muizenberg, climbing on Table Mountain, flying at the Wynberg airdrome and motoring over the beautiful Garden Route to Knysna and the Wilderness. The real wealth of South Africa, he says, is not its gold and diamonds, but its sunshine, its scenery, its soft water and its peaches. "I should never be able to do any work here," he adds. "If I were to spend a couple of years in Cape Town my character would be fatally undermined." And yet G. B. S. has stayed longer in South Africa than he originally intended, and has promised to come back again when he has earned another holiday by a year or two's hard work in London.

Governor Supports Art

Lord Clarendon, the Governor-General, is an enthusiastic supporter of the arts. When opening the third exhibition of the South African Institute of Art, he rightly pointed out that exhibitions of this kind have an excellent effect on the cultural development of a nation. In this direction the Governor-General himself has already shown a very good example. His collection of old masters has been exhibited at Cape Town and Durban and arrangements are being made to show it in other parts of the country. His generosity in this respect is greatly appreciated as a practical way of encouraging a love of art which should lead other possessors of art treasures in the country to go and do likewise.

Galli-Curci, Traveler

Galli-Curci's tour of the Union has been eagerly awaited by music-loving people, and nowhere more than in Cape Town itself, which, for its size, is one of the most cultured cities in the world. "You laugh when I say I am surprised to be in Africa at last," said Galli-Curci to a representative of The Christian Science Monitor. "You see," she explained, "I am like a trunk. I go wherever my manager sends me. I sometimes don't even know where I'm coming from. It's here today and there tomorrow, and means but little. My career has been a succession of passports, mail steamers, Pullmans. I live in a Pullman most of my concert life in America. When people say, 'What city are you leaving for today?' I am honest when I say, 'I don't know.'"

The Gold Industry

South Africans have often lightly speculated on what would happen to the country if the gold industry failed. Now Dr. Holloway, in evidence before the Low-Grade Ore Commission, has told them. The Government's revenue, he said, would suffer to the extent of about one-half, and about half the country's population would have to find other employment. It would mean the smashing up of the whole economic system. Happily the prospects of such a thing happening are remote. Experts variously estimate the "life" of the gold mines at fifteen to fifty years.

University Of After-Dark

Every night while the rest of Cape Town plays, 5000 earnest youths spend their time studying at the great "University of After-Dark"—more familiarly known as the evening continuation schools. The principal of these in Cape Town is the Technical College, at which engineering, commercial and art students attend from all parts of the peninsula. Never before has the number of students been higher and there is a keenness among them that augurs well for the future. Today the younger generation of South Africans appears to be taking life very seriously.

Town With No Rates

It was recently claimed for Boshof in the Free State that it had the lowest municipal rate in the Union. Boshof had never paid more than 1½d in the pound. Then Wolseley put forward a challenge on the ground that since 1875 its rate had never risen above a penny; and now comes Warrington, in the diamond fields, which pays no rates at all. Warrington has all its municipal expenses, salaries and maintenance paid from alluvial diamond licenses. For the town that now wishes to outdo Warrington the only thing left is to pay its citizens an annual bonus.